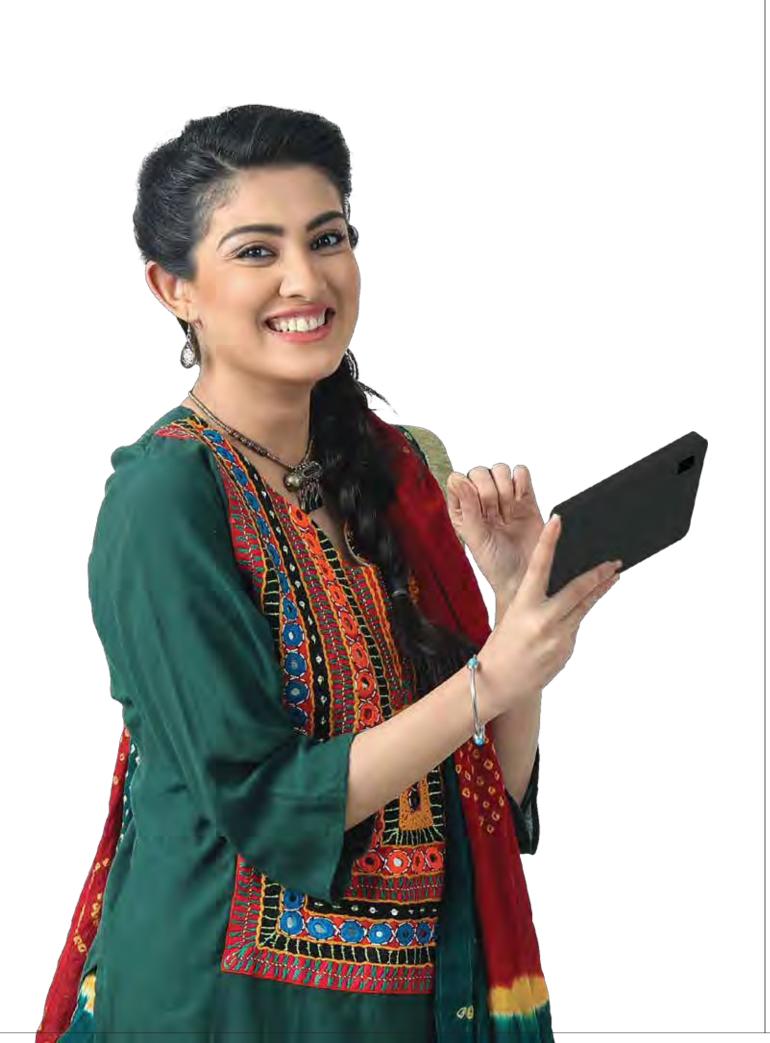




CONNECTING THE NATION SINCE **1947** 





# Connecting the Nation since 1947

Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (PTCL) is the largest integrated Information Communication Technology (ICT) company of Pakistan. With a humble start from a telephone and telegraph department in 1947, it has evolved to offer latest digital and telecommunication technologies today. With the largest fixed line network of the country, PTCL offers products and services like high speed Broadband internet, CharJi wireless internet, Smart TV (IPTV) service, over-the-top (OTT) applications like Smart Link App, Smart TV App and Touch App, and world class digital content like Netflix, iflix and icflix. PTCL's enterprise grade platforms like Smart Cloud, Tier-3 Certified Data Centers, Managed Services and Satellite Services are meeting the connectivity needs of organizations and enabling businesses to operate more efficiently. It acts as the communication backbone for the country with largest fiber cable network that spans from Khyber to Karachi and submarine cables connecting Pakistan to the world.

PTCL is proud of its 70 years heritage; connecting people of Pakistan. PTCL has always played its part in development of the country and is committed to building a prosperous and digitally connected Pakistan.

# Contents

# 01 COMPANY REVIEW

Corporate Vision, Mission & Core Values	6-7
Board of Directors	10-11
Corporate Information	12-13
The Management	16-17
Operating & Financial Highlights	18-23
Group CEO's Message	26-27
گروپ سی ای او کا پیغام	28-29
Directors' Report	32-47
مالیاتی جائزہ اور دیگر اہم امور برائے 2016	48-49
Composition of Board's Sub-Committees	50
Attendance of PTCL Board Members	51
Statement of Compliance with CCG	54-56
Auditors' Review Report to the Members	57

# 02 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditors' Report to the Members	63
Statement of Financial Position	64-65
Statement of Profit and Loss	66
Statement of Comprehensive Income	67
Statement of Cash Flows	68
Statement of Changes in Equity	69
Notes to and forming part of	70-113
the Financial Statements	

# 03 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditors' Report to the Members	117
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	118-119
Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	120
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	121
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	122
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	123
Notes to and forming part of	124-181
the Consolidated Financial Statements	

### 04 ANNEXES

Pattern of Shareholding	185-190
Notice of 22 <sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting	191-194
Statement under Section 160 1(b) of The	195
Companies Ordinance, 1984	
Form of Proxy	197
پراکی فارم	199



## Corporate Vision

To be the leading and most admired Telecom and ICT provider in and for Pakistan.

## Mission

To be the partner of choice for our customers, to develop our people and to deliver value to our shareholders.

## Core Values

Professional Integrity
Teamwork
Customer Satisfaction
Loyalty to the Company



# Landline

### Reliable and crystal clear voice quality

PTCL's landline serves as the country's pioneer voice telephony service. When all other networks are down, your PTCL landline still connects you to your loved ones. To date, PTCL's crystal clear voice quality is second to none.

## Board of Directors

Khalifa Al Shamsi Member PTCL Board Hesham Al Qassim
Member PTCL Board

**Serkan Okandan**Member PTCL Board



Mudassar Hussain Member PTCL Board

Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera Member PTCL Board Rizwan Bashir Khan Chairman PTCL Board Hatem Dowidar Member PTCL Board



Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani Member PTCL Board

**Tariq Bajwa**Member PTCL Board

**Dr. Daniel Ritz**President &
Chief Executive Officer

## Corporate Information

#### **Management**

Dr. Daniel Ritz

President & Chief Executive Officer

Taimur Qadar Khattak

Acting CFO (Chief Financial Officer)

**Syed Mazhar Hussain** 

CHRO (Chief Human Resource Officer)

Mogeem UI Hague

CSO (Chief Strategy Officer)

Sikandar Nagi

CBDO (Chief Business Development Officer)

Adnan Shahid

CCO (Chief Commercial Officer)

Kamal Ahmed

CDSO (Chief Digital Services Officer)

Saad Muzaffar Waraich

CTIO (Chief Technology and Information Officer)

Jahanzeb Taj

CBOO (Chief Business Operations Officer)

Muhammad Shehzad Yousuf

CIA (Chief Internal Auditor)

Company Secretary

Saima Akbar Khattak

Legal Advisor

Zahida Awan

Executive Vice President (Legal)

#### **Bankers**

#### Conventional

Allied Bank Limited

Askari Bank Limited

Bank Alfalah Limited

Bank Al Habib Limited

The Bank of Punjab

Citibank N.A. - Pakistan

Faysal Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

JS Bank Limited

Khushhali Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

NIB Bank Limited

Soneri Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Tameer Micro Finance Bank Limited

The Bank of Khyber

U Microfinance Bank Limited

United Bank Limited

#### Islamic

Meezan Bank Limited

#### Registered Office

PTCL Headquarters,

Block-E, Sector G-8/4,

Islamabad-44000, Pakistan.

Fax: +92-51-2263733

E-mail: company.secretary@ptcl.net.pk

Web: www.ptcl.com.pk

#### Share Registrar

FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahra-e-Faisal,

Karachi

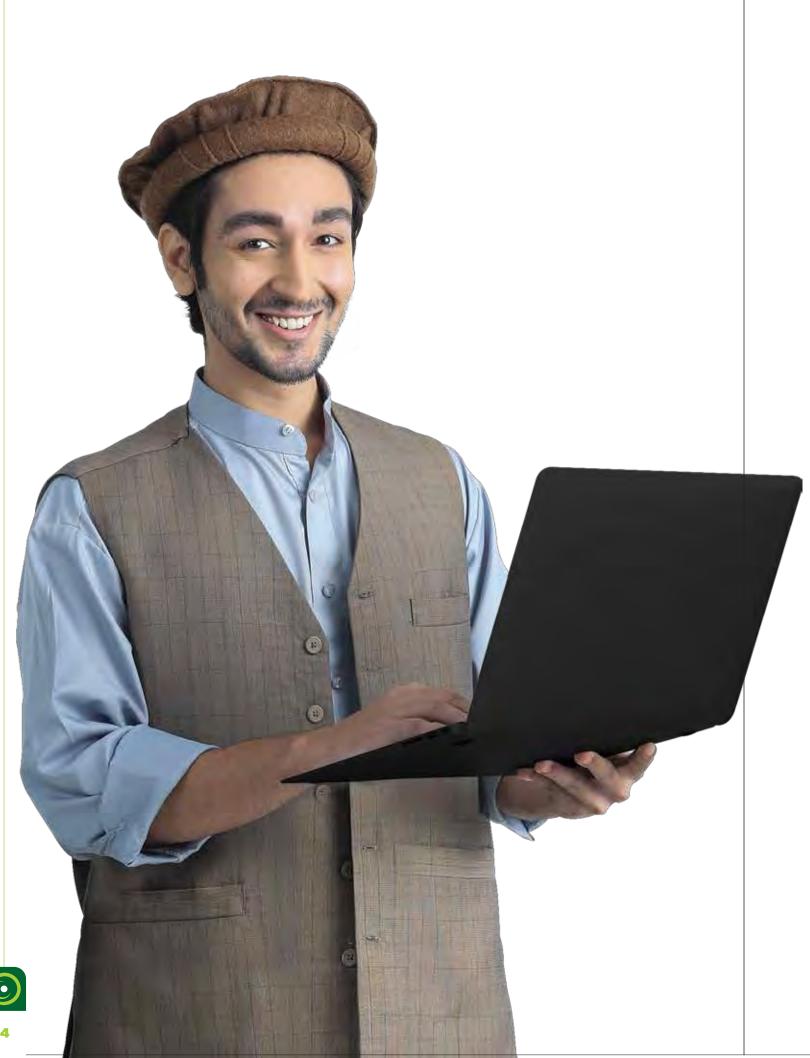
Tel: 021-34380101-2 Fax: 021-34380106

E-mail: info.shares@famco.com.pk

#### Auditors

Deloitte Yousuf Adil **Chartered Accountants** 





# Broadband

### High speed internet across Pakistan

PTCL Broadband is the primary source of internet connectivity for households, businesses, public sector organizations and educational institutions in more than 2,000 towns and cities. The company also remains the only operator in Pakistan to offer high-speed fixed broadband, ranging from 8Mbps to 100Mbps.

## The Management Team



#### **Sikandar Naqi**

Chief Business
Development Officer



Taimur Qadar Khattak Acting Chief Financial Officer

Moqeem UI Haque Chief Strategy Officer

**Kamal Ahmed**Chief Digital Services Officer

# **Dr. Daniel Ritz**President & Chief Executive Officer

#### Muhammad Shehzad Yousuf Chief Internal Auditor

#### **Saad Muzaffar Waraich**

Chief Technology and Information Officer



Adnan Shahid
Chief Commercial Officer

Jahanzeb Taj
Chief Business
Operations Officer



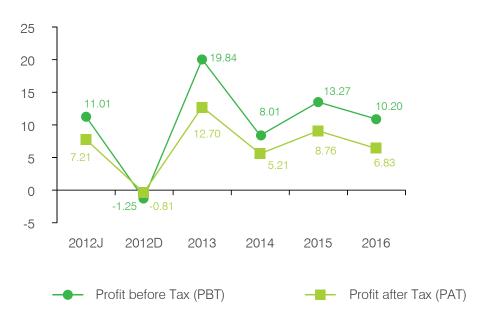
## Operating and Financial Highlights

Year ended Dec 31 / June 30		Year ended Dec 31, 2016	Year ended Dec 31, 2015	Year ended Dec 31, 2014	Year ended Dec 31, 2013	Six months ended Dec 31, 2012	Year ended June 30, 2012
Key Indicators							
Operating							
Operating profit margin	%	12.83	11.45	15.56	19.70	18.86	8.15
Net profit margin	%	9.57	11.56	6.39	15.66	(2.18)	12.01
Performance							
Fixed assets turnover	Times	0.82	0.87	0.99	1.06	0.49	0.80
Debtors' turnover	Times	5.01	5.04	4.75	4.77	3.06	6.69
Return on equity	%	8.08	9.82	5.40	12.85	(0.81)	7.19
Return on capital employed	%	7.51	6.66	9.32	11.69	5.29	3.92
Retention	%	25.38	(16.44)	(144.84)	19.66	100.00	100.00
Leverage							
Debt Equity	Ratio	28:72	32:68	30:70	28:72	28:72	21:79
Debt ratio	%	51.28	49.01	47.20	42.49	39.33	30.87
Liquidity							
Current	Times	1.23	1.55	1.57	1.94	2.05	2.30
Quick	Times	1.19	1.49	1.51	1.85	1.95	2.16
Valuation							
Earnings per share	Rs	1.34	1.72	1.02	2.49	(0.16)	1.41
Breakup value per share	Rs	16.28	16.91	18.07	19.78	18.97	20.07
Dividend payout ratio	%	74.62	116.44	244.84	80.34	-	-
Price earnings ratio	Times	12.82	9.60	22.55	11.42	(109.52)	9.68
Market price to breakup value	Times	1.06	0.98	1.27	1.44	0.91	0.68
Dividend per share	Rs	1.00	2.00	2.50	2.00	<del>-</del>	_
Dividend yield	%	5.82	12.13	10.86	7.03	-	_
Dividend cover ratio	Times	1.34	0.86	0.41	1.24	-	-
Market value per share (as on Dec 31 & June 30)		17.18	16.49	23.03	28.44	17.35	13.69
Historical Trends							
Operating Results	Do (m)	71 400	75 750	01 510	01.061	27.022	60.000
Revenue	Rs (m)	71,420	75,752	81,513	81,061	37,033	60,038
Profit / (loss) before tax	Rs (m)	10,201	13,272	8,012	19,838	(1,255)	11,006
Profit / (loss) after tax Dividend	Rs (m) Rs (m)	6,835 5,100	8,760 10,200	5,207 12,750	12,696 10,200	(808)	7,212
.—.—.—.—.—.—				12,730			
Financial Position	D . ()	54.000	54 000	54.000	E4 000	E4 000	E4 000
Share capital	Rs (m)	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000
Reserves	Rs (m)	32,013	35,218	40,815	49,782	45,677	51,312
Shareholders' equity	Rs (m)	83,013	86,218	92,144	100,872	96,729	102,375
EBITDA	Rs (m)	22,873	23,073	26,000	28,311	12,950	16,840
Working capital	Rs (m)	13,685	25,778	25,280	36,335	29,067	26,811
Current assets	Rs (m)	72,828	72,592	69,625	74,918	56,688	47,359
Total assets	Rs (m)	180,109	180,378	179,574	181,908	164,185	156,949
Non current liabilities	Rs (m)	37,953	47,345	43,085	42,453 	39,835	34,025
Operational*							
	No (000)	3,421	4,119	4,323	4,014	4,035	4,144
Average ALIS per employee	No	207	229	196	184	165	153

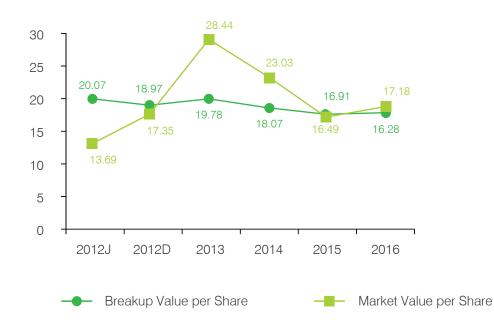


# Operating & Financial Highlights Graphical Presentation

#### PROFIT BEFORE TAX AND PROFIT AFTER TAX (RUPEES IN BILLION)



#### **BREAKUP VALUE VS MARKET VALUE** (RUPEES)



# Operating & Financial Highlights Graphical Presentation

#### **DIVIDEND PAYOUT PER SHARE (RUPEES)**



#### **RETURN ON OPERATING ASSETS & EQUITY (PERCENTAGE)**



# Operating & Financial Highlights Graphical Presentation

#### **REVENUE AND TRADE DEBTS** (RUPEES IN BILLION)

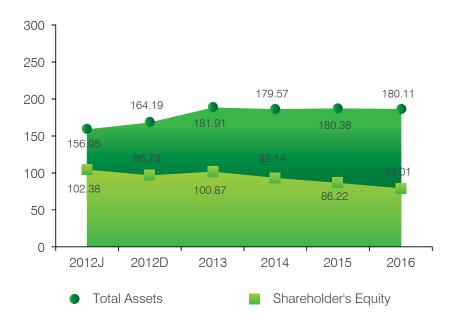


#### **CURRENT ASSETS & CURRENT LIABILITIES** (RUPEES IN BILLION)



# Operating & Financial Highlights Graphical Presentation

#### TOTAL ASSETS VS SHARE HOLDERS' EQUITY (RUPEES IN BILLION)



#### CAPACITY: INSTALLED VS IN SERVICE (NUMBERS IN THOUSAND)





# Smart TV

### Spreading the colours of life

PTCL Smart TV is Pakistan's pioneer IPTV service, offering customers high quality television with a range of exciting features. Watch 100+ live TV channels, 100's of movies, dramas, kids' content with pause and rewind features.

## Group CEO's Message

With the growth and stability in the country's economy, Pakistan's telecom sector steadfastly took strides in 2016 to expand the ICT services to larger parts of the population. Overall tele-density increased to 71% of which the cellular mobile density was 69%. The mobile broadband penetration increased substantially with doubling of 3G/4G users to over 29 million in a year's time with the coverage of 3G services available to more than 46% of the population. The Government auctioned an additional 4G license during the year. Consolidation drive was also witnessed in the form of merger of two mobile operators. PTCL Group adopted needed strategic measures in 2016 to remain in the forefront of these exciting developments with the aim to further consolidate its position as the leading telecom operator of the country using its vast technical and IT networks and human capital capabilities to serve the nation by constantly bringing in the superior yet cost-effective telecom services based upon latest technologies.

In line with the contemporary needs of higher speeds with increased volumes for the broadband internet users, PTCL is transforming its wireline broadband network with increased fiberization. Based upon the successful results of a pilot project whereby the complete access and allied networks were re-engineered to enable provision of un-parallel speeds, efforts are underway to transform our top 100 exchanges on similar basis until 2018. We also engaged 3<sup>rd</sup> party experts to comprehensively audit our networks with the aim to augment them with latest technologies in a synergized manner - essential to provide top-quality services to our esteemed customers vis-a-vis the competition. We are constantly increasing our IP network capacities to meet the ever-increasing demand of internet bandwidth needed by our diversified customer base. For this purpose, our fourth submarine cables viz. Asia-Africa-Europe-1 (AAE1) is expected to be operational in 2017.

Similarly, for the wireless services of PTCL Group, measures of network optimization were duly implemented. PTCL and Ufone both re-farmed the respective spectrums in line with the regulatory requirements. As a result, capacity of Ufone spectrum almost doubled, considerably strengthening its competitive position. Ufone further extended its presence in far-flung areas of Baluchistan based upon related USF projects won during 2016. Technical synergies between PTCL and Ufone were enhanced through trial runs of the

"In the year 2017, Pakistan and PTCL will together cross the important milestone of completing 70 years of their life which both started hand-in-hand in 1947. Over this long journey, in one form or the other, PTCL remained committed to meet the ICT needs of the nation."



respective wireless services on single BTS through combined radio access network architecture.

PTCL's Smart TV service provides quality entertainment and information contents to its audience. Through collaborative arrangements with world-renowned content providers such as Netflix, Icflix and Iflix in 2016, PTCL is making available a vast array of international and regional contents to its viewership to suit the tastes of various age and cultural groups throughout Pakistan.

For the enterprise segment, we further augmented our Cloud-based service portfolio by adding laaS (Infrastructure as a Service) along with new products like smart radios and hosting services. PTCL also partnered with international ICT turnkey hardware manufacturers and suppliers to ensure we remain in the forefront of availability of latest technical solutions and products for the enterprise customers.

Towards the customer facilitation, we revamped 50 One Stop Shops (OSS) - the main touchpoint for the customers - encompassing building renovation, ambiance enhancement, staff training and processes reengineering. In synergy with Ufone, an additional 29 PTCL OSS, serving customers of both the companies, were similarly rehabilitated. Through various newly introduced IT-based solutions and process improvements, customer contact with PTCL was made simpler, speedier and more effective to address the customer needs on priority.

Appreciatively recognizing the employees contribution in success of PTCL Group, various interventions, trainings and capacity building measures were resorted to with the aim not only to harness the full potential of our valuable workforce in a befitting rewarding manner but also to build-up a strong succession talent and leadership hierarchy, capable of meeting the business challenges effectively in times to come.

To align the resources with the current needs, PTCL implemented a Voluntary Separation Scheme (VSS) for those employees whose skill sets lagged behind the contemporary requirements. The VSS packages were carefully designed on humanitarian grounds to amply compensate the optees in pre and post retirement periods to ensure a respectable departure. As a result, over 1800 employees opted for the scheme which cost PTCL Rs 4.6 billion, accounted for in 2016 financial results.

The overall financial results for 2016 were a witness to the financial strength of PTCL Group companies as, excluding the one-time exceptional VSS cost, profitability of PTCL and PTCL Group both increased over last year. Ufone performed well during the year with increase in revenues coming from enhanced broadband services and significant reduction in losses due to revenue growth and effective cost optimization measures. Performance of Ubank, providing microfinance and branchless banking services, was also stellar as not only the business volumes increased many-fold but the annual revenues and profitability also appreciably increased.

In the year 2017, Pakistan and PTCL will together cross the important milestone of completing 70 years of their life which both started hand-in-hand in 1947. Over this long journey, in one form or the other, PTCL remained committed to meet the ICT needs of the nation. Always embracing the constant change in technological landscape, PTCL remained in the forefront throughout this period to provide Pakistan with latest telecom products and services, commensurate with the needs of generations of its customers at affordable prices. I really feel honored and proud to be associated with such a foundation institution i.e. PTCL at this vital juncture of its history whereby the zeitgeist provides us with historic opportunities to help transform Pakistan into a true digital society encompassing all its strata thus ushering in the economic prosperity and stability. We are already witnessing the welcome change in the form of indicators like CPEC which is expected to boost the economy and also to be a possible catalyst for further expansion of telecom industry in Pakistan. PTCL Group remains fully cognizant of this changing landscape and will adopt all appropriate timely measures to reap the benefits of the coming opportunities thus increasing value for its customers, employees and shareholders.

At the end, it is a pleasure to extend my sincere thanks and gratitude to all those who contributed in the success of PTCL Group in 2016 viz. our customers for their continued patronage and loyalty to our services, our shareholders for their continuous support and our employees whose hard work and relentless service formed the basis of the success achieved. I would also like to extend my special thanks to all the regulatory bodies and policy makers whose vision and guidance is in fact the foundation for the sustained growth of ICT and telecom industry in Pakistan.

Dr. Daniel Ritz

President & Chief Executive Officer

Islamabad: February 08, 2017.

## گروپ سی ای او کا پیغام

ملکی معیشت میں استحکام اور ترقی کے ساتھ ساتھ پاکتان کے ٹیلی کام سیٹر نے بھی آبادی کے ایک بڑے حصے تک ۱CT سروسز کا دائر ہ کار بڑھا نے کیلئے 2016 میں جر پورا قد امات کئے ۔ بحیثیت مجموعی ٹیلی Density فیصد تک بڑھی جس میں سے 69 فیصد سیار موبائل براڈ بینڈ کے استعمال میں خاطرخواہ اضافہ ہوا 3G/4G استعمال کر نیوالوں کی تعداد سالاند دکئے اضافے کیساتھ 29 ملین تک پہنچ گئی جب کہ 46 فیصد آبادی کو 36 سروسز کی کورتے دستیاب ہوئی حکومت نے سال کے دوران ایک اضافی 4G لگستا بہوئی ۔ کومت نے سال کے دوران ایک دوسرے میں ضم بھی میل کے دوران ایک دوسرے میں ضم بھی ہوئے۔ پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ نے سال 2016 میں ہونیوالی ان دلچپ ڈوپسمٹنس میں پیش پیش رہنے کیلئے ضروری سڑ بیٹیک ہوئے۔ پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ نے سال 2016 میں ہونیوالی ان دلچپ ڈوپسمٹنس میں پیش پیش دہنے کیلئے ضروری سرٹی ہوئے۔ اقدامات کیے تاکہ ملک کے سب سے بڑے ٹیلی کام آپر پڑ کے طور پر اسکی اہمیت اپنی جگہ پر قائم رہے اور اپنے وسیع توکیکی اور مربو جدید پڑ ہے ٹیلی کام آپر پڑ کے طور پر اسکی اہمیت اپنی جگہ پر قائم رہے اور اپنے وسیع توکیکی اور مربو جوجد پر ٹیکنا لوجیز مربوز کی کام آپر پڑ کے طور پر اسکی اور کم قیمت ٹیلی کام سروسز جوجد پر ٹیکنا لوجیز کرک اور افرادی صلاحیتوں سے قوم کی خدمت کرتے ہوئے اپنی گونا گوں اعلی اور کم قیمت ٹیلی کام سروسز جوجد پر ٹیکنا لوجیز پر کے طور پر کومت عادوں کی کومت کی کام سروسز جوجد پر ٹیکنا کو جیز پر کی کومت کومت کروا تار ہا۔

براڈ بینڈ انٹرنیٹ استعمال کرنے والوں کی دور حاضر میں ہائی سپیڈ اور زیادہ والیم کی ضروریات کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے پی ٹی سی ایل اپنے وائر لائن براڈ بینڈ نیٹ ورک کی Fiberization کو بڑھاتے ہوئے ہیئت تبدیل کر ہا ہے۔ پائلٹ پراجیکٹ کے کامیاب نتائج کی بدیاد پرجمکی بدولت ہما محمکن بنائی گئی امریاب نتائج کی بدیاد پرجمکی بدولت ہما مکن بنائی گئی اور سال 2018 تک 100 بڑی آئے بیٹے خور کو انہی خطوط پر استوار کر کے تبدیل کرنے کی کو مستثیں جاری ہیں۔ ہم نے اپنے نیٹ ورک کے جامع آؤٹ کی کو مستثیں جاری ہیں۔ ہم نے اپنے نیٹ ورک کے جامع آؤٹ کے لئے تھر ڈیارٹی ماہرین کی خدمات حاصل کیں تاکہ ہمارے نیٹ ورک جدید ٹیکنالو جیز سے ہم آہنگ ورک کے جامع آؤٹ کے لئے تھر ڈیارٹی ماہرین کی خدمات حاصل کیں تاکہ ہمارے نیٹ ورک جدید ٹیکنالو جیز سے ہم آہنگ رہیں جو کہ ہمارے معزز خارفین کو مہائتیں سے بہترا علی ترمعیار کی سروسز لگا تارفراہم کرنے کیلئے از حدضر وری ہے۔ اپنے مختلف رانواع کسٹمرز کی انٹرنیٹ بدیڈوڈ تھ کی طلب میں مسلسل بڑھتے ہوئے اضافے کو پورا کرنے کیلئے ہم اپنے ۱۳ نیٹ ورک کی گئے آثش میں مسلسل اضافہ کررہے ہیں۔ اس مقصد کیلئے ہماری چوتھی سب میرین کیبل کا میں میں آپریش ہونامتو تع ہے۔

اسی طرح پی ٹی سی ایل کی وائرلیس سروسز کیلئے نیٹ ورک کی کارکرد گی میں اضافے پر بھی عملدرآمد شروع ہوگیا ہے۔ قانونی ضروریات کے پیش نظر پی ٹی سی ایل اور یوفون نے متعلقہ سیکڑوریفارم کیا ہے۔ جمکے نتیجے میں یوفون سیبیکڑم تقریباً دگنا ہوگیا ہے اور اسکی ممالفتاً پوزیش متحکم ہوئی ہے۔ یوفون نے بلوچتان کے دور دراز علاقوں میں اپنی موجود گی کا دائرہ وسیع کمیا ہے۔ جمکی بنیاد 2016 میں جلتے گئے متعلقہ USF پر اجیکٹس میں۔ پی ٹی سی ایل اور یوفون کے مابین سیکنی تعاون کو بھی بڑھایا گیا جس کے لیم متعلقہ وائرلیس سروسر کوسٹل BTS پر مشتر کہ ریڈیو Access نیٹ ورک آرمیٹر کیجے کے ذریعے آزمائشی طور پر چلایا گیا۔

سال 2017 میں پاکستان اور پی ٹی سی ایل اپنے اس سفر کے 70 سال مکمل کرنے کے اہم سنگ میل کو عبور کریں گے جود ونوں نے 1947 میں ساتھ ساتھ شروع کیا تھا۔ اس طویل سفر میں پی ٹی سی ایل کسی نہ کسی شکل میں قوم کی ICT ضروریات پوری کرنے کے لیے پرعزم رہا ہے۔

پی ٹی سی ایل سمارٹ ٹی وی سروسز اپنے ناظرین کو معیاری تفریخی اور معلو ماتی مواد فراہم کر رہی ہے اور دنیا کے مشہور اسی طرح کا مواد فراہم کر نیوالے اداروں جیسے کہ کررہی ہے اور دنیا کے مشہور اسی طرح کا مواد فراہم کر نیوالے اداروں جیسے کہ ایل اپنے ناظرین کیلئے جن الآقاف پاکستان کے ختلف علاقوں سے ہے اوران میں ہر عمر اور ثقافت سے تعلق رکھنے جن کا حل میں میں کی دیجی کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے بین الاقوامی اور علاقائی مواد کا وسطح ذنیرہ فراہم کررہا ہے۔

انٹر پرائز سیکٹر کے لیے ہم نے کلاؤ ڈیبیڈ سروس پورٹ فولیوکو مزید بہتر بناتے ہوئے (laas)انفراسٹر کیرکو بطورسروس کے ساتھ ساتھ سمارٹ ریڈ پوسروس اور ہوسکنگ سروس کو بھی شامل کیا ہے۔ پی ٹی سی ایل نے انٹریشش آئی سی ٹی ٹرن کی ہار ڈویئر مینوفینچررز اور سیلائزز کے ساتھ بھی پارٹیز شپ کی ہے تا کہ ہم اپنے انٹر پر ائز کٹمرز کو جدید شیکنیکل سیوشنز اور پراؤ کٹ کی فراہمی میں سب سے آگے رہیں۔

کسٹمرز کی سہولیات کو پیش نظرر کھتے ہوئے 50 ون طاپ شاپس کو بہتر بنایا گیاہے جو کہ کسٹمرز کی سہولیات کو پہتر بنایا گیاہے جو کہ کسٹمرز کے لیے مرکزی کی گیا آئٹ ہے۔ اس بہتری میں عمارت کی تزئین و آرائش، ما حول کو بہتر بنانا، طاف کی تربیت اور پر اسیسز کی ری انجیئرنگ شامل ہے۔ یو فون کے تعاون سے اضافی 29 پی ٹی سی ایل ون طاپ شاپس جو دونوں کم پینیوں کے کسٹمرز کو خدمات فراہم کررہے ہیں کو بھی بحال کیا گیا۔ مختلف نئی آئی ٹی پر شتمل سیوشنز اور عوامل کو متعارف کروا کر کسٹمرز کے لیے پی ٹی سی ایل سے رابطے کو مزید آسان، تیز اور موثر بنایا گیا تا کہ کسٹمرز کی ضروریات کو ترجیحی بنیادوں پر یورا کیا جاسکے۔

پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کی کامیا بی میں ملاز مین کے قابل تعریف کردار کولسیم کرتے ہوئے ختصاف النواع تربیتی اور پیشدواراند صلاحیتوں کو مزید بہتر بنانے کے اقد امات کئے گئے جن کامقسد ندصر ف اپنے قابل قد رملاز مین کی فورس کی صلاحیتوں کو پوری طرح سے بروئے کار لاتے ہوئے ان کے موزوں فوائد کے لئے اقد امات کرنا بلکہ منتقبل کے لیے الیسے ٹیلینٹ اورلیڈرشپ کو بھی وجود میں لانا ہے جو آنے والے دنوں میں کاروباری چینجو کامقابلہ کرنے کی بھر پور صلاحیت رکھتے ہوں۔

موجود ہ وسائل کو حالیہ ضرور یات سے منظبی کرنے کے لیے پی ٹی سی ایل نے رضا کارانہ علیحد گی کی سیم (VSS) ان ملاز مین کے لیے متعارف کروائی جن کی پیشہ وارانہ صلاعیتیں دور حاضر کے نقاضوں سے ہم آہنگ نہیں تھیں (VSS) پیلیجز نہایت احتیاط سے انسانی اخلاقیات کے مدنظراس طرح مرتب کئے گئے تا کہ اس سیم سے ستفادہ کرنے والے افراد کوریٹائر منٹ سے پہلے اور بعد میں بھی نہ صرف معتد بہ مالی فائدہ ہو بلکہ ساتھ ہی انہیں باعرت طور پر الوداع بھی کیا جاسکے۔ اس سیم کے نتیجے میں 1800 ملاز مین سے زائد نے اس سیم سے استفادہ اٹھایا جس کی لاگت 4.6 بلین روپے آئی جوسال 2016 کے مالی فائد میں شامل ہے۔

بحیثیت مجموعی پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ ٹینیز کے مالی نتائج اس کی بہتر اور متحکم مالی پوزیشن کی عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔ غیر معمولی VSS پر آنے والی انفرادی لاگت کے بغیر

پی ٹی سی ایل اور پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ دونوں کے منافع میں پچھلے سال کی نبیت اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ یوفون نے بھی پچھلے سال کے دوران اضافی آمدنی کے ساتھ جو وسیع تر براڈ بینڈ سروسز کی بدولت ہوئی بہتر کارکر دگی کامظاہرہ کیا جو کہ نقصانات میں واضح کمی، اضافی ریو نیو اورموثر کفایتی اخراجات کی بدولت ممکن رہی۔

یو بینک کی کارکردگی ، مائیکروفنانسک اور برانچ کیس مبیئنگ سروسز کی فراہمی کی بدولت بہت بہتر رہی۔ منصرف کارو بار کا مجم کئی گنا بڑھا بلکہ سالاندر یو نیو اور منافع میں بھی قابل قدر مدتک اضافہ ہوا۔

سال 2017 میں پاکتان اور پی ٹی سی ایل اسپناس سفر کے 70 سال ممکل کرنے کے اہم منگ میل کو عبور کریں گے جودونوں نے 1947 میں ساتھ ساتھ شروع محیا تھا۔
اس طویل سفر میں پی ٹی سی ایل کسی دکمی شکل میں قوم کی ICT ضروریات پوری کرنے کے لیے پرعوم رہا ہے۔ ٹیکنالو ہی کی دنیا میں ہونے والی مسلسل تبدیلیوں کو اختیار کرتے ہوئے لی ٹی سی ایل اس تمام عرصے میں پاکتان کو جدید ترین ٹیلی کام پروڈکٹس اور سروسرفراہم کرنے میں پیش پیش رہااور اس طرح اپنے کسٹرز کی کئی نسلوں کی ضروریات کو مناسب قیمتوں پر پورا کرتارہا۔ میں حقیقی طور پرفخراورعورت محوس کرتا ہوں کہ میراتعلق اس بنیادی ادار سے یعنی پی ٹی سی ایل سے ہے جو اپنی تاریخ کے اہم موٹر پر جب کہ روح تمریمیں تاریخ کی مواقع میسر کررہی ہے کہ ہم پاکتان کو ایک ایسی حقیقی ڈ بجبیل سوسائٹی میں بنیادی ادار سے بھر پوری طور پر دیکھ رہے ہیں جس کی بدولت منصوب پاکتان کو ایک اسی حقیقی ڈ بجبیل سوسائٹی میں معیشت میں بہتری آئے گی بلکہ یہ منصوبہ پاکتان میں ٹیلی کام انڈسٹری کی مزیدوست کا ذریعہ بھی بہنے گا۔ پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ اس تبدیل ہوتی صورتحال سے پوری طرح آگاہ ذریعہ بھی بہنے گئی گی ما ایڈ سام مناسب اقدامات اٹھانے کو تیار ہے تا کہ ان مواقع سے بھر پور فائدہ اٹھا کراسیے کسٹرز رہ ملاز مین اور شیر ہولڈرز کی ویلیو میں اضافہ کر سکے۔

آخر میں، میں ان تمام افراد کا تہد دل سے شکر گزار ہوں جنہوں نے سال 2016 کے دوران پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کی کامیابی میں اپنا کر دار ادا کیا بیعتی ہمارے معزز کوشرز جنہوں نے ہماری سروسز پر اپنا بھروسہ برقرار رکھا، ہمارے ثیئر ہولڈرز جن کی مملس سرپرستی ہمارے ساتھ رہی اور ہمارے ملاز مین جن کی شب وروز انتقک محنت کی بدولت ہم یہ کامیابی کی منزل حاصل کرنے کے قابل ہوئے ۔ میں ریگولیٹری اداروں اور پالیسی بنانے والوں کا بھی تہد دل سے مشکور ہوں جن کی راہنمائی اوروژن دراسل پاکتان میں مناکد کیا کامائڈسٹری کی مشخم ترتی کی بنیاد ہے۔

DOS

ڈاکٹر ڈینٹیئل رٹز صدرو چیف ایگزیکٹیو آفیسر

اسلام آباد - 8 فروری 2017





# CharJi

# Experience the thrill of ultra high speed internet

Connect to your online world in seconds with CharJi EVO, PTCL's next generation wireless broadband. Enjoy faster downloads, instant uploads, uninterrupted movie streaming and real time gaming like never before.

## Directors' Report

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (PTCL), we are pleased to present the annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 together with the auditors' report thereon.

Cognizant of the contemporary challenges of formidable competition in the realm of broadband data services from the cellular operators through 3G / 4G services, your Company is proactively meeting such challenges by taking timely actions on all operational and business fronts. The access network capabilities of wireline broadband services are enhanced to provide the customers with unparalleled speeds and volumes; fiber foot print is extended not only for PTCL's own use but is also encompassing expansion of other carriers' networks; newer and cost-effective products and services based upon latest technologies commensurate with customers' needs are launched and effective, technology-based measures to improve subscribers' experience are being implemented.

A brief overview of the Company's performance during the year is presented in the succeeding paragraphs.

### **Industry Outlook**

In the year 2016, Pakistan economy continued to grow based upon stable oil prices, growth in workers' remittances and continued flows from international financial institutions. Consequently, in the FY 2015-16, the overall GDP growth stood at 4.7% - highest in the last eight years, mainly contributed by over-the-target growth on industrial and services sectors which grew by 6.8% and 5.7% respectively. The stable PKR parity with the US Dollar helped in keeping the CPI inflation under control which increased by 2.8% during first nine months of the FY 2015-16 over same period last year. China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) is fast becoming a major growth driver for infrastructure, energy, transport and services sectors.

As demand for data connectivity and higher speeds continues to surge, Pakistan telecom sector maintained a strong position in the country's economy and industry revenues increased in 2016. Cellular operators and fixed line service providers were major contributors to telecom services revenues. Pakistan's tele-density in December 2016 was 71.46% dominated by cellular mobile density at 69.80%. Compared to mobile broadband, the fixed broadband penetration in the country remained low. Number of 3G/4G subscribers in Pakistan increased to 38.6 million in 2016 indicating a strong growth potential in the broadband market space in Pakistan. The dynamics of intensely competitive telecom industry paved way for extraordinary business approaches by telecom operators, which included consolidation and aggressive price offerings.

Mobilink completed acquisition of Warid Telecom in 2016 with the combined entity having more than 50 million subscribers.

To meet the increasing demand for data services, PTCL undertook major initiatives to transform its wireline and wireless services. In the wireline business PTCL is upgrading its top 100 exchanges in the country and over next two years, every line in these top exchanges will be able to enjoy download speed of 20Mbps. PTCL is also deploying Fiber to the Home in high value pockets of top metropolitan areas. PTCL EVO fixed wireless network is a valued extension of our fixed network and our focus is to continue to strive for a better quality of service for our valued customers. PTCL's cellular mobile subsidiary Ufone turned around its business with increased Data revenue and reduced financial and selling & marketing cost thus significantly increasing its operational profitability on a year-on-year comparison.

Customer experience enhancement remained a key priority for PTCL throughout the year. PTCL One-Stop Shops are the main customer touchpoint, where thousands of customers walk in for getting new connections, paying their bills and registering complaints. PTCL undertook revamping of 50 such shops across Pakistan with clear focus on building renovation, staff training and ambience improvement to ensure provision of quality customer experience.

Pakistan ranks high on the list of heavily taxed telecom industries in the world whereby taxes are also imposed on use of broadband services as well as

revenues from international incoming calls. These taxes are collected at Federal and Provincial levels both. The taxes on telecom services account for about one third of the total service cost to consumers. Accordingly, the increasing tax burden on telecom has become a cause of serious concern for consumers, operators and shareholders.

Telecom segment remained on the forefront to provide Mobile Financial Services (MFS) on mobile handsets to the unbanked population across the country. Both the size of e-wallets and the number of transactions are increasing, indicating a boost to the digital economy of Pakistan through ICT solutions. Ubank, PTCL Group's mobile financial services company, continues to focus on working across multiple open platforms to provide integrated payment solutions for digital consumers.

#### **Financial Performance**

Financial Performance of your Company remained stable during 2016. Due to the continuous cost optimization measures, the profitability during the year remained sound in spite of the reduced revenues as well as exceptional cost incurred on VSS. The cash-based funds of PTCL Group in the form of short-term investments and cash and bank balances increased by 25% over 2015.

#### **Profitability**

Operating profits of PTCL Group at Rs 6.1 billion for the year increased by 53% over last year mainly due to effective cost optimization measures resulting in 3% annual reduction in operating expenses of PTCL Group. The operating profitability of PTCL for the year also increased by 6% based upon 7% reduction in the operating expenses.

Reported net profit after tax of PTCL Group for the year decreased by 13% over last year whereas PTCL's profitability reduced by 22%. The main reason for the reduction was the cost of Rs 4.6 billion on account of a Voluntary Separation Scheme (VSS) implemented during 2016. Excluding the impact of this extraordinary one-time VSS cost, the net profitability of PTCL Group and PTCL for 2016 would have increased by 152% and 13% respectively over 2015.

PTCL's earnings per share (EPS) for the year was Rs 1.34 whereas for PTCL Group the EPS was Rs 0.32.

#### **Revenues**

During the year, PTCL Group revenues were at Rs 117.2 billion with 1% reduction over 2015. PTCL's revenues of Rs 71.4 billion for the year registered 6% decrease compared to last year mainly on account of decline in Voice as well as EVO revenues. However, revenues from Wireline Broadband including Content and Multimedia increased over last year.

#### **Operating Costs**

Based upon effective cost optimization measures in place during the year, the total operating cost for PTCL decreased by 7% compared to previous year. On similar basis, the decrease in PTCL Group's operating expenses was 3% per annum as well. Of the PTCL operating expenses, the cost of services of Rs 50.4 billion decreased by 6%, administrative and general expenses of Rs 8.8 billion decreased by 10% and selling and marketing expenses of Rs 3.1 billion, were reduced by 11% as compared to last year. Salaries, allowances and other benefits; foreign operators' cost and satellite charges; depreciation on property, plant and equipment; amortization of intangible assets; fuel and power; advertisement and distribution charges and store, spares and loose tools consumed were the main constituents of the operating expenses.

#### **Dividends and Appropriations**

For the year under review, the Directors declared interim cash dividend of 10% (Re. 1.0 per share). Further, the income of Rs 0.2 billion earned on insurance reserve funds was transferred from unappropriated profits to the insurance reserve.

#### **Other Matters**

Your attention is drawn to note 12.13 of PTCL's financial statements as well as note 18.13 of the consolidated financial statements for the year, which contain the information and explanation regarding the review petitions filed by the Company, Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust and the Federal Government before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against its order dated June 12, 2015 as highlighted by external auditors in their audit reports.



#### **Products & Services**

PTCL, having the distinction of being the only fully integrated telecom service provider in the country, serves all segments of the customers ranging from households to enterprises as well as other telecom operators based upon its extensive and advanced network capabilities. Towards this end, your Company continued to offer new products and services and also strengthened the existing offerings as per customers' requirements by introducing new features at competitive and affordable prices.

During 2016, the products portfolio encompassing broadband, content and media, voice, services for corporate and enterprise segments, interconnect offerings, international connectivity etc. was further streamlined and augmented, a brief of which is provided in ensuing paragraphs.

#### Wireline

During the year, PTCL introduced various new packages along with tariff rationalization to further expand its Data and Voice services. Consequently, revenue from DSL services increased over last year.

With the objective to enhance wireline usage, Smart Link App was launched enabling the consumers to dial and receive calls from their mobile phones instead of traditional landline telephone while using the same landline number.

Besides the revision in the on-net call charges, international call tariff for the major destinations was also rationalized. For single-play non-freedom package users, the PSTN line rent was streamlined with the objective to increase usage of economical 'Freedom Package'. Further, the processes of receiving new connections were improved along with revision in installation charges - being received upfront in form of advance set up charges. These new processes, implemented throughout Pakistan, are not only helpful in acquisition of quality customers thus reducing the churn but also entail completion of the installation feasibility before the payment of set-up charges by the customers thereby ensuring quality provisioning.

Furthermore, 1Mbps to 2Mbps Economy, 1Mbps to 2Mbps Unlimited, 2Mbps to 4Mbps Unlimited and 4Mbps to 8Mbps Unlimited upgrade promotions were undertaken during the year. PTCL also introduced a 4Mbps Ramadan promo with availability of limited time subscriptions. Being an opt-in campaign, customers could avail higher data packages for the given period. These upgrade promotions gave taste of higher speed data rate to customers without extra charges for a limited period of time. Majority of the subscribers continued to stay on higher data rates switching over to regular charges of higher speed DSL packages hence resulting in higher ARPUs for the DSL segment.

Launch of 4Mbps Starter Package focused on the needs of a specific segment which required higher

## **PTCL Landline**





speeds with lower charges and limited download volume of 20GBs. This package is expected to increase the new broadband acquisitions as well as package upgrades.

#### **Wireless**

Your Company introduced various new Wireless packages during the year to provide customers with speedier yet cost-effective data services. The launch of new EVO and CharJi LTE packages offered these services with further reduction in price. The two new CharJi LTE packages consisted of a low-tier 15 GB package and a high-end 60 GB package to cater to the diversified needs of our customers.

Further, under the 'EVO Wireless Upgrade Offer' promotion, EVO customers can trade-in their existing EVO devices for upgraded CharJi LTE products. Subscribers currently using EVO 3.1 and EVO 9.3 products may upgrade to CharJi LTE Devices with discounted prices, while EVO 3.1 subscribers can receive a Wingle 9.3 upgrade free of cost. Additionally, an 'EVO Muft Offer' was launched offering a free EVO Wingle device upon advance payment of first month subscription charges with unlimited internet usage. Moreover, an enticing starter package for EVO 9.3 was also launched which enabled light data users to benefit from an economical 5 GB package at attractive monthly charges without any time restrictions.

Re-runs of the EVO biometric verification campaign were undertaken with consistent marketing efforts urging EVO/CharJi and V-Fone subscribers to fulfill the regulatory requirement by getting their wireless devices verified using the facilities provided by the Company. In order to make the campaign successful, devices of subscribers who recharged were immediately blocked with restoration contingent only upon successful biometric verification. The campaign was effective as the devices of over a million subscribers have already been biometrically verified.

A convenient new facility of Package Re-subscription was also rolled out. The feature allows 3G EVO and CharJi subscribers to re-subscribe upon exhausting their allotted package volumes immediately as compared to the previous practice of additional usage tariff during the mandatory 30 days validity period once the package volume is consumed. The new facility of re-subscription means subscribers no longer need to wait and can refresh their package volumes whenever they require with no additional charges.

### PTCL CharJi

Ultra High Speed Wireless Broadband



#### **Content & Multimedia**

Smart TV services were further enhanced by adding new features throughout the year. Enrichment of Live TV section was undertaken with the addition of new channels in the News and Regional genre. The Smart TV Channel lineup was also refined for customer convenience. Smart TV App was offered free of cost to Smart TV (IPTV) customers in the month of Ramadan. Video tutorials on usage of PTCL Smart TV features were added in the VOD (Video on Demand) section and were also made part of the PTCL's products' channel.

The 'Red-bull Extreme Sports' VOD bundle was launched on PTCL Smart TV and Smart TV App service featuring popular videos from the fast-paced, high-action, extreme sports world encompassing jet boating, motor sports, sky diving, skiing, etc.

Cognizant of the vast fan-following of cricket in Pakistan, your Company capitalized on the event of T-20 World Cup by offering ad-free screening of the





T-20 Cricket World Cup matches on Smart TV App without any extra charges to customers. The related marketing campaign was aptly designed around the event with wide coverage. Similarly, services of Smart TV and Smart TV App duly covered the events of Pakistan Super League T-20 and T-20 Asia Cup cricket tournaments along with wide-spread marketing campaigns.

Enrichment of e-junior VOD bundle was provided by e-Vision (a subsidiary of Etisalat) for provision of Kids contents on the Smart TV which range from pre-school series to grown-up kids titles. On the occasion of Eid-ul-Azha, your Company offered a one month free subscription viz. 'Eid Treat' of e-junior Kids bundle.

Keeping in view the global trend of collaboration between telecom operators and OTT players for acquisition of content, PTCL took the opportunity to collaborate with OTT players by bundling OTT services with PTCL broadband in order to enhance customer acquisition and reduce churn. Your Company became the first telecom operator in South Asia to sign a partnership agreement with Netflix. PTCL launched Netflix service with vanity URL in Pakistan in November 2016 in order to provide world class content to its fans in Pakistan. The customers can simply sign up just by clicking 'join free for a month' followed by choosing the desired Netflix plan, account creation and payment mode selection. The key benefits of this offering are that subscribers can watch TV shows and movies anytime, anywhere with instant streaming over the internet. The service offers free first month subscription and is easy to cancel.

Further, PTCL initiated commercial a deal with Iflix - SVOD (subscription Video-On-Demand) platform based in Malaysia. Iflix offers content comprising of Hollywood movies, TV shows, Lollywood movies in addition to kids and regional content.

Your Company also signed a content deal in December 2016 with Icflix - a Middle Eastern streaming and VoD platform that provides Hollywood, Bollywood movies and TV series, containing a variety of popular premium content.

#### **Carrier and Wholesale Services**

PTCL being the only fully integrated telecom operator in the country is well positioned to offer a comprehensive range of tailor-made products and services to suit the needs of other telecom operators and services providers as well. Such products, inter-alia, comprise of interconnection, IP bandwidth, backhaul and active / passive infrastructure services which enable the carrier customers not only to build and extend their networks and provide a broad range of services to their end-users but also are instrumental in saving capital and operating expenditure for them. In this direction, PTCL further rationalized the IP bandwidth rates to expand its footprint.

With regard to the launch and expansion of next generation (3G & 4G) data services by the carriers, PTCL continued to offer its support to cater to their needs of the increased demand for IP bandwidth capacity at attractive prices. As a result, your Company was successful in concluding long-term fiber leasing agreements along with the operation and

maintenance of the fiber network with a few prominent cellular operators during the year which not only enabled major upgrade of their transport infrastructures but were also conducive in enhancing capabilities of PTCL's own network thus further expanding our fiber footprint in untapped areas.

#### **International Business**

Your Company continues to provide its diversified customer base ranging from retail to enterprise subscribers as well as other telecom operators with high quality international voice and bandwidth / IP transit services at competitive rates. The usage on all routes is diligently monitored on regular basis in order to ensure that the quality of service remains high at all times.

Further, despite the ever-reducing rates for incoming international traffic in the wake of competition among LDI (Long Distance International) operators as well as challenges like growth in OTT (Over the Top) traffic, OTT bypass and capacity limitation of terminating carriers, PTCL retained its leadership position as the preferred LDI carrier with reduced cost using modern technologies and practices serving not only the local segments of our esteemed customer base but also providing transit / hubbing destination volumes to neighboring countries.

PTCL is the only telecom operator in Pakistan having a network of three redundant and resilient Submarine Cable Systems offering the customers excellent quality of service via diverse and redundant routes. In order to cater to customers' ever-growing bandwidth requirements, your Company regularly invests in upgrades of existing submarine cables thus enhancing the capacity thereof. PTCL has also participated in a new ultra high capacity Asia-Africa-Europe-1 (AAE1) submarine cable, which is expected to be operational in 2017.

#### **Digital Services**

During the year, PTCL further enhanced its existing services for the enterprise segment through product development by adding new solutions to meet the demands of corporate customers. These solutions include managed Wi-Fi, Smart Radios, Point-to-Multipoint and Cloud services in the realm of laaS (Infrastructure as a Service) and hosting services. Your Company concluded a collaborative agreement with IBM (Pakistan) for commissioning of a turnkey Public Cloud Services solution at PTCL's Data Centers in Lahore and Karachi for its corporate

customers. The initiative enabled PTCL to offer laaS with services like Virtual Private Servers (VPS), Disaster Recovery Site (DRS), Back-up as a Service, Storage as a Service, Webhosting Solutions and Compute on Demand to its enterprise customers. The Cloud platform equipped with latest technologies is an important step forward in developing a viable service infrastructure as part of its successful Data Center business.

Moreover, SMEs (Small and Medium Enterprises) is a sizeable market opportunity for PTCL. As the segment is highly fragmented in fulfilling its ICT (Information and Communication Technologies) needs, it is essential to constantly evaluate the challenges faced by the SMEs and timely address their requirements. Towards this end, PTCL, in collaboration with research organizations, is conducting a market survey for this segment to offer customized products and services commensurate with the contemporary needs of SMEs.

PTCL has also partnered with International ICT turnkey hardware manufacturers and suppliers to expand the enterprise product portfolio. The collaborations include Etisalat SME partnership as well as Gold partnership with Huawei Technologies (Pakistan). These initiatives will enable PTCL to provide services from basic branch level ICT and connectivity requirements to country-wide mega safe city projects.

Your Company continued expanding its corporate customer base and conducted strategic projects with government organizations, financial institutions and other business segments. PTCL concluded one of its strategic project with Government of Punjab under smart city initiative in this regard. Focus on Tier-B cities was also enhanced to serve the enterprise needs of the customers located in these geographies

With its diversified and expanding portfolio of products and services and cognizant of the enterprise customers preferences of technologically-superior services at competitive prices engaging multiple service providers for diversity, PTCL is well positioned to serve the corporate customers in line with the market dynamics and thus to enhance value for your Company.



### **Support Functions**

#### **Network Infrastructure**

Your Company is continuously expanding its network with innovative technologies and smart solutions. Service delivery platforms and networks are being transformed with high throughput devices and optimized designs to enhance customer experience thus successfully competing in the contemporary ultra-high speed broadband era. PTCL is determined to transform its network with enhanced architecture to meet the growing customer demands for higher data rate services - constantly rising due to increased multimedia content and enhanced video streaming over internet.

Cognizant of the fact that because of the growth in required data rates and customers' expectations of constant improvement in service quality requiring all the network elements to contain up-to-date technology, your Company engaged services of world-renowned consultants to carry out a comprehensive audit of PTCL and Ufone's networks and their recommendations are being implemented in phased manner. The said implementation will not only help to consolidate and better synchronize various network elements but will also be conducive in further improving the service quality for our subscribers.

#### **Access Network**

The wireline broadband access network remained prime focus area in 2016, where footprint expansion was carried out throughout the vear: 185 MSAGs (Multi Services Access Gateways) were added across Pakistan to meet business needs and 55 additional MSAGs were deployed in Lahore city against Orange train project. During the year, your Company carried out a pilot project in Gujranwala site-exchange area, where complete access and backhaul network was re-engineered and transformed to provide 20Mbps data rate for all valued customers with VDSL2+ (Very High-Speed Digital Subscriber Line) technology. The fiber access rings were also optimized and made redundant against dual fiber cut for which 30 KMs new optical fiber was laid. In total, over nine thousand customer lines were transformed for 20Mbps and above. Re-architect of the backhaul network was implemented to make it more resilient and robust against any outage to ensure continued service delivery to all customer segments. Based on

successful implementation of the pilot project, top 100 exchanges across Pakistan would be similarly transformed within the next 20 months.

PTCL also provided state-of-the-art GPON (Gigabit Passive Optical Network) based FTTH (Fiber to the Home) lines at 12 sites to enable ultrahigh bandwidth services. Additionally, new 32,000 NGN (New Generation Network) broadband ports were added at central offices in GTR and FTR regions. The spared DSLAM (Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer) ports from these sites were effectively re-utilized at other sites to meet pending demand for broadband services. As a result of these measures, the customer churn reduced due to enhanced quality of service.

To further improve quality of service to wireless broadband customers, PTCL undertook network optimization and hardware load balancing in the areas of high demand. Besides completing the re-farming of the spectrum to meet the regulatory requirements, your Company also performed successful trials of PTCL LTE and Ufone's GSM+UMTS services on single BTS / single RAN (Radio Access Network) architecture which is in addition to the consolidation of PTCL and Ufone Packet Switched (PS) core networks for 2G, 3G and 4G services with geographical redundancy.

### Fiber Resilience and Fiber Maintenance Center

Your Company possess the largest fiber footprint in the country which is the backbone of providing quality service to our esteemed customers. As such, the need to keep the fiber network in top operational condition cannot be over emphasized. In this regard, PTCL has embarked on a complete revamp of cable infrastructure and operations by revisiting the redundancy of fiber routes to make them more resilient and hardened against the external threats resulting in frequent cuts and damages. A phased program has been launched in which existing long-haul, metro, subsidiary and access fiber network shall be made completely resilient and protected against dual fiber cut. In the first phase, diversification of high-impact sections in backbone and metro fiber network are being addressed by laying 750 KM additional fiber. PTCL will also be enhancing patrolling of cable guards on all routes to identify and mitigate threats to the fiber infrastructure. Similarly, the number of fiber maintenance centers would be doubled to reduce the restoration time in case of a cut or damage.

#### **Transmission Network**

To meet growing bandwidth demand of its broadband customers, new transmission capacity is being added in the inter-cities and intra-cities links country-wide. 100G DWDM (Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing) solution is also being added in the backbone network. To optimize network operations, out-lived transmission nodes are being replaced with latest and power-efficient IP nodes. In this direction legacy SDH (Synchronous Digital Hierarchy) nodes were swapped with MPLS-TP (Multi-Protocol Label Switching – Transport Profile) nodes in the subsidiary network of NTR-II, FTR and MTR regions.

## **Quality of Service Enhancement – Cache Projects**

The deployment of high-capacity internet cache solutions on four major sites provided enhanced customer experience and efficient utilization of core network capacity while saving bandwidth cost at the same time. Currently more than 200Gbps contents are being served by using local Cache / CDN (Content Delivery Network) nodes including Google, Qwilt, Akamai and Dailymotion servers. Recently, Netflix servers were also commissioned. Direct peering with Facebook was established. On the international side, establishment of a peering facility with German Internet Exchange is in process which is in addition to such existing arrangements with Amsterdam and Singapore Public Exchanges. All these peering arrangements are instrumental in minimizing the round trip time to fetch popular content thus ensuring enhanced user experience. In this regard, your Company added two new L-Root servers for IP address facilitation in the network to provide increased resilience and redundancy. PTCL also deployed a Carrier-Grade IP Address Management Solution for efficient management of IP addresses.

## **Expansion of International IP** backbone

To keep pace with ever-growing demand of Internet bandwidth, your Company continues to expand its IP backbone network; 200Gbps capacity on the Internet Gateway and 400Gbps on national intercity and metro network were added during the year. Besides, the legacy international gateway exchanges are being replaced with NGN gateways to further enhance the least cost routing features.

#### **Enterprise Segment**

For the enterprise segment, the customers were provided with a managed services solution as well as fiber connectivity. Also, expansion of the commercial Data Center at Lahore with additional 60 new racks was completed to serve our corporate customers. PTCL also completed deployment of its flagship TDD (Time Division Duplex) LTE (Long Term Evolution) network in 3.5 GHz spectrum for corporate customers in 18 major cities across the country to enable provision of low cost alternative for corporate customers needing up to 3Mbps throughput connectivity. Additionally, based upon the collaboration with Pakistan Civil Aviation Authority (CAA), PTCL meets all the communication and connectivity requirements of CAA including ground to air communications at all the airports in the country.

#### **Information Technology**

During the year, your Company completed implementation of new CRM (Customer Relationship Management) application in all regions. Accordingly, through the unified processes of order capturing, service activation and bill processing, covering all the elements of Operational Support Systems (OSS), service level to the subscribers has been further enhanced. The said processes embedded in the new CRM application are modeled on the eTOM (Enhanced Telecom Operations Map) industry standards for the wireline business operations.

Further, through a consolidated interface of PTCL website, subscribers are enabled not only to view their usage details on self-service basis but also to recharge their accounts through online channels. The PTCL and Ufone customers can pay their bills through credit / debit cards via Etisalat payment gateway using the said application as well. Also, for certain data services for the enterprise segment, an application was implemented through which the whole process from order initiation to the fulfillment thereof was made fully automated which reduced the provision time considerably.

Moreover, the new CRM application is integrated with central NOC (Network Operations Centre) which provides details of country-wide elements of wireline network and enables availability of data relating to service outages in the form of affected network elements and related customers on real-time basis. This in turn helps to provide redressal measures promptly to restore the service and thus to increase



customers' satisfaction level. Additionally, augmenting the existing alerts through various mediums, SMS notifications to customers on recharge, bill payments and package change were introduced as well.

Your Company also implemented the web security gateway technology which further enhanced the operational controls of critical business applications. Also, through a newly-introduced process in ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) system for the fuel consumption, improved fuel consumption efficiency with reduced cost was achieved country-wide. Further, implementation of an in-house developed application helped to enhance the performance of the outsourced resources through timely monitoring thereof.

Your Company also facilitated the CSRs (Customer Service Representatives) with 3G-enabled mobile handsets equipped with an in-house built Android application which empowers the staff to perform their field work in real-time connectivity with CRM. The facility has helped to reduce the time of fault rectification thus increasing the staff efficiency and enhancing customer satisfaction levels at the same time.

Also, during the year, PTCL consolidated vital customer-related Oracle-based platforms viz. CRM, Billing and AAA (Authentication, Authorization and Accounting), both hardware and software, along with upgrading the related systems. The said consolidation helped to improve efficiency of the related operations in a cost-effective manner.

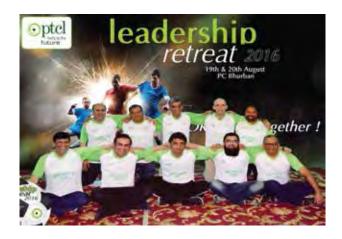
#### **Human Resources**

During 2016, PTCL undertook various initiatives to further enrich the talent base of PTCL's workforce with the objective to serve our esteemed customer base more efficiently. In this regard, under the 'Raabta' initiative, field visits by the senior management helped to establish two-way communication up to the grass-root levels to identify the on-ground contemporary challenges to be addressed on priority to provide quality service to customers.

During the year, your Company conducted two distinct interventions viz. the 'Executive Coaching Program' and 'Executive Leadership Retreat' for senior leadership. To further enhance the talent base, customized training programs encompassing

functional skills up-gradation and customer orientation for CSRs (Customer Service Representatives) and CPEIs (Customer Premises Equipment Installers), business skills trainings for BMs (Business Managers) / SBMs (Senior Business Managers) and leadership trainings for RGMs (Regional General Managers) were undertaken across the Company. A special session on 'Critical Success Factors in Innovation, Entrepreneurship & Sales in PTCL' by a world's renowned consultant was also organized for the employees. Moreover, a rigorous capability assessment of BMs / SBMs was carried out to optimally utilize the best talent for business critical positions.

Further, the Pride-Knowledge sharing sessions, Triple Play Service Installation & Maintenance and other technical plus soft skills training programs, particularly for the staff at exchanges and OSS, were conducted. 'X Factor', a renewed leadership model, was introduced to develop talent of champions people managers who effectively align, motivate and develop their teams. Incentive program of 'Lajawab Inaami Scheme' was launched for field staff along with the introduction of online promotion cycle for employees. The field staff were also equipped with smart phones to help redress customers' complaints in the shortest possible time. Disbursement of annual bonus was linked to regional business performance in addition to employees' individual performance to incentivize high performers. PTCL Cricket Festival, Ramadan and Eid celebrations with frontline staff, Ramadan flex timings, Eid incentive scheme and other engagement activities were also undertaken across the Company to keep the employees motivated and energized. Moreover, to honor female employees of PTCL, International Women's Day was celebrated with the theme of 'RENEW - Respect, Educate, Nurture & Empower Women' where eminent guest speakers talked about respect and honor of



women in our society. To increase open communication, Facebook at Work, an enterprise solution aimed at enhancing collaboration and efficiency at workplace was also introduced in PTCL.

Moreover, the tradition of providing insightful learning platform to young and talented students was continued by offering a one week externship program to the selected students of LUMS (Lahore University of Management Sciences).

With the objective to align the resources with current market challenges, your Company offered a rewarding VSS (Voluntary Separation Scheme) to those employees whose skill-sets lagged behind the current business needs. The scheme offered in the last quarter of the year, and based upon the cannons of care and welfare with respectable retirement, was well received by the related employee segments. The financial compensation was pleasingly rewarding, coupled with post VSS support in the form of trainings, financial advisory and out placements. As a result, 1,842 staff members departed availing the scheme.

For the safety of employees and Company's assets, customized training for HSE (Health Safety and Environment) was conducted for over seven thousand CSRs (Customer Service Representatives) and CPEIs (Customer Premises Equipment Installers). Besides, evacuation drills for emergency preparedness and health awareness sessions for employees were also undertaken. As a result of your Company's efforts to promote a healthy and safe workplace, PTCL was awarded 3<sup>rd</sup> place in the category of Service Sector on the platform of 11th EFP's (Employers' Federation of Pakistan) Best Practices Award on Occupational Safety Health & Environment.

#### **Customer Care**

During 2016, PTCL implemented various initiatives with focus on enhanced understating of contemporary service problems being faced by customers so as to provide instant solutions thus increasing retention of existing subscribers' base. The said initiatives cover all the contact mediums be it voice calls, social media or E-Care platform.

With the objective to further enhance the customer convenience, your Company launched the 'PTCL Touch App' enabling customers to avail new services, register complaints and pay the bills using the single application through their mobile handsets. PTCL also added a customer friendly functionality of self-care on its corporate website to provide customers with a single electronic communication channel.

To further increase the customer satisfaction level, your Company rehabilitated 50 selected OSSs (One Stop Shops) across the country whereas additional 29 such shops were also transformed on similar basis jointly with Ufone. The rehabilitation encompasses the building renovation as well as complete re-assessment of processes, human resource skills and needed technology. Towards this end, the staff was provided with rigorous customer-centric training. As a result, these rehabilitated OSSs considerably enhanced PTCL brand value in respective localities.

With the objective to address customers' complaints in the first instance, skill set of the staff at contact centers was further improved with the result that the percentage of first call resolution has increased during the year. Increased use of the E-Care and social media channels also helped in reducing the response time to our esteemed subscribers. Further, to redress the customers' grievances relating to bill





delivery issues, a specific IVR (Interactive Voice Response) was put in place. Through the newly-introduced IVR, the customer call is transferred to a live agent to understand the calling subscriber's needs and to provide an instant solution. The customers were also prompted to opt for E-bill service to ensure bill delivery through email medium. Additionally, for all new connections, a letter containing details of the service set-up and prospective billing / installation charges is also provided as a standard practice.

Through dedicated teams at call centers, disconnected customers are contacted to address their problems and bring them back as PTCL subscribers. Further, with the objective to increase the landline usage, customers either with low or zero usage in immediate past or the ones experiencing high number of faults resulting in reduced usage, are proactively contacted by your Company to assess the underlying reasons and to take immediate remedial actions. Besides addressing the problems being faced by them on priority, they are also offered an EVO Wingle device which plugs into the DSL modem to ensure continued internet experience.

For the customers opting for voluntary closure of the PTCL services being availed by them, the process of requesting voluntary closure has been streamlined via the implementation of a web portal at the OSS channels. At the same time, such customers are dialed out by the specialized call center agents to understand the reason for the closure request and to provide an alternative resolution thus increasing the retention.

To improve customer experience at e-channels, PTCL has established a centralized E-Care team, whereby country-wide customers complaints received in PTCL through various electronic channels are centralized with the objective not only to address the complaints promptly to the satisfaction of the customers but also to gather and analyze the complaint data to adopt long-term permanent solutions through improvement in the network. For this purpose, the back-end processes were further improved to capture up-to-date statistics of customers' experience relating to fault restoration. A high-value customer dashboard was also put in place to provide priority services to this esteemed customer base. Further, tagging of the high-value wireline customers was extended up to exchange level for speedier identification of the service needed by such priority customers to help resolve their issues promptly.

#### **Marketing and Communication**

Your Company undertook integrated branding and marketing initiatives during the year with the objective to further enhance the value of PTCL's brand.

During the year, your Company launched various marketing campaigns to promote visibility of various newly-introduced products and services such as new CharJi LTE and EVO packages, PTCL Touch App facilitating access to PTCL services through smart devices and PTCL Smart Link App enabling dialing and receiving of landline calls via mobile phones. These campaigns effectively used all available ATL (Above the Line) and BTL (Below the Line) vehicles to ensure 360 degree visibility. Besides, campaigns with regard to Win-back and Upgrades, Biometric Verification of EVO/CharJi and V-fone devices, PTCL Smart TV App, Lagataar (Triple Play) 4Mbps, Muft EVO Offer and 4Mbps Starter Package during Pakistan Super League, T-20 World Cup and Asia Cup were also effectively undertaken. Your Company also increased overall awareness of its 1217 Directory Service through marketing on radio and digital media platforms.

With the objective of providing quality entertainment contents to PTCL's subscribers, your Company has collaborated with Netflix and Icflix – the renowned content providers. Netflix, the world's leading internet television network, was launched in Pakistan by PTCL through The Crown Series.

As the PTCL exchanges are centrally located country-wide, the premises thereof were also used with attractive advertisements of PTCL's products and services hence achieving saving of related expenditure. On the same lines, branding of PTCL's fleet vehicles was also initiated.



Further, Pakistan Gaming Lounge (PGL) activation took place in Karachi and Lahore giving live gaming experience to the audience. Smart TV App was also promoted through various radio shows nationwide.

PTCL's footprint on digital and social media forums e.g. Facebook, Twitter, YouTube and Google grew further as well. The digital and social media platforms were not only utilized to offer products directly to the relevant audience but also enabled the customers to connect with PTCL more conveniently and to access timely customer support.

With the objective to further enhance customers' recall value, the continued brand visibility of your Company was ensured through proactive perception management, placement of Company news and events in national media and engagement of key audiences and stakeholders. Besides, various research initiatives were duly undertaken and marketing campaigns were specifically tailored accordingly for both traditional and digital media.

#### **Regulatory Affairs**

During the year, PTCL signed the addendum for re-farming of the WLL spectrum for 14 regions of Pakistani territory in compliance to PTA's (Pakistan Telecommunication Authority) directives and shifted the services in re-farmed spectrum.

Further, upon expiry of the current IPTV license on 1<sup>st</sup> November 2016, your Company has duly applied for the revalidation thereof for another 10 years' term. The re-validation of the license is being processed by the regulator i.e. PEMRA (Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority) and is expected to be issued to PTCL in due course of time.

PTCL is also aggressively following up the USF projects to secure the funding by meeting the project completion timelines. In this respect, your Company received a subsidy of Rs 275.5 million during 2016.

Moreover, in the wake of the new telecom policy issued by Government of Pakistan in December 2015, PTCL provided the consultation needed by the regulator i.e. PTA as to the related aspects like spectrum trading, implementation of limited mobility, On-Net/Off-Net pricing and introduction of floor prices for wireless broadband services during the year.

# **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Your Company undertook numerous initiatives in 2016 to benefit the Pakistani society country-wide.

PTCL brought onboard 400 young talented graduates of the country through its flagship CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) initiatives - Management Associates Program (MAP) and Experia to provide them with hands-on exposure to compete in the corporate world with practical experience in the dynamic environment of PTCL along with trainings on cutting-edge technology platforms, leadership skills and best industry practices.

On the education side, PTCL donated its state-of-the-art appliances to Kaghan Memorial Trust - a charity school in earthquake affected areas of Pakistan, to help generate funds through a lucky draw for funding the school's operational costs.

Throughout the year, your Company arranged special medical camps for under-privileged segments of society in rural areas and also for the educational institutes of orphans and special children. A total of 452 mobile medical units were set up and health awareness activities were conducted in far flung areas facilitating around 30,000 patients.

PTCL also collaborated with local authorities to participate in the Monsoon Tree Plantation Campaign by planting more than 3,000 saplings across various offices and buildings in all the regions.



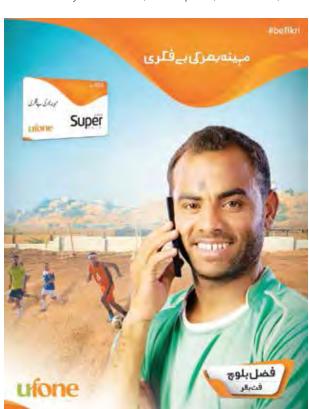


#### **Subsidiaries**

#### **Pak Telecom Mobile Limited - Ufone**

In spite of the fierce competition in cellular industry in 2016 witnessed in the form of merger of two mobile operators, spectrum capacity enhancement and aggressive pricing strategies by the competition, all resulting in price dilution especially in data services, Ufone performed well during the year. The revenues were increased by 4% compared to last year and annual operating loss was significantly reduced because of revenue growth as well as effective cost optimization measures resulting in reduced financial charges and decreased selling and marketing expenses.

In order to manage capacity challenges and provide enhanced data services to subscribers, a novel initiative of re-farming of existing GSM900 MHz spectrum was carried out successfully leading to almost doubling the Ufone 3G spectrum from 5MHz to around 9.2 MHz. This approach was the first of its kind in the cellular industry of Pakistan and enabled Ufone to provide better and enhanced 3G coverage and customer experience without undertaking costly acquisition of additional spectrum. Rollout of this initiative was carried out on 1,069 sites in six major cities namely Islamabad, Rawalpindi, Peshawar,



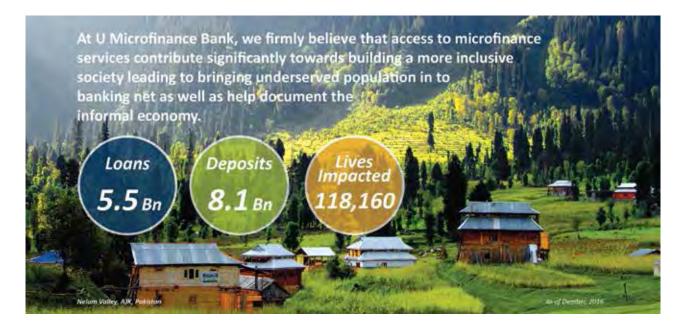
Quetta, Sialkot and Abbottabad during the year. This initiative will greatly help to strengthen the competitive position of Ufone and, in furtherance thereof, its implementation is planned in seven more cities including mega cities of Lahore and Karachi in 2017.

The Ufone Brand execution strategy was refreshed in 2016. Communication campaigns in 2016 featured real life customers / heroes from different walks of life. These advertisements drew greater focus on the Ufone values of integrity, hard work and honesty and made an emotional connection with the audience. In future, Ufone plans to develop more communications along these lines to achieve increased loyalty of our customer base.

The own shop project initiated to enhance the retail experience of the Ufone customers was rolled out to additional nine Business Centers. Furthermore, as a recent initiative taken by management of both Ufone and PTCL, 29 existing One Stop Shops of PTCL were revamped according to PTCL Group standards. These shops will now operate for customers of Ufone and PTCL alike thus catering to the needs of both organizations under one roof. Further, during the year, both the companies continued with the consolidation drive in the areas of network and IT domains in order to ensure efficient and cost effective delivery of quality telecom services to the customers of the PTCL Group. In this regard, several initiatives were executed successfully across different mainstream and support domains leading to significant cost savings and technology alignments.

During 2016, Ufone successfully managed to win five consecutive USF (Universal Services Fund) grants in a competitive bidding process. The total grant amounts to over Rs 11 billion. Accordingly, the grant would enable Ufone to roll out its network in Sibbi, Kalat, Khuzdar, Chagai and Awaran/Lasbela regions and would significantly solidify its position as the market leader in Baluchistan. Out of the total contracted 333 sites with USF, 101 sites have already been successfully put on air.

In line with the true spirit of Ramadan of caring and giving, Ufone launched a unique campaign that sheds limelight on various humanitarian initiatives. Ufone supported these initiatives by developing and running a complete 360-degree campaign for the entire month of Ramadan on each of these initiatives, enabling them to reach out widely to the masses and inspire people at large to either replicate or participate



actively in these initiatives. Ufone's CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) focus has remained the socio-economic uplift of society, not only through its own CSR initiatives, but also through supporting committed individuals and organizations who are working selflessly for the progress of Pakistani society.

#### **U Microfinance Bank Limited - Ubank**

Ubank, a wholly owned subsidiary of PTCL, provides access to microfinance services with the aim to contribute in building a more inclusive society by bringing underserved population into banking net as well as to help document the informal economy. The bank also provides branchless banking services under the banner of UPaisa in collaboration with Ufone. Ubank is dedicated to play its critical part in the implementation of National Financial Inclusion Strategy 2020 that aims to bring 50% of Pakistan's adult population into the banking net.

With its network of 75 touchpoints, across 70 cities and rural areas in Pakistan, the bank offers a wide range of microfinance loans, deposit products and branchless banking solutions. Besides, the branchless banking services are also offered at nearly 45,000 agent locations across Pakistan.

During the year, performance of the bank increased manifold over the previous year. Loan customers' portfolio increased by five times out of which 30% are women, volume of loans provided increased by six times and the deposit base grew by seven times. As a result, not only the bank's revenues in 2016 increased

significantly but the operating profitability thereof also enhanced three times.

### **DVCOM Data (Private) Limited - DVCOM Data**

DVCOM Data, a 100% owned subsidiary of PTCL, was acquired along with the 5 MHz spectrum in 1900 MHz band licensed to it in nine telecom regions to provide Wireless Local Loop (WLL) operations after fully complying with all the regulatory requirements. Objective of the said acquisition is to supplement the EVDO wireless broadband services of PTCL through synergies within the PTCL Group companies. Towards this end, formal commercial arrangements are in place in between PTCL and DVCOM Data.

#### **Smart Sky Private Limited - Smart Sky**

Smart Sky, a 100% owned subsidiary of PTCL, was incorporated in October 2015 with the objective to provide Direct-to-Home (DTH) television services throughout Pakistan under the license from Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority (PEMRA). The auction for DTH license was held in November 2016, in which Smart Sky also participated. Subsequent to the auction, however, the Honorable Lahore High Court declared the whole process of DTH auction as null and void and advised PEMRA to restart the whole process. As the said auction is yet to be re-processed by the regulators, Smart Sky has not started its commercial operations.



## Financial Reporting Framework

The Company has complied with all the material requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance and Directors are pleased to confirm the following:

- The financial information prepared by the management of the Company present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, its cash flows and its changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial information and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial information and if any departure therefrom, the same has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) regulations.
- The Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants, as auditors of the Company for the financial year ending December 31, 2017.
- Information regarding outstanding taxes and levies is given in notes to the accounts of the financial information.
- The value of assets of Pension and Gratuity Funds as per audited accounts amounted to Rs 103.8 billion and Rs 1.1 billion respectively at December 31, 2016 (December 31, 2015: Rs 91.8 billion and Rs 1.0 billion respectively).

During the year, no training program for Directors
was arranged as the Board has already
completed its required number of Certification
during 2015 under the Directors Training
Program as per the criteria specified by the
Securities and Exchange Commission of
Pakistan. However, applicable laws, duties and
responsibilities of directors were shared with new
Directors appointed during the year.

Historic business indicators, composition of Audit Committee, Human Resource & Remuneration (HR&R) Committee, Investment & Finance Committee, number of Board Meetings & attendance of Directors and Shareholding Pattern are part of this report.

# **Challenges and Way Forward**

With the advent of 2017, the telecom sector is gearing up to face the new challenges foremost of which is to increase the digital inclusion of population at large with the objective to augment the economic growth. At the same time, efforts are continuing to address the existing challenges of high taxation, low data revenues and declining voice revenues due to competition from OTT (Over-the-Top) services providers. It is pertinent to state that the telecom industry of Pakistan is among the most heavily taxed sector in the country as is evident from the available world ranking in this regard. High taxes on telecom services are not only affecting profitability of the telecom industry vis-à-vis the other sectors but also are an impediment in attaining the potential economic growth which can be achieved through expansion of (Information and Telecommunication Technologies) to the larger part of the population through more cost-effective products and services if the tax burden is reduced.

As Pakistan moves towards a digital future, an effective and encompassing cooperation among broadband service providers, cellular operators, utility providers, technology companies and government organizations is essential to develop a connectivity-based ecosystem utilizing enhanced broadband infrastructure. This ecosystem with deployment like Internet-of-Things (IOT) will create growth opportunities for many economic segments of the society e.g. utilities, transportation, health and

education. Towards this end, the PTCL Group, the only fully integrated and unified service provider in the country providing both fixed line and cellular products and services, is continuously expanding its digital services portfolio to offer new and innovative but cost effective solutions in all parts of Pakistan thus helping to grow ICT demand country-wide.

In order to expand its broadband network based upon the latest technologies within the reach of major parts of the country, your Company has committed considerable funding which will help not only to transform the fiber-to-the-curb network but is also inclusive of the projects to deploy fiber-to-the-home in various metropolises as well as to further enhance the 3G/LTE footprint of PTCL Group to provide higher download speeds with increased volumes thus attaining a superior customer experience for our wireline and wireless subscribers. With the growth in level of digital literacy at consumer side as well as multiplication of available infotainment contents, PTCL Group remains cognizant of the expected rise in demand of its services, especially in data segment, for which your Company is fully geared-up.

### **Acknowledgements**

The Board of Directors of the Company would like to thank all our customers, suppliers, contractors, service providers, stakeholders and shareholders for their continued support.

We would also like to appreciate the hard work, diligence and dedicated efforts of our employees across the country which enabled the Company to successfully face the challenges of a highly competitive operating environment. We would also like to express our special thanks to the Government of Pakistan and the Etisalat Group for their continued support and encouragement in striving to achieve the objective of enhancing shareholders' value.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Rizwan Bashir Khan

Chairman PTCL Board

Dr. Daniel Ritz

President & Chief Executive Officer

Islamabad: February 08, 2017.



## مالیاتی جائزہ اور دیگر اہم امور برائے 2016

پاکتان ٹی کمینیکیش کیٹڈ (پی ٹی سیایل) کے ڈائر مکٹرز 31 دسمبر 2016 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے آڈٹ شدہ حمابات ہمراہ آڈیٹرز رپورٹ اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز (حصص یافیگان) کے سامنے پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت محوس کررہے ہیں۔

موجودہ مشکل ممابقتی صورتحال کے پیش نظر جو براڈ بینڈ کی دنیا میں بیاولر آپریٹر کی 3G,4G مروبودہ مشکل ممابقتی صورتحال کے پیش نظر جو براڈ بینڈ کی دنیا میں بیاولر آپریشن سطح پر بروقت فیسلول کی وجہ سے بخوبی ان چیلنجو کا مامنا کر رہی ہے۔ وائر لائن براڈ بینڈ سروسز کے نیٹ ورک کی صلاحیتوں میں مزید توسیع کی گئی تا کہ کٹمرز کو بہترین سپیڈ اور والیم فراہم کئے جاسکیں، فائبر کے فٹ پرنٹ میں توسیع منصرف پی ٹی سی ایل کے اپنے استعمال کے لیے کی گئی بلکہ دیگر کئے بیئر کے نیٹ ورکس کی توسیع جمی ممکن ہوئی، نئی اور کھائتی پروڈکٹس اور سروسز جوجد یہ ٹیکنالوجی پرمبنی افری بہترین سروریات کے پیش نظر متعارف کروائی گئیں، ٹیکنالوجی پرمبنی اقدامات صارفین کی بہترین سہولت کے لئے اٹھائے گئے۔

#### 1- مالياتي كاركردگي

بال 2016کے دوران آپ کی کینی کی کارکرد گیمتحکم رہی ۔ لاگتی اخراجات میں مسلس کفائتی اقدامات کی بدولت کم رہو نیواور VSS پراخراجات میں اضافہ کے باوجود اس سال کے دوران منافع کی صورتحال بہتر رہی ۔ پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کے کیش فنڈ زجوکہ مختصر مدتی سر ماید کاری اور کیش و بینک بیلنسز پر شتل ہیں، میں سال 2015 کی نسبت 25 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

### بنافع

پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کا آپریٹنگ منافع سال کے دوران 6.1 بلین روپے رہا جو کہ پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں 53 فیصد زیادہ ہے جس کی وجد لاگت میں تمی کے لیے گئے گئے اقد امات ہیں جن کی بدولت پی ٹی سی ایل کے گروپ کے سالاند آپریٹنگ اخراجات میں 8 فیصد تمی ہوئی ہے۔ پی ٹی سی ایل کے آپریٹنگ منافع میں اس سال 6 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جس کی وجہ آپریٹنگ اخراجات میں 7 فیصد تمی ہے۔

بعداز نیکس پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کے خالص منافع میں پیچھلے سال کی نبیت 13 فیصد کمی ہوئی۔ جب کہ پی ٹی سی ایل کے خالص منافع میں 22 فیصد کمی واقع ہوئی۔ اس کی بڑی وجہ سال 2016 میں ملازمین کے لیے رضا کارانہ طور پر علیحد گی کی سیم کامتعارف کروانا تھا جس کی لاگت 2016 میں رویتھی۔ اگر ہم اس غیر معمولی انفرادی VSS لاگت کونظر انداز کردیں تو

پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ اور پی ٹی سی ایل کے خالص منافع میں سال 2015 کی نسبت 152 فیصد اور 13 فیصد بالتر تیب اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

پی ٹی سی ایل کا منافع فی شیئر 1.34 روپے جب کہ پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کا منافع فی شیئر 0.37روپے رہا۔

#### آ مدك

امال پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کی آمدن 117.2 بلین روپ تھی جوکہ 2015 کے مقابلے میں 1 فیصد تم ہے۔ پی ٹی سی ایل کی سالاند آمدن 71.4 بلین روپ رہی جوکہ پچھلے سال کی نبت 6 فیصد تم ہے جس کی بڑی وجہ وائس اور EVO ریونیو میں تمی ہے تاہم وائر لائن براڈ بینڈ کے ساتھ ساتھ مواد (Content) اور ملٹی میڈیا کی آمدن میں پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں اضافہ ہوا۔

### آپریٹنگ اخراجات

### ڈیویڈنڈاوراختصاص

زیرجائزہ سال میں ڈائر مکٹرز نے عبوری کیش ڈیویڈنڈ کی مدمیں 10 فیصد (1 روپیدٹی شیئر) دیا تھا مزید 0.2 ارب روپے کی آمدن بھی غیرمختص نفع سے انشوزس ریز رومیس ٹرانسفر کی گئی۔

### دیگرمعلومات

آپ کی توجہ اس سال کے پی ٹی سی ایل کے فیانش سٹیٹمنٹ کی بیق 12.13 اور منسلکہ مجموعی فیانش سٹیٹمنٹ کی بیق 18.13 اور منسلکہ مجموعی فیانش سٹیٹمنٹ کی بیان سن میں بیان ٹیل کی خانب سے بیر میر کورٹ کے حکم نامے مورخہ 12.7 بول کا فیٹر ل گورمنٹ کی جانب سے بیر میر کورٹ کے حکم نامے مورخہ 12.7 بول 2015 کے خلاف جمع کروائی گئیں نظر ثانی کی درخواستوں کے بارے میں معلومات فراہم کی گئیں ہیں جیسا کہ ہیرونی آڈیٹر زنے اپنی آڈٹ رپورٹ میں اجا گر کھیا ہے۔

### 2- درپیش مسائل اورمتوقع مستقبل

سال 2017 کی آمد کے ساتھ ہی ٹیلی کام سیکڑ پیش نظر چیلنجو سے نبر د آزما ہونے کے لیے تیار ہور ہا ہے جس میں بالحضوص معاشی ترقی میں اضافے کے لئے آبادی کا ڈیجیٹل پر بڑھتا رہجان ہے۔ اس کے ساتھ ہی موجود ہ چیلنجوز یاد ہ ٹیکسیش بھر ڈیٹا آمدن اور وائس آمدن میں کمی جوکہ OTT سروس فراہم کرنے والوں کی طرف سے مقابلے کے رجحان کے باعث ہے سے نبر د آزما ہونے کی کوششیں بھی جاری ہیں۔ یہاں یہ بات کہنا مناسب ہوگا کہ پاکستان کی ٹیلی کام انڈسٹری ملک میں ٹیکس ادا کرنے والاسب سے بڑا سیکڑ ہے جس کا اندازہ موجود ہ عالمی ریکنگ سے لگا یا جاسکتا ہے۔ ٹیلی کام سروسز پر عائد زائد ٹیکسزگی و جہسے خصرف بمقابلہ دیگر سیکڑز کے ٹیلی کام انڈسٹری کے منافع پر برا اثر پڑرہا ہے بلکہ یہ زائد ٹیکسزاس متوقع معاشی دیگر سیکڑز کے ٹیلی کام انڈسٹری کے منافع پر برا اثر پڑرہا ہے بلکہ یہ زائد ٹیکسزاس متوقع معاشی ترقی کی راہ میں بھی رکاوٹ ہیں جو انفاریشن اور ٹیلی کینو پیکن ٹیکنا کو جہ سے حاصل ہوسکتی ہے آبادی کے بڑے جسے کو کم لاگئی پروڈکٹس اور سروسز کی فراہمی کی و جہ سے حاصل ہوسکتی ہے آبادی کے بڑے جسے کو کم لاگئی پروڈکٹس اور سروسز کی فراہمی کی و جہ سے حاصل ہوسکتی ہے آبادی کے بڑے جسے حاصل ہوسکتی ہے آبادی کے بڑے جسے حاصل ہوسکتی ہے

جب کہ پاکستان ڈیمیٹل متقبل کی جانب بڑھ رہا ہے، براڈ بینڈ سروس پرووائیڈرز سیوار
آپریٹرز، یؤیلٹی پرووائیڈرز، ٹیکنالوجی کیپنیزاور حکومتی اداروں کے ماہین موڑ اور مر بوط تعاون
بہت ضروری ہے تا کہ کمینو بکیش پرمشمل ایسا ایکو سسٹم وجود میں آئے جو بہتر براڈ بینیڈ
انفراسٹر کچرکوائتھمال کر سکے ۔اس ایکو سسٹم پرعملدرآ مدسے (IOT) 'انٹرنیٹ آف تھنگر'
ترقی کے مواقع پیدا کرے گاجس سے معاشرے کے بہت سے شعبے فائدہ اٹھاسکیں گے
مثلاً یؤسلٹیز، ٹرانبپورٹیشن، سحت اور تعلیم وغیرہ ۔اس سلسلہ میں پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ، واحد
مربوط اور منظم مروس پرووائیڈر ملک میں فکسٹر لائن اور سیولر پروڈکٹس اینڈ سروسز فراہم کرنے
والا مسلسل اپنا ڈیجیٹل سروسز پورٹ فولیو وسیع کر ہاہے تا کہ پاکستان کے تمام علاقوں میں
جدیدکم لاگت کی سروسز فراہم کی جاسکیں جس سے ملک میں ICT کی طلب میں اضافہ ہوسکے۔

ا پینے جدیدترین ٹیکنالو جیز پر شمل براڈ بینیڈ نیٹ ورک کی توسیع کے لئے تا کہ ملک کے تمام علاقوں میں لوگ اس سے متفید ہوسکیں آپ کی گینی مناسب فنڈنگ کا عرم لئے ہوئے ہے جس کی بدولت نہ صرف Fiber-to-the-curb نیٹ ورک کو تبدیل کرنے میں مدد ملے گی بلکداس سے مختلف بڑے شہروں میں SG/LTE نیٹ ورک کو تبدیل کرنے میں مدد پڑمل بھی ممکن ہوگا جس سے پی ٹی سی ایل گروپ کا SG/LTE فٹ پرنٹ بڑھنے کے ماتھ ہائیر ڈاؤ ک لوڈ بیدیڈ اضافی والیم کے ساتھ میسر ہوگا اس طرح ہمارے وائر لائن اور وائر لیس سلسکر ائبرز کو بہتر محتمر Experience ملے گا کے تنزیومرز میں ڈیجیٹل تعلیم کی بہتری میں اضافے کے ساتھ میں اضافے کے باتھ میں اضافے کے باتھ میں وائر اضافے کی بدولت پی ٹی سی ایل میں اضافے کے بیرہ ورہے کہ اس وسر کی طلب میں متوقع اضافہ ہوگا خصوصی طور پر ڈیٹا کے شعبہ میں جس کے لیے آپ کی گئینی بالکل تیارہے۔

#### 3- خدمات كااعتراف

کپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر میکٹرز ، بحثمرز ، سپلائیرز ، سروس پرووائیڈرز ، سٹیک ہولڈرز اور شیئر ہولڈرز کے لگا تارتعاون پران کاشکر بیادا کرتے ہیں۔

ہم اپیغ ملاز مین کی محنت، انتھک کو مشش اور جانفثانی کو سراہتے ہیں جس کی بدولت کینی اس مقابلے کے ماحول میں چیلنجوز کا سامنا کرنے کے قابل ہوئی ۔ ہم حکومت پاکستان اور اتصالات گروپ کے بھی مشکور ہیں جن کی مسلسل مدد اور حوصلہ افزائی سے ہم اپیغ شیئر ہولڈرز کی ویلیو میں اضافے کا مقصد حاصل کرنے کے قابل ہوئے ہیں ۔

SCHE

ڈاکٹرڈیٹنیئل رٹز

صدرو چيٺايڙنيکٽيو آفيسر

منجانب بوردً آف دُارَ يكثرز

رخوان بثير خان چيئرين پي ئي سايل بوردُ

اسلام آباد: 8 فروري 2017

# **Composition of Audit Committee**

# Composition of Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

#### **Composition of Audit Committee**

#### Composition of Addit Committee

Mr. Serkan Okandan.	Chairman	Mr. Abdulr
Mr. Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani	Member	Mr. Serkan
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	Member	Sardar Ahn
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	Member	Mr. Mudas
Mr. Mohamed Dukandar	Member	Mr. Khalifa

# Attendance of Directors-Members of the Committee during FY-2016

Total 06 Meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the Financial Year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Attendance of PTCL Board Members**

Name of Director-Member	Attendance
Mr. Serkan Okandan	6
Mr. Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani	6
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	6
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	6

#### **Functions of Audit Committee**

Recommends to the Board in approving Company's financial statements and appointment of External Auditors. Review the scope of internal control, monitors statutory and corporate governance compliances, determines the appropriate measures to safeguard Company's assets, review enterprise risk management processes and exposures and recommends appropriate policies to the Board. Reviews and recommends significant policies and Company's delegation of fiduciary powers, oversees tax and fiscal exposures, discuss major internal audit findings with external auditors and establish procedures for and reviews whistle blowing material cases.

#### **Members of HR & R Committee**

Mr. Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani	Chairman
Mr. Serkan Okandan	Member
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	Member
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	Member
Mr. Khalifa Al Shamsi	Member

# Attendance of Directors-Members of the Committee during FY-2016

Total 04 Meetings of the HR & R Committee were held during the Financial Year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Attendance of PTCL Board Members**

Name of Director-Member.	Attendance
Mr. Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani	4
Mr. Serkan Okandan	4
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	4
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	4
Mr. Rainer Rathgeber Mr. Khalifa Al Shamsi	1 2

## **Functions of Human Resource & Remuneration Committee**

Review and recommends development and maintenance of long term HR policies, effective employee development programs, appropriate compensation and benefit plans and good governance model in line with statutory requirements and best practices of good corporate governance. It ensures that the governance and HR policies and procedures are aligned with the strategic vision and core objectives of the Company. It also provides leadership and guidance for the organizational transformation required to achieve Company's corporate objectives.

# Composition of Investment & Finance Committee

### **Members of Investment & Finance Committee**

Mr. Hatem Dowidar,	Chairman
Mr. Serkan Okandan	Member
Mr. Khalifa Al Shamsi	Member
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	Member
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	Member

# Attendance of Directors-Members of the Committee During FY-2016

Total 07 Meetings of the Investment and Finance Committee were held during the financial year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Attendance of PTCL Board Members**

Name of Director-Member.	Attendance
Dr. Daniel Ritz Mr. Hatem Dowidar	1 6
Mr. Serkan Okandan	7
Mr. Rainer Rathgeber Mr. Khalifa Al Shamsi	1 5
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	7
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	6

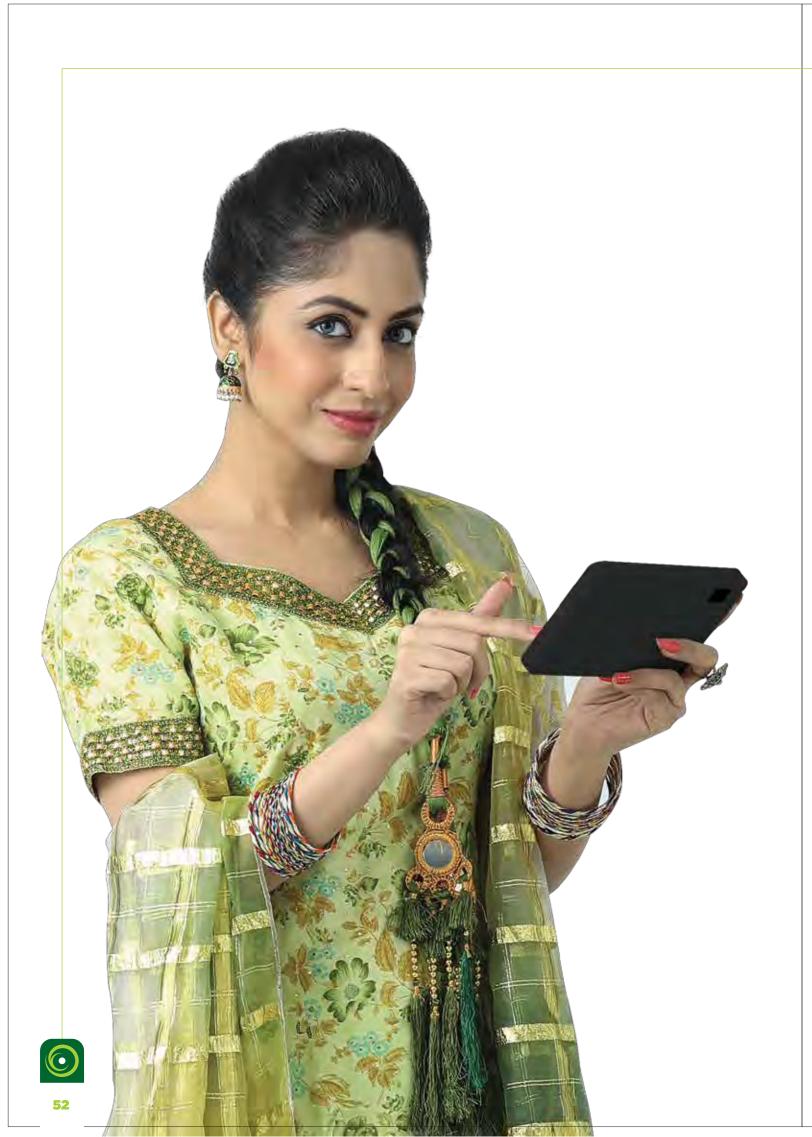
### **Functions of Investment and Finance Committee**

Review and recommend the Company's annual budgets and business plans, Company's treasury policies and framework including investment/divestment strategy, financial risk management strategy and rules, execution of mergers and acquisition strategy, procurement policy and procedures, investment projects encompassing expansions and new technologies based on evaluation measurement indicators and Company's capital structure strategy including external funding requirements. It also evaluates Company's dividend policies having regard to regulatory provisions and Company's funding and working capital requirements.

# Composition of PTCL Board and Attendance of PTCL Board Members

# Total 07 Board Meetings were held during the financial year ended December 31, 2016.

Name of Director	Portfolio	Attendance
Mr. Azmat Ali Ranjha Mr. Rizwan Bashir Khan	Chairman	2 5
Mr. Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani	Member	7
Dr. Waqar Masood Khan	Member	6
Mr. Serkan Okandan	Member	7
Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera	Member	7
Mr. Hesham Al Qassim	Member	6
Dr. Daniel Ritz Mr. Hatem Dowidar	Member	2 5
Mr. Mudassar Hussain	Member	7
Mr. Rainer Rathgeber Mr. Khalifa Al Shamsi	Member	2 4



# Smart TV App

### Your TV on the Go

PTCL Smart TV App provides access to 100+ live TV channels on multiple screens, from smartphones and tablets to laptops, giving customers the mobility of watching TV anytime, anywhere with just a click.

## Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited

## Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for the year ended December 31, 2016

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the "Code") contained in Rule No. 5.19.24 of Rule Book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (the "Company") has applied the principles contained in the Code in following manner:

1. The Board of Directors (the "Board") comprises nine Members. Pursuant to the provisions of the Share Purchase Agreement effected as per provisions of the Privatization Commission Ordinance, 2000, between Government of Pakistan ("GoP") and the Strategic Investor, as well as under the Articles of Association of the Company, the GoP nominates four (04) Members on the Board of the Company while Etisalat International Pakistan ("EIP") nominates five (05) Members. The afore-said constitution of PTCL Board is covered under the proviso to the clause of Code titled 'Composition of the Board'. Accordingly, at present the Board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Director  Executive Directors	Not Applicable None
Non-Executive Directors	<ol> <li>Mr. Rizwan Bashir Khan</li> <li>Mr. Tariq Bajwa</li> <li>Sardar Ahmad Nawaz Sukhera</li> <li>Mr. Mudassar Hussain</li> <li>Mr. Abdulrahim A. Al Nooryani</li> <li>Mr. Hatem Dowidar</li> <li>Mr. Serkan Okandan</li> <li>Mr. Khalifa Al Shamsi</li> <li>Mr. Hesham Al Qassim</li> </ol>

- 2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a Development Finance Institution or a Non-Bank Financial Institution or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.

- 4. Casual vacancies occurring on the Board on April 05, 2016 were filled up by the Directors on the same date.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and other executives have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. However, for the two emergent Board meetings, which were in addition to the usual quarterly Board meetings, although the notices were sent in time, the related agenda and working papers were circulated six days before such emergent Board meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. The Board has already completed its required number of certification during 2015 under the Directors Training Program as per the criteria specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") hence no training program for the directors was arranged by the Board during the year. However, applicable laws, duties and responsibilities of directors were shared with new directors appointed during the period.
- 10. The Board appoints the Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, and determines their respective remuneration and terms and conditions of employment. The post of Chief Financial Officer fell vacant in December 2016, and was filled on interim arrangements by the Board.
- 11. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The Financial Statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises five members, of whom four (04) members, including the Chairman of the Committee, are non-executive Directors.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee formulated by the Board have been communicated to the Committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed a Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. It comprises five members and all members including the Chairman of the Committee are non-executive Directors.



PTCL ANNUAL REPORT 2016

- 18. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ("ICAP"), that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants ("IFAC") guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'Closed Period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results was determined, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, were determined and intimated to Directors, employees and the stock exchange.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through the stock exchange.
- 23. The Company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
- 24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code have been complied with.

2013

Dr. Daniel Ritz

President & Chief Executive Officer

Islamabad - February 08, 2017

## Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors (the Board) of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2016 to comply with the Rule No. 5.19.24 of Rule Book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail at arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Deloitte Youruf Adil

**Deloitte Yousuf Adil** Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Rana M. Usman Khan

Islamabad

Date: February 08, 2017

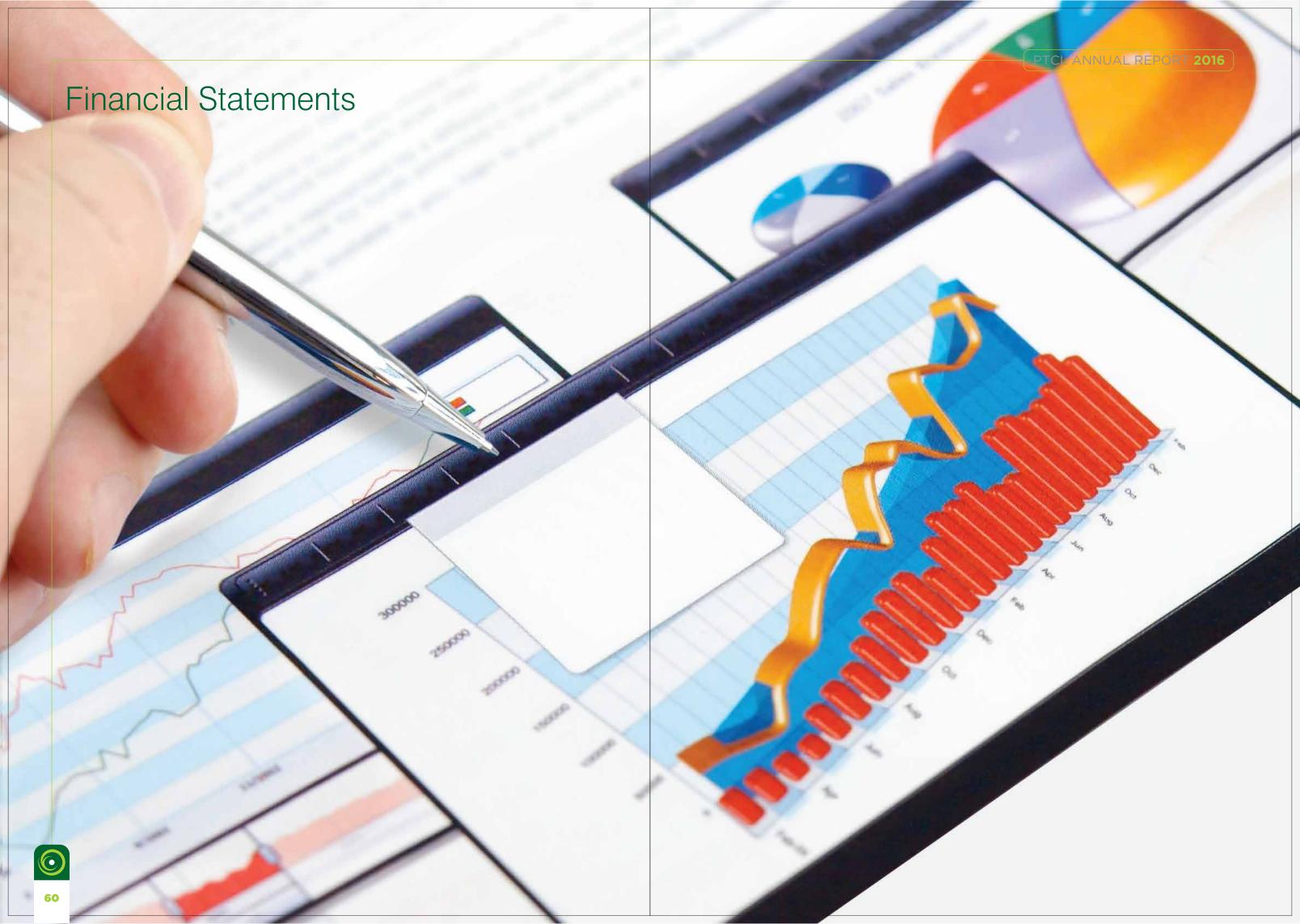






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# AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed statement of financial position of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (the Company) as at December 31, 2016 and the related statement of profit and loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984:
- (b) in our opinion:
  - the statement of financial position, statement of profit and loss and statement of comprehensive income together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit and loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at December 31, 2016 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

#### **Emphasis of Matter paragraph**

We draw attention to note 12.13 to the financial statements, which describes the position related to the review petitions filed by the Company, Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust and the Federal Government before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against its order dated June 12, 2015. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Deloitte Youruf Adil

**Deloitte Yousuf Adil** Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Rana M. Usman khan

Islamabad

Dated: February 08, 2017

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	6	51,000,000	51,000,000
Revenue reserves Insurance reserve General reserve Unappropriated profit		2,621,288 27,497,072 1,894,739 32,013,099	2,416,078 30,500,000 2,302,282 35,218,360
		83,013,099	86,218,360
Liabilities Non-current liabilities			
Long term security deposits Deferred income tax Employees retirement benefits Deferred government grants	7 8 9 10	553,049 4,737,260 24,068,008 8,594,920 37,953,237	552,122 5,754,847 32,111,859 8,926,403 47,345,231
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	59,142,912	46,814,183
Total equity and liabilities		180,109,248	180,377,774

#### Contingencies and commitments

12

The annexed notes 1 to 47 are an integral part of these financial statements.



Chairman

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets  Long term investments	13 14 15	94,779,483 2,332,789 97,112,272 7,977,300	94,912,046 2,539,060 97,451,106 7,977,300
Long term livestments  Long term loans and advances  Investment in finance lease	16 17	2,152,757 38,513	2,261,126 96,113
Current assets		107,280,842	107,785,645
Stores, spares and loose tools Trade debts Loans and advances Investment in finance lease Accrued interest Recoverable from tax authorities Receivable from the Government of Pakistan Prepayments and other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances	18 19 20 17 21 22 23 24 25 26	2,742,794 14,227,974 676,556 53,030 231,902 14,550,698 2,164,072 8,279,236 24,000,000 5,902,144 72,828,406	2,940,425 14,304,039 1,593,099 52,255 128,174 18,179,032 2,164,072 4,982,082 26,038,803 2,210,148 72,592,129
Total assets		180,109,248	180,377,774

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Revenue Cost of services	27 28	71,420,100 (50,358,343)	75,751,975 (53,783,589)
Gross profit		21,061,757	21,968,386
Administrative and general expenses Selling and marketing expenses	29 30	(8,770,136) (3,129,868)	(9,782,258) (3,514,400)
		(11,900,004)	[13,296,658]
Operating profit		9,161,753	8,671,728
Voluntary separation scheme cost Other income Finance costs	31 32 33	(4,601,379) 5,834,131 (193,708)	- 4,917,762 (317,376)
Profit before tax Provision for income tax	34	10,200,797 (3,366,263)	13,272,114 (4,512,519)
Profit for the year		6,834,534	8,759,595
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	35	1.34	1.72

The annexed notes 1 to 47 are an integral part of these financial statements.





# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Profit for the year	6,834,534	8,759,595
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss:		
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on employees retirement benefits Tax effect of remeasurement (gain) / loss on employees	232,181	(2,361,452)
retirement benefits	(71,976)	755,665
	160,205	(1,605,787)
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit and loss:		
Gain on disposal of investment transferred to income for the year	-	(329,039)
Other comprehensive income for the year- net of tax	160,205	[1,934,826]
Total comprehensive income for the year	6,994,739	6,824,769

The annexed notes 1 to 47 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Chairman

President & CEO

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash generated from operations 37 Payment to Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust (PTET) Employees retirement benefits paid Payment of voluntary separation scheme Long term security deposits Income tax paid - net	37,497,687 (11,972,112) (997,164) (29,815) 927 (827,492)	36,557,686 (6,120,992) (1,832,857) (783,691) 2,866 (2,938,974)
Net cash inflows from operating activities	23,672,031	24,884,038
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditure Acquisition of intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Short term investments Finance lease Long term loans and advances Receipts against loan to Pakistan Telecom Mobile Limited (PTML) Return on long term loans and short term investments Government grants received Long term investment in U Microfinance Bank Limited (Ubank) Long term investment in DVCOM Data (Pvt) Limited - (DVCOM) Long term investment in Smart Sky (Pvt) Limited Dividend income on long term investments	(13,982,251) (251,892) 87,090 (988,608) 72,441 66,844 - 2,066,874 275,521 - - 12,500	(14,488,326) (380,500) 145,976 (11,011,392) (40,325) 522,717 3,000,000 2,308,431 2,606,362 (100,000) (1,000) (100,000)
Net cash outflows from investing activities	[12,641,481]	(17,528,057)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend paid	(10,365,965)	(13,078,357)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	664,585	(5,722,376)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,237,559	10,959,935
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 38	5,902,144	5,237,559

The annexed notes 1 to 47 are an integral part of these financial statements.





# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Issued, sub: paid-up			Revenue reserves		Unrealized gain	
	Class 'A'	Class 'B'	Insurance reserve	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	on available for sale investments	Total
				(Rupees in '000)			
Balance as at January 01, 2015	37,740,000	13,260,000	2,196,770	30,500,000	8,117,782	329,039	92,143,591
Total comprehensive income for the year					0.850.505		0.850.505
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income					8,759,595 (1,605,787)	(329,039)	8,759,595 (1,934,826)
	-	-	-	-	7,153,808	(329,039)	6,824,769
Transfer to insurance reserve	-	-	219,308	-	(219,308)	-	-
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2014 - Rs 1.50 per share Interim dividend for the year ended	-	-	-	-	(7,650,000)	-	(7,650,000)
December 31, 2015 - Re 1.00 per share	-	-	-	-	(5,100,000)	-	(5,100,000)
	-	-	219,308	-	[12,969,308]	-	(12,750,000)
Balance as at December 31, 2015	37,740,000	13,260,000	2,416,078	30,500,000	2,302,282	-	86,218,360
Total comprehensive income for the year							
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-		-	-	6,834,534 160,205		6,834,534 160,205
	-	-	-	-	6,994,739	-	6,994,739
Transfer to insurance reserve Transfer from general reserve			205,210	[3,002,928]	(205,210) 3,002,928		
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2015 - Re 1.00 per share Interim dividend for the year ended	-	-	-	-	(5,100,000)	-	(5,100,000)
December 31, 2016 - Re 1.00 per share	-	-	-	-	(5,100,000)	-	(5,100,000)
	-	-	205,210	(3,002,928)	(7,402,282)	-	(10,200,000)
Balance as at December 31, 2016	37,740,000	13,260,000	2,621,288	27,497,072	1,894,739	-	83,013,099

The annexed notes 1 to 47 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Chairman

President & CEO

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 1. The Company and its operations

Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited ("PTCL", "the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on December 31, 1995 and commenced business on January 01, 1996. The Company, which is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) (formerly Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges), was established to undertake the telecommunication business formerly carried on by the Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation (PTC). PTC's business was transferred to the Company on January 01, 1996 under the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, on which date, the Company took over all the properties, rights, assets, obligations and liabilities of PTC, except those transferred to the National Telecommunication Corporation (NTC), the Frequency Allocation Board (FAB), the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) and the Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust (PTET). The registered office of the Company is situated at PTCL Headquarters, G-8/4, Islamabad.

The Company provides telecommunication services in Pakistan. It owns and operates telecommunication facilities and provides domestic and international telephone services and other communication facilities throughout Pakistan. The Company has also been licensed to provide such services in territories of Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Holding Company (PTCL). In addition to these separate financial statements, the Company also prepares consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.1 Adoption of new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations:

a) The following standards and amendments to published accounting standards were effective during the year and have been adopted by the Company:

### Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 12	Disclosure of interests in Other Entities ( Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 19	Employee Benefits (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 27	Separate Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 38	Intangible Assets (Amendments)	January 01, 2016

b) The following standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan:



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1	First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	January 01, 2009
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	January 01, 2018
IFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	January 01, 2016
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 01, 2018
IFRS 16	Leases	January 01, 2019

c) The following standards and amendments to published accounting standards were not effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Company:

### Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 12 IAS 7	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Amendments) Statement of Cash Flows (Amendments)	January 01, 2017 January 01, 2017
IAS 7	Income Taxes (Amendments)	January 01, 2017 January 01, 2017
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)	January 01, 2018
IAS 40	Investment Property (Amendments)	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	January 01, 2018

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards and amendments in future periods will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements other than in presentation / disclosure.

#### 3. Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and the recognition of certain employees retirement benefits on the basis of actuarial assumptions.

#### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are as follows:

#### (a) Provision for employees retirement benefits

The actuarial valuation of pension, gratuity, medical, accumulating compensated absences plans and benevolent grants (note 5.20) requires the use of certain assumptions related to future periods, including increase in future salary, pension, medical costs, expected long-term returns on plan assets, rate of increase in benevolent grant and the discount rates used to discount future cash flows to present values.

#### (b) Provision for income tax

The Company recognizes income tax provisions using estimates based upon expert opinions of its tax and legal advisors. Differences, if any, between the recorded income tax provision and the Company's tax liability, are recorded on the final determination of such liability. Deferred income tax (note 5.19) is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when these temporary differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted, by the date of the statement of financial position.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (c) Recognition of government grants

The Company recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with conditions associated with grants.

#### (d) Useful life and residual value of fixed assets

The Company reviews the useful lives and residual values of fixed assets (note 5.10) on a regular basis. Any change in estimates may affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, with a corresponding effect on the related depreciation / amortization charge.

#### (e) Provision for stores, spares and loose tools

A provision against stores, spares and loose tools is recognized after considering their physical condition and expected future usage. It is reviewed by the management on a quarterly basis.

#### (f) Provision for doubtful receivables

A provision against overdue receivable balances is recognized after considering the pattern of receipts from, and the future financial outlook of, the concerned receivable party. It is reviewed by the management on a regular basis.

#### (g) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

The management exercises judgment in measuring and recognizing provisions and the exposures to contingent liabilities related to pending litigations or other outstanding claims. Judgment is necessary in assessing the likelihood that a pending claim will succeed, or a liability will arise, and to quantify the possible range of the financial settlement. Because of the inherent uncertainty in this evaluation process, actual losses may be different from the originally estimated provisions.

#### 5. Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years for which financial information is presented in these financial statements, unless otherwise stated.

#### 5.1 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees (Rs), which is the Company's functional currency.

#### 5.2 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency, using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation of monetary items at end of the year exchange rates, are charged to income for the year.

#### 5.3 Insurance reserve

The assets of the Company are self insured, as the Company has created an insurance reserve for this purpose. Appropriations out of profits to this reserve, are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The reserve may be utilized to meet any losses to the Company's assets resulting from theft, fire, natural or other disasters.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 5.4 Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair values, as deferred income, when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with the conditions associated with the grants.

Grants that compensate the Company for expenses incurred, are recognized on a systematic basis in the income for the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate the Company for the cost of an asset are recognized in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

#### 5.5 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognized equivalent to the value of the proceeds received by the Company. Any difference, between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value, is recognized to income, over the period of the borrowings, using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs, which are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of a qualifying asset, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to income for the year.

#### 5.6 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods or services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 5.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 5.8 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events, not wholly within the control of the Company; or when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation, that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 5.9 Dividend distribution

The distribution of the final dividend, to the Company's shareholders, is recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividend is approved by the Company's shareholders; the distribution of the interim dividend is recognized in the period in which it is declared by the Board of Directors.

#### 5.10 Fixed assets

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except freehold land and capital work in progress, is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment losses; freehold land is stated at cost less identified impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure, related overheads, mark-up and borrowing costs (note 5.5) that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Subsequent costs, if reliably measurable, are included in the asset's carrying amount, or recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the cost will flow to the Company. The carrying amount of any replaced parts as well as other repair and maintenance costs, are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment value, if any. It consists of expenditure incurred in respect of tangible and intangible fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation.

Depreciation on assets is calculated, using the straight line method, to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives, at the rates mentioned in note 13.1.

Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment, is charged from the month in which the relevant asset is acquired or capitalized, while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off. Impairment loss, if any, or its reversal, is also charged to income for the year. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value, over its estimated useful life.

The gain or loss on disposal of an asset, calculated as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in income for the year.

#### (b) Intangible assets

#### (i) Licenses

These are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment losses. Amortization is calculated using the straight line method, to allocate the cost of the license over its estimated useful life specified in note 14, and is charged to income for the year.

The amortization on licenses acquired during the year, is charged from the month in which a license is acquired / capitalized, while no amortization is charged in the month of expiry / disposal of the license.

#### (ii) Computer software

These are carried at cost less accumulated amortization, and any identified impairment losses. Amortization is calculated, using the straight line method, to allocate the cost of software over their estimated useful lives specified in note 14, and is charged to income for the year. Costs associated with maintaining computer software, are recognized as an expense as and when incurred.

The amortization on computer software acquired during the year is charged from the month in which the software is acquired or capitalized, while no amortization is charged for the month in which the software is disposed off.

#### 5.11 Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates, where the Company has control or significant influence, are measured at cost in the Company's financial statements. The profits and losses of subsidiaries and associates are carried in the financial statements of the respective subsidiaries and associates, and are not dealt within the financial statements of the Company, except to the extent of dividends declared by these subsidiaries and associates.

#### 5.12 Investment in finance lease

Leases in which the Company transfers substantially all the risk and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the lessees are classified as finance leases. Receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of minimum lease payments.

#### 5.13 Impairment of non financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example freehold land, are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment on the date of the statement of financial position, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized, equal to the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Non financial assets that suffered an impairment, are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each statement of financial position date. Reversals of the impairment loss are restricted to the extent that asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss has been recognized. An impairment loss, or the reversal of an impairment loss, are both recognized in the income for the year.

#### 5.14 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost, comprising invoice values and other related charges incurred up to the date of the statement of financial position.

#### 5.15 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at their original invoice amounts, less any estimates made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off as per Company policy.

#### 5.16 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs other than financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are charged to income for the year. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in income for the year.

#### (a) Financial assets

#### Classification and subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: fair value through profit or loss, held to maturity investments, loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date; the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### (i) Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, include financial assets held for trading and financial assets, designated upon initial recognition, at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value, with changes therein recognized in the income for the year. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

#### (ii) Held to maturity

Non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold these assets to maturity. After initial measurement, held to maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment, if any.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (iii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments, that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, these financial assets are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less impairment, if any.

The Company's loans and receivables comprise 'Long term loans and advances', 'Trade debts', 'Loans and advances', 'Accrued interest', 'Receivable from the Government of Pakistan', 'Other receivables' and 'Cash and bank balances'.

#### (iv) Available for sale

Available for sale financial assets are non-derivatives, that are either designated in this category, or not classified in any of the other categories. These are included in non current assets, unless management intends to dispose them off within twelve months of the date of the statement of financial position.

After initial measurement, available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recognized as other comprehensive income, until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in income for the year.

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, are measured at cost.

#### **Impairment**

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is an objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event'), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

#### (b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of other financial liabilities, also include directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

#### (i) fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, include financial liabilities held-for-trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as being at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value, with changes therein recognized in the income for the year.

#### (ii) Other financial liabilities

After initial recognition, other financial liabilities which are interest bearing are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (c) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position, if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and the Company either intends to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 5.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and bank and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 5.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises of the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, for the provision of telecommunication, broadband and related services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities and is recognized net of services tax, rebates and discounts.

The Company principally obtains revenue from providing telecommunication services such as wireline and wireless services, interconnect, data services and equipment sales. Equipment and services may be sold separately or in a bundled package.

Revenue is recognized, when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company, and the amount of revenue and the associated cost incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably, and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities as described below:

#### (i) Rendering of telecommunication services

Revenue from telecommunication services comprises of amounts charged to customers in respect of wireline and wireless services, equipment sales and interconnect, including data services. Revenue also includes the net income received or receivable from revenue sharing arrangements entered into with overseas and local telecommunication operators.

#### (a) Wireline and wireless services

Revenue from wireline services, mainly in respect of line rent, line usage and broadband, is invoiced and recorded as part of a periodic billing cycle.

Revenue from wireless services is recognized on the basis of consumption of prepaid cards which allow the forward purchase of a specified amount of airtime by customers; revenue is recognized as the airtime is utilized. Unutilized airtime is carried as advance from customers.

#### (b) Data services

Revenue from data services is recognized when the services are rendered.

#### (c) Interconnect

Revenue from interconnect services is recognized when the services are rendered.

#### (d) Equipment sales

Revenue from sale of equipment is recognized when the equipment is delivered to the end customer and the sale is considered complete. For equipment sales made to intermediaries, revenue is recognized if the significant risks associated with the equipment are transferred to the intermediary and the intermediary has no right of return. If the significant risks are not transferred, revenue recognition is deferred until sale of the equipment to the end customer by the intermediary or the expiry of the right of return.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(ii) Income on bank deposits

Return on bank deposits is recognized using the effective interest method.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 5.19 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises of current and deferred income tax, and is recognized in income for the year, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case the related tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income.

(a) Current

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the statement of financial position. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns, with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation, and establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(b) Deferred

Deferred income tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred income tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, and the tax rates that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, at the date of the statement of financial position.

#### 5.20 Employees retirement benefits

The Company provides various retirement / post retirement benefit schemes. The plans are generally funded through payments determined by periodic actuarial calculations or up to the limits allowed in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Company has constituted both defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

(a) PTCL Employees GPF Trust

The Company operates an approved funded provident plan covering its permanent employees. For the purposes of this plan, a separate trust, the "PTCL Employees GPF Trust" (the Trust), has been established. Monthly contributions are deducted from the salaries of employees and are paid to the Trust by the Company. In line with the Trust's earnings for a year, the board of trustees approves a profit rate for payment to the members. The approved profit rate for Financial Year 2016 was 11.50% (December 31, 2015: 12%) per annum. The Company contributes to the fund, the differential, if any, of the interest paid / credited for the year and the income earned on the investments made by the Trust.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

The Company provides the following defined benefit plans:

#### (i) Pension plans

The Company accounts for an approved funded pension plan operated through a separate trust, the "Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust" (PTET), for its employees recruited prior to January 01, 1996 when the Company took over the business from PTC. The Company operates an unfunded pension scheme for employees recruited on a regular basis, on or after January 01, 1996.

#### (ii) Gratuity plan

The Company operates an approved funded gratuity plan for its New Terms and Conditions (NTC) employees and contractual employees.

#### (iii) Medical benefits plan

The Company provides a post retirement medical facility to pensioners and their families. Under this unfunded plan, all ex-employees, their spouses, their children up to the age of 21 years (except unmarried daughters who are not subject to the 21 years age limit) and their parents residing with them and any other dependents, are entitled to avail the benefits provided under the scheme. The facility remains valid during the lives of the pensioner and their spouse. Under this facility, there are no annual limits to the cost of drugs, hospitalized treatment and consultation fees.

#### (iv) Accumulating compensated absences

The Company provides a facility to its employees for accumulating their annual earned leaves. Accumulated leaves can be encashed at the end of the employees service, based on the latest drawn gross salary as per Company policy.

#### (v) Benevolent grants

The Company pays prescribed benevolent grants to eligible employees / retirees and their heirs.

The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plans, is the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the date of the statement of financial position less the fair value of plan assets.

The defined benefit obligations are calculated annually, by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The most recent valuations were carried out as at December 31, 2016. The present value of a defined benefit obligation is determined, by discounting the estimated future cash outflows, using the interest rates of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized through other comprehensive income for the year except remeasurement gains and losses arising on compensated absences which are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 6. Share capital

#### 6.1 Authorized share capital

2016 (Number o	2015 f shares '000)		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
11,100,000 3,900,000	11,100,000 3,900,000	"A" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each "B" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	111,000,000 39,000,000	111,000,000 39,000,000
15,000,000	15,000,000		150,000,000	150,000,000

#### 6.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

2016 (Number o	2015 f shares '000)		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
3,774,000	3,774,000	"A" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid for consideration other than cash - note 6.3 and note 6.5.	37,740,000	37,740,000
1,326,000	1,326,000	"B" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid for consideration other than cash - note 6.3 and note 6.6.	13,260,000	13,260,000
5,100,000	5,100,000		51,000,000	51,000,000

- 6.3 These shares were initially issued to the Government of Pakistan, in consideration for the assets and liabilities transferred from Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation (PTC) to Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (PTCL), under the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, as referred to in note 1.
- 6.4 Except for voting rights, the "A" and "B" class ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects. "A" class ordinary shares carry four votes, for the purposes of election of directors. "A" class ordinary shares cannot be converted into "B" class ordinary shares; however, "B" class ordinary shares may be converted into "A" class ordinary shares, at the option, exercisable in writing and submitted to the Company, by the holders of three fourths of the "B" class ordinary shares. In the event of termination of the license issued to the Company, under the provisions of the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, the "B" class ordinary shares shall be automatically converted into "A" class ordinary shares.
- 6.5 The Government of Pakistan, through an "Offer for Sale" document, dated July 30, 1994, issued to its domestic investors, a first tranche of vouchers exchangeable for "A" class ordinary shares of the Company; subsequently, through an Information Memorandum dated September 16, 1994, a second tranche of vouchers was issued to international investors, also exchangeable, at the option of the voucher holders, for "A" class ordinary shares or Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) representing "A" class ordinary shares of the Company. Out of 3,774,000 thousand "A" class ordinary shares, vouchers against 601,084 thousand "A" class ordinary shares were issued to the general public. Till December 31, 2016, 599,543 thousand (December 31, 2015: 599,541 thousand) "A" class ordinary shares had been exchanged for such vouchers.
- 6.6 In pursuance of the privatization of the Company, a bid was held by the Government of Pakistan on June 08, 2005 for sale of "B" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each, conferring management control. Emirates Telecommunication Corporation (Etisalat), UAE was the successful bidder. The 26% (1,326,000,000 shares) "B" class ordinary shares, along with management control, were transferred, with effect from April 12, 2006, to Etisalat International Pakistan (EIP), UAE, which is a subsidiary of Etisalat.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 7. Long term security deposits

These represent non interest bearing security deposits received from the customers of the Company, including security deposits of Rs 3,623 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 3,623 thousand) from Pak Telecom Mobile Limited (PTML), a related party. The Company has adjusted / paid a sum of Rs 2,100 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 45,871 thousand) to its customers during the year against their balances.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
8.	Deferred income tax			
	The liability for deferred taxation comprises of timing differences relating to:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation / amortization Provision for obsolete stores and receivables Remeasurements of employees retirement benefits		10,204,932 (2,940,357) (2,527,315)	11,195,565 (2,757,579) (2,683,139)
			4,737,260	5,754,847
	The gross movement in the deferred tax liability during the year is as follows:			
	Balance at beginning of the year Tax credit recognized in profit and loss Tax charge / (credit) recognized in other comprehensive Tax credit realised in other comprehensive income	34 e income	5,754,847 (1,089,563) 71,976	2,676,026 (751,772) (755,665) 4,586,258
	Balance at end of the year		4,737,260	5,754,847
9.	Employees retirement benefits			
	Liabilities for pension obligations Funded Unfunded	9.1 9.1	5,253,506 3,242,085	11,972,112 2,847,299
			8,495,591	14,819,411
	Gratuity - funded Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded Post retirement medical facility- unfunded Benevolent grants - unfunded	9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1	(106,878) 1,430,188 10,757,583 3,491,524	(48,667) 1,549,917 12,402,849 3,388,349
			24,068,008	32,111,859

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The latest actuarial valuations of the Company's defined benefit plans, were conducted at December 31, 2016 using the projected unit credit method. Details of obligations for defined benefit plans are as follows:

			Pension	ion		Gratuity	Ą	Accumulating Compensated absences	lating 1 absences	Post-retirement medical facility	rement facility	Benevolent grants	t arants	Total	le
		- Fun	Funded	Unfunded	- Jed	Funded	Unfunded	Unfunded	ded	Unfunded		Unfunded	ded		
		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
<del>.</del>	The amounts recognized in the statement of financial position: Present value of defined	<u> </u>													
	beneft obligations Fair value of plan assets -note 9.2	109,098,686 (103,845,180)	109,098,686 103,806,320 103,845,180] [91,834,208]	3,242,085	2,847,299	1,015,885 (1,122,763)	995,288 (1,043,955)	1,430,188	1,549,917	10,757,583	12,402,849	3,491,524	3,388,349	129,035,951 (104,967,943)	124,990,022 (92,878,163)
	Liability at end of the year	5,253,506	11,972,112	3,242,085	2,847,299	(106,878)	(48,667)	1,430,188	1,549,917	10,757,583	12,402,849	3,491,524	3,388,349	24,068,008	32,111,859
[q	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations:														
	Balance at beginning of the year	103,806,320	96,252,022	2,847,299	2,013,560	995,288	895,383	1,549,917	1,403,240	12,402,849	13,258,545	3,388,349	3,189,574	124,990,022	117,012,324
	Current service cost Interest expense (Gains) / losses on settlement	713,588 11,018,573 1,576,158	666,878 11,392,036	204,895 312,340 286,663	136,725 251,006	139,787 87,058 136,378	122,658	61,148 140,628 75,034	76,308 157,427	79,587 1,337,244 165,504	91,125	43,575 344,424 (48,350)	42,573 355,111	1,242,580 13,240,267 2,191,387	1,136,267
		13,308,319	12,058,914	803,898	387,731	363,223	221,663	276,810	233,735	1,582,335	1,718,951	339,649	397,684	16,674,234	15,018,678
	Remeasurements:														
	(Gains) / losses due to														
	experience adjustments	553,609	2,007,006	[34,909]	457,027	[8,772]	(52,814)	[64,712]	[18,446]	[2,493,922]	[2,102,766]	(20,239)	7,396	(2,068,945)	294,403
	VSS settlements	(1,294,606)	•	(358,515)		(176,079)		(192,580)	•	(241,515)		•	•	(2,263,295)	
	Benefits paid	(7,274,956)	(6,511,622)	(12,688)	(11,019)	(157,775)	[98,944]	(139,247)	(68,612)	(492,164)	(471,881)	(216,235)	(203,305)	(8,296,065)	(7,335,383)
	Balance at end of the year	109,098,686	109,098,686 103,806,320	3,242,085	2,847,299	1,015,885	995,288	1,430,188	1,549,917	10,757,583	12,402,849	3,491,524	3,388,349	129,035,951	124,990,022

9.1

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Pen	Pension		Gratuity	nity .	Accumulating compensated absences	ulating d absences	Post-retirement medical facility	rement facility	Benevolent grants	ıt grants	Total	-
		파	Funded	Unfunded	ded	Funded	Unfunded	Unfunded	papu	Unfunded	pap	Unfunded	pap		
		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
ច	Charge for the year:														
	Profit and Loss:														
	Current service cost	713,588	84,848	204,895	136,725	139,787	122,658	61,148	76,308	79,587	91,125	43,575	42,573	1,242,580	1,136,267
	Net Interest expense	658,467	1,125,832	312,340	251,006	(12,118)	81,849	140,628	157,427	1,337,244	1,627,826	344,424	355,111	2,780,985	3,599,051
	Actuarial (gain) / loss	'	-		'	'	1	[64,712]	(18,446)	1	ı	•	1	[64,712]	[18,446]
	(Gains) / losses recognized														
	on settlement	1,576,158	•	286,663	'	136,378	'	75,034	•	165,504	1	(48,350)	,	2,191,387	1
	Contribution from employees Contribution from deputationists	- (2,280)	(2,001)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(21,665)	(21,873)	(21,665)	(21,873)
		2,945,933	1,790,709	803,898	387,731	264,047	204,507	212,098	215,289	1,582,335	1,718,951	317,984	375,811	6,126,295	4,692,998
	Other comprehensive income														
	Remeasurements.														
	Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest income	1,751,684	2,042,432	,	1	20,368	6,171	1	1	1	1	,	1	1,772,052	2,048,603
	(Gains) / losses due to	553 609	2 007 006	[606 78]	457 027	[8 772]	[52 814]	-		[268 867 6]	[2 102 766]	(20)	96E 7	[2 004 233]	312 849
		2,305,293	4,049,438	(34,909)	457,027	11,596	(46,643)	1		(2,493,922)	(2,102,766)	(20,239)	4,396	(232,181)	2,361,452
		5,251,226	5,840,147	768,989	844,758	275,643	157,864	212,098	215,289	(911,587)	(383,815)	297,745	380,207	5,894,114	7,054,450
ਚ	Significant actuarial assumptions at the date of the statement of financial position:	on:													
	Discount rate Firtura Salary / madical cost increase	7 +0 10%	7 to 10%	7 +0 10%	7 to 10%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	11.00%	11.00%	10.50%	10.50%		
	Future pension increase	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	2 '	200	200	200	200	200				
	Rate of increase in benevolent grant Average duration of the obligation	- 10 years	- 10 years	- 18 years	- 18 years	- 6 years	- 6 years	- 6 to 8 years	- 6 to 9 years	- 15 years	- 15 years	2.50% 15 years	2.50% 15 years		
	Expected mortality rate Expected withdrawal rate	SLIC 20 Based on 6	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	r1-2005 xperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	11-2005 xperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	11-2005 xperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	11-2005 xperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	11-2005 xperience		

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			fit pension plan nded		fit gratuity plan nded
		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
9.2	Changes in the fair value of plan assets				
	Balance at beginning of the year Interest income	91,834,208 10,360,106	84,001,066 10,266,204	1,043,955 99,176	- 17,156
	Total payments made to members on behalf of fund	-	-	, 157,775	68,944
	Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest income	(1,751,684)	(2,042,432)	(20,368)	(6,171)
	Contributions made by the Company during the year	11,972,112	6,120,992	=	1,032,970
	Benefits paid	(8,569,562)	(6,511,622)	(157,775)	(68,944)
	Balance at end of the year	103,845,180	91,834,208	1,122,763	1,043,955

9.3 Plan assets for funded defined benefit pension plan are comprised as follows:

·	. 20	116	2015	
	Rs '000	Percentage	Rs '000	Percentage
Debt instruments - unquoted				
- Special Savings Accounts	83,863,724	80.75	68,692,370	74.80
- Defense Savings Certificates	1,730,540	1.67	1,540,027	1.68
- Pakistan Investment Bonds	3,042,900	2.93	3,040,388	3.31
	88,637,164	85.35	73,272,785	79.79
Cash and cash equivalents				
- Term deposits	5,019,748	4.83	9,744,934	10.61
- Cash & bank balances	1,856,934	1.79	881,181	0.96
	6,876,682	6.62	10,626,115	11.57
Investment property				
- Telecom tower	6,419,302	6.18	6,395,158	6.96
- Telehouse	1,734,653	1.67	1,724,073	1.88
	8,153,955	7.85	8,119,231	8.84
Fixed assets	7,950	0.01	6,921	0.01
Other assets	1,679,828	1.62	21,347	0.02
	105,355,579	101.45	92,046,399	100.23
Liabilities				
- Amount due to PTCL	(1,308,137)	(1.26)	[116]	0.00
- Accrued & other liabilities	(202,262)	(0.19)	(212,075)	(0.23)
	(1,510,399)	(1.45)	(212,191)	(0.23)
	103,845,180	100.00	91,834,208	100.00

**9.4** Plan assets for defined gratuity fund are comprised as follows:

	20	)16	2015		
	Rs '000	Percentage	Rs '000	Percentage	
Term deposit receipt Other assets Bank balances	1,117,418 963 4,382	99.52 0.09 0.39	1,041,633 - 2,322	99.78 0.00 0.22	
	1,122,763	100.00	1,043,955	100.00	



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

**7.5** The expected contributions in the next financial year to be paid to the funded pension plan and funded gratuity plan by the Company is Rs 1,163,934 thousand and Rs 124,535 thousand respectively.

#### 9.6 Sensitivity analysis

The calculations of the defined benefits obligation is sensitive to the significant actuarial assumptions set out in note 9.1 (d). The table below summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) as a result of change in the respective assumptions.

	Impact on defined	benefit obligation
	1% Increase in assumption	1% Decrease in assumption
	Rs '000	Rs '000
Future salary / medical cost		
Pension - funded Pension - unfunded Gratuity - funded Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded Post-retirement medical facility - unfunded	1,206,543 332,719 85,319 140,020 1,320,408	(1,097,113) (293,816) (75,671) (123,897) (1,092,627)
Discount rate Pension - funded Pension - unfunded Gratuity - funded Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded Post-retirement medical facility - unfunded Benevolent grants - unfunded	(8,301,525) (477,698) (74,379) (121,786) (1,221,888) (267,122)	9,829,234 602,491 85,319 140,020 1,503,771 310,803
Future pension increase Pension - funded Pension - unfunded	8,535,302 245,927	(7,289,489) (206,413)
Benevolent grants Benevolent grants - unfunded	313,247	(269,375)
Expected mortality rates		
	Increase by 1 year	Decrease by 1 year
	Rs '000	Rs '000
Pension - funded Pension - unfunded Gratuity - funded Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded Post-retirement medical facility - unfunded Benevolent grants - unfunded	(2,504,989) (41,771) (13,088) (18,428) (298,982) (97,039)	2,489,901 40,650 12,737 17,931 300,125 97,409

The above sensitivity analysis are based on changes in assumptions while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied when calculating the liability recognized within the statement of financial position.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

**9.7** Through its defined benefit pension plans the Company is exposed to a number of actuarial and investment risks, the most significant of which include, interest rate risk, property market risk and longetivity risk for pension plan and salary risk for all the plans.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
10.	Deferred government grants			
	Balance at beginning of the year Recognised during the year Amortization for the year	32	8,926,403 275,521 (607,004)	6,848,180 2,606,362 (528,139)
	Balance at end of the year		8,594,920	8,926,403

These represent grants received from the Universal Service Fund, as assistance towards the development of telecommunication infrastructure in rural areas, comprising telecom infrastructure projects for basic telecom access, transmission and broadband services spread across the country.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
11.	Trade and other payables			
	Trade creditors Accrued liabilities VSS payable Receipts against third party works Income tax collected from subscribers / deducted at source Sales tax payable Advances from customers	11.1 11.1	9,727,807 23,532,610 4,963,083 1,131,961 214,934 756,881 5,409,286	9,318,684 19,770,664 151,342 1,172,939 97,496 117,019 4,918,955
	Technical services assistance fee Retention money / payable to contractors and	29.2	8,251,719	4,149,636
	suppliers for fixed assets Dividend payable / unclaimed dividend Other liabilities	11.1	4,712,531 207,167 234,933	6,526,717 373,132 217,599
			59,142,912	46,814,183
11.1	Trade and other payables include payables to the following related parties:			
	Trade creditors Pak Telecom Mobile Limited U Microfinance Bank Limited DVCOM Data (Private) Limited Etisalat - UAE Etisalat - Afghanistan Etisalat - Srilanka Thuraya Satellite Telecommunication Company Etisalat - Nigeria Etisalat - Egypt Telecom Foundation TF Pipes Limited The Government of Pakistan and its related entities		266,709 4,610 357,000 84,593 29,529 15,551 3,700 1,176 35 63,064 4,160 1,273,213	5,758 153,000 39,005 75,997 20,279 17,548 642 31 64,466 2,750 3,812,018
	Retention money / payable to contractors and suppliers for fixed assets  TF Pipes Limited		1,167	1,231
	These halances relate to the normal course of husiness of th	a Campany		ŕ



These balances relate to the normal course of business of the Company and are interest free.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 12. Contingencies and commitments

#### Contingencies

- 12.1 Against the decision of Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) upholding tax authorities' decision to impose FED amounting to Rs 474,417 thousand on Technical Services Assistance fee assuming that the fee is against franchise arrangement for the period from July 2007 to June 2010, Honorable Islamabad High Court remanded the cases back to ATIR with the directions to decide the cases afresh. Accordingly, the stay order earlier granted by the Honorable Islamabad High Court upholds. Similarly, against an order of the Punjab Revenue Authority (PRA) for the services sales tax demand of Rs 461,629 thousands on Technical Services Assistance fee assuming that the fee is against franchise arrangement for the period from Oct 2012 to Dec 2014, the appeal is subjudice before the Commissioner-Appeals, and the stay order from the Honorable Lahore High Court is also in place.
- 12.2 Based on an audit of certain monthly returns of the FED, a demand of Rs 1,289,957 thousand was raised on the premise that the Company did not apportion the input tax between allowable and exempt supplies. The Company is in appeal before the ATIR, which is pending adjudication. Meanwhile, the Honorable Islamabad High Court has granted a stay order in this regard.
- **12.3** Against the decision of Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) imposing sales tax of Rs 4,417 million on revenues from international incoming calls for 2012 and 2013, the appeal is pending adjudication before the Commissioner Appeals. Meanwhile, the Honorable Sindh High Court has granted a stay order against any coercive action.
- 12.4 Against the decision of the Customs Appellate Tribunal imposing additional custom duties, a reference as well as writ petition against order passed by the Custom Tribunal is pending before the Honorable Sindh High Court. Further, through the petition filed before the Honorable Sindh High Court stay order has been obtained against order of the Tribunal. The Honorable Sind High Court has stayed the recovery of the levies amounting to Rs 932,942 thousand.
- 12.5 For the tax year 2007, after allowance of certain expenses by ATIR, an appeal is pending before ATIR for certain other disallowed expenses with tax impact of Rs 27,640 thousand. This is in addition to earlier disallowed expense of satellite charges (tax impact Rs 80,850 thousand) by ATIR for which the reference application filed by the Company is pending adjudication before the Honorable Islamabad High Court.
- 12.6 For the tax year 2008, ATIR, while disposing off the Company's appeal against the tax demand of Rs 4,559,208 thousand on the basis that the Company applied incorrect withholding tax rate for payments to Voluntary Separation Scheme optees, remanded the case back to the Taxation Officer for verification of filing of options before the concerned Commissioners. The Company has also filed a reference application with the Honorable Islamabad High Court, which is pending adjudication.
- **12.7** For the tax year 2008, the tax authorities filed an appeal before ATIR against the decision of the Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) Appeals allowing certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 2,126,648 thousand.
- 12.8 For the tax year 2009, after appeal effect order issued by taxation officer, tax impact of the disallowed expenses amounted to Rs 1,113,058 thousand. The Company has filed appeal before ATIR and also filed reference application before the Honorable Islamabad High Court.
- **12.9** For the tax year 2010, CIR Appeals allowed certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 3,955,783 thousand. For the other disallowed expenses with tax impact of Rs 1,251,913 thousand, the appeal is pending before ATIR.
- **12.10** For the tax year 2011, taxation officer disallowed certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 3,860,358 thousand, after taking into account the order of CIR Appeals as well as rectification orders. The Company has filed an appeal before ATIR, pending adjudication.
- **12.11** For the tax year 2013, taxation officer disallowed certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 1,130,787 thousand. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals), pending adjudication.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

- **12.12** For the tax year 2014, CIR (Appeals) has remanded back certain expenses earlier disallowed by Assessing Officer with tax impact of Rs 864,692 thousand for de novo consideration.
- 12.13 With regard to the appeals filed by the Company before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the orders passed by various High Courts, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan dismissed such appeals through announcement of the earlier-reserved order on 12<sup>th</sup> June, 2015. Based on the directives contained in the said order and the pertinent legal provisions, the Company is evaluating extent of its responsibility vis-à-vis such order. The Company, the Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust and the Federal Government have filed Review Petition before the Apex Court in this regard. Under the circumstances, the management of the Company is of the view, it is not possible at this stage to ascertain the financial obligations, if any, flowing from the Honorable Supreme Court decision which could be disclosed in these financial statements. In the meanwhile, PTET has issued notices to prospective beneficiaries for the determination of their entitlements. Further, through a separate order dated 27<sup>th</sup> May 2016, the Honorable Lahore High Court decided that the pensioners who availed VSS package are not entitled to pension increases announced by the Government of Pakistan.
- 12.14 The Company implemented policy directives of Ministry of Information Technology conveyed by the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority regarding termination of all international incoming calls into Pakistan. On suspension of these directives by the Honorable Lahore High Court, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan dismissed the pertinent writ petitions by directing Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) to decide the case. The Honorable Sindh High Court suspended the adverse decision of CCP and the case is pending for adjudication.
- **12.15** A total of 1,432 cases (December 31, 2015: 1,470 cases) have been filed against the Company primarily involving subscribers, regulators, retirees and employees. Because of the large number of cases and their uncertain nature, it is not possible to quantify their financial impact at present.
- **12.16** No provision on account of above contingencies has been made in these financial statements as the management and the tax / legal advisors of the Company are of the view, that these matters will eventually be settled in favour of the Company.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
12.1	7 Bank guarantees and bid bonds issued in favor of:	:		
	Universal Service Fund (USF) against government of Others	grants	5,369,370 887,721	5,474,006 592,621
			6,257,091	6,066,627
12.1	8 Commitments			
	Contracts for capital expenditure		4,594,721	6,050,252
13.	Property, plant and equipment			
	Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	13.1 13.6	85,046,586 9,732,897	88,231,816 6,680,230
			94,779,483	94,912,046



### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

13.1 Operating fixed assets

	Гa	Land	Buildings on	ds on								
	Freehold - note 13.2	Leasehold	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Lines and wires	Apparatus, plant and equipment	Submarine cables	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Total
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
As at January 01, 2015 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	1,637,720	90,026 (30,023)	11,450,147 (4,450,123)	1,011,778 (494,427)	116,717,956 (95,903,416)	171,152,540 (122,784,305)	11,305,616 (5,830,674)	1,055,141 (708,037)	1,319,519 (906,665)	521,668 (430,821)	1,880,170 (1,531,562)	318,142,281 (233,070,053)
Net book amount	1,637,720	60,003	7,000,024	517,351	20,814,540	48,368,235	5,474,942	347,104	412,854	90,847	348,608	85,072,228
Year ended December 31, 2015 Opening net book amount Additions	1,637,720	- 60,003	7,000,024 535,913	517,351 2,277	20,814,540 5,532,729	48,368,235 9,804,779	5,474,942	347,104 405,539	412,854 245,504	90,847	348,608 114,583	85,072,228 17,187,929
Ursposats Cost Accumulated depreciation	(31)	1 1	(1,474)	(35)	(24,661) 24,661	(122,270) 92,152	1 1	1 1	[553] 547	1 1	(21,946)	(170,970) 139,465
Depreciation charge for the year - note 13.4 Impairment charge - note 13.5	(31)	- (1,840) -	(850) (288,438)	(22) (25,298) -	- (3,138,328) -	(30,118) (8,754,489) (161,241)	- (1,148,909) -	- [65,804]	(6) (247,315)	- (21,148) -	(478) (144,026)	(31,505) (13,835,595) (161,241)
Net book amount	1,637,689	58,163	7,246,649	494,308	23,208,941	49,227,166	4,824,614	68,839	411,037	117,723	318,687	88,231,816
As at January 01, 2016  Cost  Accumulated depreciation and impairment	1,637,689	90,026 (31,863)	11,984,586 [4,737,937]	1,014,020	122,226,024	180,835,049 (131,607,883)	11,804,197	1,460,680 [773,841]	1,564,470 (1,153,433)	569,692 (451,969)	1,972,807	335,159,240 [246,927,424]
Net book amount	1,637,689	58,163	7,246,649	494,308	23,208,941	49,227,166	4,824,614	686,839	411,037	117,723	318,687	88,231,816
Year ended December 31, 2016 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals - note 13.3	1,637,689	58,163	7,246,649 436,918	494,308 2,540	23,208,941	49,227,166	4,824,614	686,839	411,037 243,486	30,743	318,687 306,915	88,231,816 10,929,584
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(256,071) 210,271	(313,053) 312,099	1 1	1 1	(12,490) 12,490	1 1	(76,109) 61,397	(657,723) 596,257
	'	'	,   	'	[45,800]	[624]	,	'	'		(14,712)	[61,466]
Depreciation charge for the year - note 13.4 Impairment charge - note 13.5	1 1	(1,277)	(302,122)	(25,398)	[3,137,097] [135,960]	[8,587,838] (663,915]	[661,686]	(116,756)	(257,500)	(22,720)	[141,079]	(13,253,473) (799,875)
Net book amount	1,637,689	26,886	7,381,445	471,450	24,381,099	076'896'97	4,533,421	1,023,076	397,023	125,746	469,811	85,046,586
As at December 31, 2016												
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	1,637,689	90,026 (33,140)	12,421,504 (5,040,059)	1,016,560 (545,110)	126,460,968 (102,079,869)	185,116,477 (140,547,537)	12,174,690 (7,641,269)	1,913,673 (890,597)	1,795,466 (1,398,443)	600,435 (474,689)	2,203,613 (1,733,802)	345,431,101 (260,384,515)
Net book amount	1,637,689	26,886	7,381,445	471,450	24,381,099	44,568,940	4,533,421	1,023,076	397,023	125,746	469,811	85,046,586
Annual rate of depreciation [%]	ı	1 to 3.3	2.5	2.5		10 to 20	6.67 to 8.33	10	33.33	10	20	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

13.2 As explained in note 1, the property and rights vesting in the operating assets, as at January 01, 1996, were transferred to the Company from Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation, under the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996. However, the title to certain freehold land properties, were not formally transferred in the name of the Company in the land revenue records. The Company initiated the process of transfer of title to freehold land, in its own name, in previous years, which is still ongoing and shall be completed in due course of time.

#### 13.3 Disposals of property, plant and equipment:

Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book amount	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchaser
Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000		
(256,071) (313,053) (76,109)	210,271 312,099 61,397	(45,800) (954) (14,712)	31,380 5,895 48,800	Auction Auction Auction	Various buyers Various buyers Various buyers
(12,490) (657,723)	12,490 596,257	- (61,466)	1,015 87,090	Auction	Various buyers
	Rs '000 (256,071) (313,053) (76,109)	Cost         depreciation           Rs '000         Rs '000           (256,071)         210,271           (313,053)         312,099           (76,109)         61,397           (12,490)         12,490	Cost         depreciation         amount           Rs '000         Rs '000         Rs '000           [256,071]         210,271         [45,800]           [313,053]         312,099         [954]           [76,109]         61,397         [14,712]           [12,490]         12,490         -	Cost         depreciation         amount         proceeds           Rs '000         Rs '000         Rs '000         Rs '000           [256,071]         210,271         (45,800)         31,380           [313,053]         312,099         (954)         5,895           [76,109]         61,397         (14,712)         48,800           [12,490]         12,490         -         1,015	Cost         depreciation         amount         proceeds         disposal           Rs '000         Rs '000         Rs '000         Rs '000           (256,071)         210,271         (45,800)         31,380         Auction           (313,053)         312,099         (954)         5,895         Auction           (76,109)         61,397         (14,712)         48,800         Auction           (12,490)         12,490         -         1,015         Auction

**13.4** The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Cost of services	28	12,972,406	13,555,658
Administrative and general expenses	29	210,800	209,953
Selling and marketing expenses	30	70,267	69,984
		13,253,473	13,835,595

13.5 The carrying amount of certain items of apparatus, plant and equipment and lines and wires have been reduced to their recoverable amount through recognition of an impairment loss of Rs 799,875 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 161,241 thousand). This loss has been included in 'cost of services' in the statement of profit and loss. The impairment charge arose due to obsolence of WLL asset items in apparatus, plant and equipment and line and wire.

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
13.6	Capital work in progress		
	Buildings	341,443	407,537
	Lines and wires	7,377,479	5,405,231
	Apparatus, plant and equipment	1,111,702	335,578
	Advances to suppliers	851,470	524,022
	Others	50,803	7,862
	13.7	9,732,897	6,680,230
13.7	Movement during the year		
	Balance at beginning of the year	6,680,230	9,379,833
	Additions during the year	14,102,562	14,679,179
	Transfers during the year	(11,049,895)	(17,378,782)
	Balance at end of the year	9,732,897	6,680,230



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Addition in capital work in progress includes an amount of Rs 1,473,347 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 1,632,968 thousand), in respect of direct overheads relating to development of assets.

		Note	Licenses and spectrum Rs '000	Computer software Rs '000	Total Rs '000
14.	<b>Intangible assets</b> As at January 01, 2015				
	Cost Accumulated amortization		6,531,307 (2,449,703)	1,197,749 (452,931)	7,729,056 (2,902,634)
	Net book amount		4,081,604	744,818	4,826,422
	Year ended December 31, 2015 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge for the year Derecongnition during the year Cost Accumulated amortization	14.2	4,081,604 98,487 (292,724) (2,500,000) 397,727 (2,102,273)	744,818 282,013 (272,865) - -	4,826,422 380,500 (565,589) (2,500,000) 397,727 (2,102,273)
	Net book amount		1,785,094	753,966	2,539,060
	As at January 01, 2016 Cost Accumulated amortization		4,129,794 (2,344,700)	1,479,762 (725,796)	5,609,556 (3,070,496)
	Net book amount	14.1	1,785,094	753,966	2,539,060
	Year ended December 31, 2016 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge for the year	28	1,785,094 - (206,180)	753,966 251,892 (251,983)	2,539,060 251,892 (458,163)
	Net book amount		1,578,914	753,875	2,332,789
	As at December 31, 2016 Cost Accumulated amortization		4,129,794 (2,550,880)	1,731,654 (977,779)	5,861,448 (3,528,659)
	Net book amount	14.1	1,578,914	753,875	2,332,789

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
14.1 Breakup of net book amounts as at year end is as	follows:		
Licenses and spectrum Telecom WLL spectrum WLL and LDI License IPTV	14.2 14.2 14.3 14.4	39,893 1,387,207 151,814	49,867 1,566,205 166,370 2,652
Computer software SAP - Enterprise Resource	14.5	1,578,914	1,785,094
Planning (ERP) system HP OSS BnCC software Caller details record collector system BnCC Oracle system Customer Relationship Management (CRM) OEM Comptel software (HP OSS) Carrier software license (WLL) Kron Licenses Integarted performance management system		72,086 1,142 158,367 1,981 55,490 33,662 339,701 6,667 10,308 74,471	115,337 7,991 184,150 3,810 103,053 62,516 259,110 7,070 10,929
		753,875	753,966
		2,332,789	2,539,060

- 14.2 The Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) has issued a license to the Company, to provide telecommunication services in Pakistan, for a period of 25 years, commencing January 01,1996, at an agreed license fee of Rs 249,344 thousand. In June 2005 PTA modified the previously issued license to provide telecommunication services to include a spectrum license at an agreed license fee of Rs 3,646,884 thousand. This license allows the Company to provide Wireless Local Loop (WLL) services in Pakistan, over a period of 20 years, commencing October 2004. The cost of the license is being amortized on a straight line basis over the period of the license.
  - The Company has vacated 1900 MHz spectrum in nine telecom regions acquired from Telecard Limited in September 2013 due to certain conditions mandatory to complete the transaction as stipulated in agreements embodying the commercial arrangement remaining unfulfilled.
- 14.3 PTA has issued a license under section 5 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Council Adaptation of Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, the Northern Areas Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 2005 and the Northern Areas Telecommunication (Re-organization) (Adaptation and Enforcement) Order 2006, to the Company to establish, maintain and operate a telecommunication system in Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan, for a period of 20 years, commencing May 28, 2008, at an agreed license fee of Rs 109,270 thousand. During the year 2015, PTA allocated additional spectrum for WLL services in Azad Jammu & Kashmir (AJ&K) and Gilgit-Baltistan (GB) for Rs 98,487 thousand. The duration of the License shall be for the remaining period of the existing WLL licenses. The cost of the licenses is being amortized, on a straight line basis, over the period of the licenses.
- 14.4 On the expiry of the existing IPTV license by Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority (PEMRA) in November 2016 which was effective from November 02, 2011, at an agreed license fee of Rs 15,910 thousand for a period of 5 years, the license renewal application was duly filed and is under process with the regulator.
- 14.5 Cost of computer software except for SAP-ERP, Carrier software license and Kron license is being amortized, on a straight line basis, over a period of 5 years. Cost of SAP Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system is being amortized, on a straight line basis, over a period of 10 years and Carrier software license and Kron license are being amortized, on a straight line basis, over a period of 15 years.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	No	ote	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
15.	Long term investments			
		5.1 5.2	7,893,400 83,900	7,893,400 83,900
			7,977,300	7,977,300
15.1	Investments in subsidiaries and associate - at cost (unquoted)			
	Wholly owned subsidiaries			
	Pak Telecom Mobile Limited - Islamabad 650,000,000 (December 31, 2015: 650,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Shares held 100% (December 31, 2015: 100%)		6,500,000	6,500,000
	U Microfinance Bank Limited - Islamabad 128,571,429 (December 31, 2015: 128,571,429) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Shares held 100% (December 31, 2015: 100%)		1,283,857	1,283,857
	DVCOM Data (Private) Limited - Karachi 10,000 (December 31, 2015: 10,000 ) ordinary shares of Rs 100 each Shares held 100% (December 31, 2015: 100%)		1,000	1,000
	Smart Sky (Private) Limited - Islamabad 10,000,000 (December 31, 2015: 10,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Shares held 100% (December 31, 2015: 100%)		100,000	100,000
	Shares field 100% (December 31, 2013, 100%)		7,884,857	7,884,857
	Associate		, ,	
	TF Pipes Limited - Islamabad 1,658,520 (December 31, 2015: 1,658,520) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each			
	Shares held 40% (December 31, 2015: 40%) Less: Impairment loss on investment		23,539 (14,996)	23,539 (14,996)
			8,543	8,543
			7,893,400	7,893,400
	All subsidiaries and associated companies are incorporated in F	Pakistan		
15.2	Other investments			
	Available for sale investments - unquoted			
	Thuraya Satellite Telecommunication Company - Dubai, UAE 3,670,000 (December 31, 2015: 3,670,000) ordinary shares of AED 1 each		63,900	63,900
	Alcatel - Lucent Pakistan Limited - Islamabad 2,000,000 (December 31, 2015: 2,000,000)		,	-, -
	ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		20,000	20,000
			83,900	83,900

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
16.	Long term loans and advances - considered good			
	Loans to employees - secured Imputed interest	16.1.1	476,060 (107,471)	529,539 (121,996)
	Advances to suppliers against turnkey contracts Others	16.1 16.2	368,589 1,858,636 21,626	407,543 1,950,821 26,639
			2,248,851	2,385,003
	Current portion shown under current assets Loans to employees - secured	20	(96,094)	(123,877)
			2,152,757	2,261,126

- 16.1 These loans and advances are for house building and purchase of vehicles, motor cycles and bicycles. Loans to executive employees of the Company carry interest at the rate of 11.50% per annum (December 31, 2015: 12% per annum), whereas, loans to employees other than executive employees are interest free. These loans are recoverable in equal monthly installments spread over a period of 5 to 10 years and are secured against retirement benefits of the employees.
- **16.1.1** Reconciliation of carrying amounts of loans to executives and other employees:

	As at January 01, 2016	Disbursements	Repayments	Write offs	As at December 31, 2016
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Executives	2,173	200	(1,067)	(249)	1,057
Other employees	527,366	136,121	(135,143)	(53,341)	475,003
	529,539	136,321	(136,210)	(53,590)	476,060
	As at January 01, 2015	Disbursements	Repayments	Write offs	As at December 31, 2015
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Executives	3,835	200	(1,862)	-	2,173
Executives Other employees	3,835 501,864	200 192,948	(1,862) (167,446)	- -	2,173 527,366

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Maximum amount of loan to executives and other employees outstanding at any time during the year		
Executives Other employees	2,173 583,203	3,835 527,366

**16.2** These represent various non interest bearing advances issued to the Company's vendors under turnkey contracts.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
17.	Investment in finance lease		
	Gross investment in finance lease Imputed interest	107,675 (16,132)	180,116 (31,748)
	Present value of minimum lease payments receivable Current portion shown under current assets	91,543 (53,030)	148,368 (52,255)
		38,513	96,113

#### 17.1 Details of investment in finance lease

	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	Total
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Gross investment in finance lease Imputed interest	59,129 (6,099)	48,546 (10,033)	107,675 (16,132)
Present value of minimum lease payments receivable	53,030	38,513	91,543

This represents motor cycles leased out to employees of the Company. The cost will be recovered in 48 equal monthly installments.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
18.	Stores, spares and loose tools			
	Stores, spares and loose tools Provision for obsolescence	18.1	4,044,970 (1,302,176)	3,980,323 (1,039,898)
			2,742,794	2,940,425
18.1	Provision for obsolescence			
	Balance at beginning of the year Provision during the year	28	1,039,898 262,278	735,130 304,768
	Balance at end of the year		1,302,176	1,039,898

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
19.	Trade debts - unsecured			
	Domestic Considered good Considered doubtful	19.1	12,369,290 7,932,382	12,455,713 7,327,064
	International		20,301,672	19,782,777
	Considered good Considered doubtful	19.2	1,858,684 65,270	1,848,326 65,270
			1,923,954	1,913,596
	Provision for doubtful debts	19.3	22,225,626 (7,997,652)	21,696,373 (7,392,334)
			14,227,974	14,304,039
19.1	These include amounts due from the following related	parties:		
	Pak Telecom Mobile Limited		596,219	333,757
	U Microfinance Bank Limited The Government of Pakistan and its related entities		735 1,504,503	837 1,573,068
	THE GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN AND ITS FETATED ENTITIES		2,101,457	1,907,662
19.2	These include amounts due from the following related	parties:		
	Etisalat - UAE		290,364	67,752
	Etisalat - Afghanistan		7,712	24,178
	Etihad Etisalat Company The Government of Pakistan and its related entities		8,126 17,886	41,126 26,950
	The Government of Fakistan and its related entitles		324,088	160,006
	These amounts are interest free and are accrued in the	normal course		,
			2016	2015
		Note	Rs '000	Rs '000
19.3	Provision for doubtful debts			
	Balance at beginning of the year Provision for the year	29	7,392,334 2,350,210	6,806,327 2,651,969
	Write off against provision		9,742,544 (1,744,892)	9,458,296 (2,065,962)
	Balance at end of the year		7,997,652	7,392,334
20.	Loans and advances - considered good			
	Current portion of long term loans to employees Advances to suppliers and contractors	16 20.1	96,094 580,462	123,877 1,469,222
			676,556	1,593,099



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

**20.1** These include Rs 7,036 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 200 thousand) to TF Pipes Limited , a related party.

	Note	!	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
21.	Accrued interest			
	Return on bank deposits Interest receivable on loans to employees - secured		190,893 41,009	72,701 55,473
			231,902	128,174
22.	Recoverable from tax authorities			
	Income tax 22.1		11,733,763	15,362,097
	Federal excise duty Provision for doubtful amount		3,283,111 (466,176)	3,283,111 (466,176)
			2,816,935	2,816,935
			14,550,698	18,179,032
22.1	Movement in income tax recoverable			
	Balance at beginning of the year Current tax charge for the year Paid during the year Refunds received during the year Tax effect of prior period re-measurement losses allowed		15,362,097 (4,455,826) 2,493,286 (1,665,794)	13,101,156 (5,264,291) 2,938,974 - 4,586,258
	Balance at end of the year		11,733,763	15,362,097

#### 23. Receivable from the Government of Pakistan - considered good

This represents the balance amount receivable from the Government of Pakistan, on account of its agreed share in the Voluntary Separation Scheme, offered to the Company's employees during the year ended June 30, 2008.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
24.	Prepayments and other receivables			
	Prepayments			
	<ul><li>Pakistan Telecommunication Authority</li><li>Prepaid rent and others</li></ul>	, a related party	45,692 236,731	35,856 202,714
			282,423	238,570
	Other receivables - considered good			
	Due from related parties:			
	<ul> <li>Pak Telecom Mobile Limited</li> <li>Etisalat, UAE</li> <li>Pakistan Telecommunication Employed</li> <li>PTCL Employees GPF Trust</li> <li>Smart Sky (Pvt) Limited</li> <li>DVCOM Data (Pvt) Limited</li> </ul>	es Trust	3,427,483 71,305 1,308,137 258,844 - 2,698,999	1,708,944 71,305 116 6,812 624 2,797,673
	Others		232,045	158,038
	Others		7,996,813	4,743,512
			8,279,236	4,743,312
	Considered doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables		185,239 (185,239)	185,239 (185,239)
			-	-
			8,279,236	4,982,082
25.	Short term investments			
	Term deposits - maturity upto 6 months Term deposits	25.1	24,000,000	23,011,392
	- maturity upto 3 months	25.1	-	3,027,411
			24,000,000	26,038,803
25.1	Term deposits			
		Maturity Upto		
	National Bank of Pakistan JS Bank Limited Tameer Microfinance Bank limited Khushhali Microfinance Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan National Bank of Pakistan	June 18,2017 June 18,2017 June 18,2017 June 19,2017 February 16, 2016 June 22, 2016 June 23, 2016	20,000,000 3,000,000 500,000 - - -	- - - 3,027,411 22,009,282 1,002,110
			24,000,000	26,038,803



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

**25.2** Term deposits carry interest rate ranging between 6.30% and 7.05% (December 31, 2015: 7.25% and 7.70%) per annum.

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
25.3	Movement in available for sale investments during the year:		
	Balance at beginning of the year Additions during the year	-	6,441,389 1,025,000
	Disposals during the year		
	Cost Gain on disposal of available for sale investments transferred	-	(7,137,350)
	from other comprehensive income to other income	-	(329,039)
		-	(7,466,389)
	Unrealized gain transferred to other comprehensive income	-	-
	Balance at end of the year	-	-
26.	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash in hand	51	90
	Balances with banks: Deposit accounts local currency - note 26.1 Current accounts	5,236,722	1,673,024
	Local currency Foreign currency (USD 663 thousand	596,044	499,275
	(December 31, 2015: USD 361 thousand))	69,327	37,759
		665,371	537,034
		5,902,144	2,210,148

- **26.1** The balances in deposit accounts, carry mark-up ranging between 4% and 8.50% (December 31, 2015: 4% and 6%) per annum. This deposit account includes Rs. 530,034 thousand with U Microfinance Bank Limited a related party.
- **26.2** Deposit accounts include Nil (December 31, 2015: Rs 152,724 thousand) under lien of bank, against letters of guarantees and letters of credits issued on behalf of the Company.
- **26.3** Bank balance includes Rs 38,484 thousands (December 31, 2015: Rs. 9,950 thousand) carrying profit at the rate of 4% (December 31, 2015: 4%) per annum from Shariah arrangements.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
27.	Revenue			
	Domestic International	27.1 27.2	64,672,135 7,004,182	68,081,795 8,025,097
	Discount		71,676,317 (256,217)	76,106,892 (354,917)
			71,420,100	75,751,975

**27.1** Domestic revenue is exclusive of Federal Excise Duty / Sales Tax of Rs 5,851,058 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 6,379,661 thousand).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

27.2 International revenue represents revenue from foreign network operators, for calls that originate outside Pakistan, and has been shown net of interconnect costs relating to other operators and Access Promotion Charges, aggregating to Rs 3,519,111 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 3,796,503 thousand).

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
28.	Cost of services			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Call centre charges Interconnect costs Foreign operators costs and satellite charges Fuel and power Communication Stores, spares and loose tools consumed Provision for obsolete stores, spares and loose tools Rent, rates and taxes Repairs and maintenance Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Amortization of intangible assets Impairment on property, plant and equipment Annual license fee to Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA)	28.1 18.1 13.4 14 13.5	11,998,145 856,199 2,019,080 6,801,085 4,194,428 18,398 2,818,073 262,278 2,483,691 3,885,784 473,808 13,441 12,972,406 458,163 799,875 303,489	12,507,003 829,875 2,053,986 7,755,648 4,521,649 9,267 4,315,083 304,768 2,149,126 4,279,720 446,436 18,073 13,555,658 565,589 161,241 310,467
			50,358,343	53,783,589

**28.1** This includes Rs 3,273,934 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 3,904,682 thousand) in respect of employees retirement benefits.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
29.	Administrative and general expenses			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Call centre charges Fuel and power Rent, rates and taxes Repairs and maintenance Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Technical services assistance fee Legal and professional charges Auditors' remuneration Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Research and development fund Provision against doubtful debts Provision for impairment in investment Postage and courier services Donations Other expenses	29.1 29.2 29.3 13.4 29.4 29.5 15.3	1,222,491 128,430 315,699 219,814 22,734 7,315 107,525 2,364,028 386,779 7,500 210,800 310,517 2,132,017 - 282,109 390 1,051,988	1,274,339 124,481 340,327 204,019 25,039 6,893 144,587 2,478,497 491,622 7,500 209,953 326,500 2,651,969 14,996 298,186 3,535 1,179,815
			8,770,136	9,782,258



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

- **29.1** This includes Rs 333,581 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 397,848 thousand) in respect of employees retirement benefits.
- **29.2** This represents the Company's share of the amount payable to Etisalat UAE, a related party, under an agreement for technical services, at the rate of 3.5%, of the PTCL group's consolidated revenue.

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
29.3	Auditors' remuneration		
	Statutory audit, including half yearly review Out of pocket expenses	7,000 500	7,000 500
		7,500	7,500

- 29.4 This represents the Company's contribution to the National Information Communication Technology Research and Development Fund (National ICT R&D Fund), at the rate of 0.5% of its gross revenue less inter operator payments and related PTA / FAB mandated payments, in accordance with the terms and conditions of its license to provide telecommunication services.
- **29.5** Net of recoveries amounting to Rs 218,193 thousand.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
30.	Selling and marketing expenses			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Call centre charges Sales and distribution charges Fuel and power Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Advertisement and publicity Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	30.1	1,199,814 85,620 809,928 93,210 4,885 13,441 852,703 70,267	1,250,700 82,987 1,096,091 100,481 4,603 18,073 891,481 69,984
			3,129,868	3,514,400

**30.1** This includes Rs 327,393 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 390,468 thousand) in respect of employees retirement benefits.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 31. Voluntary Separation Scheme Cost

In financial year 2016, the Company offered a Voluntary Separation Scheme (VSS) to certain categories of its employees. The benefits offered over and above the accumulated post retirement benefit obligations as at December 31, 2016 had been treated as VSS cost. Out of 1,842 employees who opted for the Scheme, 1,262 belong to pension scheme both funded and unfunded pension schemes and 580 to gratuity scheme. The amount of actuarial gain / loss on settlement for employees who had opted for VSS had been adjusted / charged against the VSS cost. The break-up of the VSS cost is as follows:

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Actuarial loss recognized on settlement Other VSS cost		2,191,387	-
Transition pay Early bird / late flight bonuses Allowance benefits Programme bonus Health fund NCPG Minimum package adjustment Loans written off Others	31.1	1,443,121 358,100 369,786 73,950 55,826 10,293 83,833 15,083	- - - - - -
		2,409,992 4,601,379	-

**31.1** This includes Rs 18,036 (December 31, 2015: Nil) written off against receivables in respect of leased motorcycles.

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
32.	Other income		
	Income from financial assets:		
	Return on bank deposits  Mark up on long term loans  Late payment surcharge from subscribers on overdue bills  Recovery from written off defaulters  Gain on disposal of available for sale investments  Dividend income	2,170,602 - 289,016 1,274,781 - 12,500 3,746,899	1,763,062 99,108 266,058 671,809 558,673 10,000 3,368,710
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Late delivery charges Amortization of deferred government grants 10 Pre-deposit income Others	25,624 878,389 607,004 472,446 103,769	222,196 1,796 528,139 490,856 306,065
		5,834,131	4,917,762

**32.1** Return on bank deposits include Rs 3 thousand ( December 31, 2015: Rs 25,174 thousand) earned from Shariah arrangments.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
33.	Finance costs		
	Bank and other charges Imputed Interest on finance lease Imputed interest on loans to employees Exchange loss	192,171 (15,616) (14,525) 31,678	210,207 4,660 1,481 101,028
		193,708	317,376
34.	Provision for income tax		
	Charge / (credit) for the year		
	Current - for the year	4,455,826	5,264,291
	Deferred		
	- for the year - due to change in tax rate	(909,724) (179,839)	(594,359) (157,413)
	8	(1,089,563)	(751,772)
		3,366,263	4,512,519

#### 34.1 Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate is as follows:

	2016 %	2015 %
Applicable tax rate	31.00	32.00
Tax effect of amounts not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of amounts chargeable to tax at lower rate Others	0.26 (0.02) 1.76	1.85 (1.04) 1.19
	2.00	2.00
Average effective tax rate	33.00	34.00

The applicable income tax rate was reduced from 32% to 31% during the year on account of the changes made to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 in 2016.

**34.2** Tax on items directly charged / credited to other comprehensive income amounting to Rs 71,976 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 755,665 thousand) represents deferred tax charge / credit in respect of remeasurement gain /(loss) on defined benefit plans.

			2016	2015
35.	Earnings per share - basic and dilute	ed		
	Profit for the year	Rupees in thousand	6,834,534	8,759,595
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Numbers in thousand	5,100,000	5,100,000
	Earnings per share	Rupees	1.34	1.72

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 36. Non-funded finance facilities

The Company has non funded financing facilities available with banks, which include facilities to avail letters of credit and letters of guarantee. The aggregate facility of Rs 14,600,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 14,700,000 thousand) and Rs 17,800,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 14,800,000 thousand) is available for letters of credit and letters of guarantee respectively, out of which the facility availed at the year end is Rs 2,459,901 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 2,586,074 thousand) and Rs 6,257,091 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 6,066,627 thousand) respectively. The letter of guarantee facility is secured by a hypothecation charge over certain assets of the Company, amounting to Rs 26,718,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 23,785,000 thousand).

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
37.	Cash generated from operations			
	Profit before tax Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		10,200,797	13,272,114
	Depreciation and amortization		13,711,636	14,401,184
	Impairment		799,875	161,241
	Provision for obsolete stores, spares and loose tools		262,278	304,768
	Provision for doubtful debts		2,132,017	2,651,969
	Provision for impairment in investment		-	14,996
	Employees retirement benefits		3,934,908	4,692,998
	Voluntary Separation Scheme		4,601,379	-
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(25,624)	(139,469)
	Gain on derecognition of intangible assets		-	(82,727)
	Return on bank deposits		(2,170,602)	(1,763,062)
	Imputed interest on long term loans		(14,525)	1,481
	Imputed interest on finance lease		(15,616)	4,660
	Markup on long term loans		-	(99,108)
	Dividend income		(12,500)	(10,000)
	Gain on disposal of available for sale investments		-	(558,673)
	Amortization of government grants		(607,004)	(528,139)
			32,797,019	32,324,233
	Effect of cash flows due to working capital changes Decrease / (increase) in current assets:			
	Stores, spares and loose tools		(64,647)	(347,656)
	Trade debts		(2,274,145)	(1,197,203)
	Loans and advances		888,760	(448,185)
	Prepayments and other receivables		(1,744,379)	12,245
			(3,194,411)	(1,980,799)
	Increase in current liabilities:			
	Trade and other payables		7,895,079	6,214,252
			37,497,687	36,557,686
38.	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Short term investments	25	-	3,027,411
	Cash and bank balances	26	5,902,144	2,210,148
			5,902,144	5,237,559



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

39.	Capacity		ines Installed (ALI)	Access Lines In Service (ALIS)	
		2016 Number	2015 Number	2016 Number	2015 Number
	Number of lines	7,078,327	10,666,471	3,420,998	4,200,188

ALI represent switching lines. ALI include 237,314 (December 31, 2015: 247,746) and ALIS include 85,066 (December 31, 2015: 81,275) Primary Rate Interface (PRI) and Basic Rate Interface (BRI) respectively. ALI and ALIS also include 1,265,000 (December 31, 2015: 4,788,550) and 867,425 (December 31, 2015: 1,401,122) WLL connections, respectively.

#### 40. Remuneration of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and executives

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits, to the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and executives of the Company is as follows:

	Chairman Chief Executive Officer			Executives				
			Key management Othe personnel executi					
	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Managerial remuneration	-	-	334,336	165,712	221,266	205,020	791,553	737,882
Honorarium	300	300	-	-	-	-	5,427	11,009
Bonus	-	-	25,056	24,408	22,641	22,367	58,686	86,774
Retirement benefits	-	-	16,353	24,284	31,887	32,100	74,553	114,699
Housing	-	-	6,143	-	82,161	75,601	304,080	283,677
Utilities	-	-	-	-	33,600	33,569	67,518	69,416
	300	300	381,888	214,404	391,555	368,657	1,301,817	1,303,457
Number of persons	1	1	1	1	39	40	716	688

The Company also provides free medical and limited residential telephone facilities, to all its executives, including the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman is entitled to free transport and a limited residential telephone facility, whereas, the Directors of the Company are provided only with limited telephone facilities; certain executives are also provided with the Company maintained cars.

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year as fee paid to 9 non executive directors (December 31, 2015: 9 non executive directors), is Rs 55,470 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 56,400 thousand) for attending the Board of Directors, and its sub-committee meetings.

The aggregate amount of the remuneration paid to the Chief Executive Officer is inclusive of the amount paid for settlement to the pervious Chief Executive Officer.

#### 41. Rates of exchange

Assets in US dollars have been translated into Rupees at USD 1 = Rs 104.60 (December 31, 2015: USD 1 = Rs 104.60), while liabilities in US dollars have been translated into Rupees at USD 1 = Rs 104.80 (December 31, 2015: USD 104.80).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 42. Investment in PTCL Employees GPF Trust

Details of the Company's employees provident fund are given below:

	Rs '000	Rs '000
Total assets	3,988,334	3,570,075
Cost of investments made	3,556,491	3,169,471
Percentage of investments made	89.2	88.8
Fair value of investments	3,772,802	3,367,552

201/

2015

	2016			2	015
	Rs '000		Percentage	Rs '000	Percentage
Break up of investments - at cost					
Mutual Funds	400,000		11.3	400,000	12.6
Pakistan Investment Bonds	-		0.0	2,047,865	64.6
Term deposits	2,447,336		68.8	719,948	22.7
Interest bearing accounts	709,155		19.9	1,658	0.1
	3,556,491		100.0	3,169,471	100.0

Investments out of the provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

#### 43. Financial risk management

#### 43.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors (the Board). The Board has prepared a 'Risk Management Policy' covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity. All treasury related transactions are carried out within the parameters of this policy.

110.32

### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Reporting date rate

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions, or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The Company is exposed to currency risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the United States Dollar (USD), Arab Emirates Dirham (AED) and EURO (EUR). Currently, the Company's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to the amounts receivable from / payable to foreign entities. The Company's exposure to currency risk is as follows:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
USD Trade and other payables Trade debts Cash and bank balances	(4,158,004) 1,923,954 69,327	(5,557,980) 1,913,596 37,759
Net exposure	(2,164,723)	(3,606,625)
AED Trade and other payables	(53,258)	(54,929)
EUR Trade and other payables	(2,799)	(1,441)
The following significant exchange rates were applied during the year:	2016	2015
Rupees per USD Average rate Reporting date rate Assets Liabilities	104.66 104.60 104.80	102.88 104.60 104.80
Rupees per AED Average rate Reporting date rate Rupees per EUR	28.51 28.53	28.01 28.54
Average rate	115.75	114.20

If the functional currency, at the reporting date, had fluctuated by 5% against the USD, AED and EUR with all other variables held constant, the impact on profit after taxation for the year would have been Rs 74,396 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 120,879 thousand) respectively lower / higher, mainly as a result of exchange gains / losses on translation of foreign exchange denominated financial instruments. Currency risk sensitivity to foreign exchange movements has been calculated on a symmetric basis.

114.54

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (ii) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

At the year end the Company is not exposed to price risk since there are no financial instruments, whose fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

At the date of the statement of financial position, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments is:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Financial assets		
Fixed rate instruments:		
Staff loans Short term investments - term deposits Bank balances - deposit accounts	476,060 24,000,000 5,236,722	529,539 26,038,803 1,673,024
	29,712,782	28,241,366

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the date of the statement of financial position would not affect the total comprehensive income of the Company.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party, by failing to discharge an obligation. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Long term loans and advances	2,152,757	2,261,126
Investment in finance lease	91,543	148,368
Trade debts	14,227,974	14,304,039
Loans and advances	676,556	1,593,099
Accrued interest	231,902	128,174
Other receivables	7,996,813	4,743,512
Short term investments	24,000,000	26,038,803
Bank balances	5,902,093	2,210,058
	55,279,638	51,427,179

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited, because the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit ratings. In case of trade debts the Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentrations of credit risk, as its exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties and subscribers.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The credit quality of bank balances and short term investments, that are neither past due nor impaired, can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

	Rating		Rating		Rating	2016	2015
	Short term	Long term	Agency	Rs '000	Rs '000		
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	20,454,881	23,618,695		
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	91,331	133,145		
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	33,352	128,330		
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	23,794	21,360		
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	85,354	3,047,165		
NIB Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	32,528	23,076		
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	576,778	628,061		
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	-	867		
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	67,683	190,059		
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	3,252,260	2,398		
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	A1	A+	PACRA	2,090	1,437		
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	-	209,817		
Summit Bank Limited	A-1	Α-	JCR-VIS	1,972	34,638		
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limite	d A-1	A+	JCR-VIS	110,713	156,731		
HSBC Bank Middle East Limited	P-2	A3	Moody's	-	1,045		
JS Bank Limited	A1+	A+	PACRA	3,000,000	-		
Sindh Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	JCR-VIS	158	1		
SME Bank Limited	В	В	PACRA	44	783		
Silkbank Limited	A-2	Α-	JCR-VIS	12,137	1,560		
Standard Chartered Bank							
(Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	50,338	39,743		
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	JCR-VIS	38,484	9,950		
U Microfinance Bank Limited							
- A related party	A-2	Α-	JCR-VIS	530,034	-		
Khushhali Microfinance Bank Limite	ed A-1	A+	JCR-VIS	1,026,441	-		
Tameer Microfinance Bank limited	A-1	A+	JCR-VIS	511,721	-		
				29,902,093	28,248,861		

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties, and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company follows an effective cash management and planning policy to ensure availability of funds, and to take appropriate measures for new requirements.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at December 31, 2016:

	Carrying amount Rs '000	Less than one year Rs '000	One to five years Rs '000	More than five years Rs '000
Long term security deposits	553,049	-	553,049	-
Employees retirement benefits	24,068,008	-	-	24,068,008
Trade and other payables	59,142,912	59,142,912	-	-
	83,763,969	59,142,912	553,049	24,068,008

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at December 31, 2015:

	Carrying amount	Less than one year	One to five years	More than five years
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Long term security deposits	552,122	-	552,122	-
Employees retirement benefits	32,111,859	-	-	32,111,859
Trade and other payables	46,814,183	46,814,183	-	_
	79,478,164	46,814,183	552,122	32,111,859

#### 43.2 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements, approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

		Available	Available for sale Loans and receivables Tot		otal		
		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
43.3	Financial instruments by categories						
	Financial assets as per statement of financial position						
	Long term other investments	83,900	83,900	-	-	83,900	83,900
	Long term loans and advances	-	-	2,152,757	2,261,126	2,152,757	2,261,126
	Investment in finance lease	-	-	91,543	148,368	91,543	148,368
	Trade debts	-	-	14,227,974	14,304,039	14,227,974	14,304,039
	Loans and advances	-	-	676,556	1,593,099	676,556	1,593,099
	Accrued interest	-	-	231,902	128,174	231,902	128,174
	Receivable from the						
	Government of Pakistan	-	-	2,164,072	2,164,072	2,164,072	2,164,072
	Other receivables	-	-	7,996,813	4,743,512	7,996,813	4,743,512
	Short term investments	-	-	24,000,000	26,038,803	24,000,000	26,038,803
	Cash and bank balances	-	-	5,902,144	2,210,148	5,902,144	2,210,148
		83,900	83,900	57,443,761	53,591,341	57,527,661	53,675,241

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		at fair value ofit and loss		inancial lities		
	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position	f					
Long term security deposits	-	-	553,049	552,122	553,049	552,122
Employees retirement benefits	-	-	24,068,008	32,111,859	24,068,008	32,111,859
Trade and other payables	-	-	58,010,951	45,641,244	58,010,951	45,641,244
	-	-	82,632,008	78,305,225	82,632,008	78,305,225

#### 43.4 Capital risk management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence, and to sustain the future development of the Company's business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may, for example, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

For working capital and capital expenditure requirements, the Company primarily relies on internal cash generation and does not have any significant borrowings.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 44. Transactions with related parties

The Government of Pakistan and Etisalat International Pakistan (EIP), UAE are the majority shareholders of the Company. Therefore, all related entities of the Government of Pakistan and EIP are related parties of the Company. Additionally, the Company's subsidiaries Pak Telecom Mobile Limited, U Microfinance Bank Limited, DVCOM Data (Private) Limited, Smart Sky (Private) Limited associate T.F. Pipes Limited, Directors, Chief Executive Officer, key management personnel and employee funds are also related parties of the Company. The remuneration of the Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executives is given in note 40 to the financial statements. The amounts due from and due to these related parties are shown under respective receivables and payables. The Company had transactions with the following related parties during the year:

#### Shareholders

The Government of Pakistan Etisalat International Pakistan

#### Subsidiaries

Pak Telecom Mobile Limited U Microfinance Bank Limited DVCOM Data (Private) Limited Smart Sky (Private) Limited

#### Associated undertakings

Emirates Telecommunication Corporation

Etisalat - Afghanistan

Etisalat - Srilanka

Etisalat - Egypt

Etisalat - Nigeria

Etihad Etisalat Company

Etisalat International Zantel Limited

Thuraya Satellite Telecommunication Company

TF Pipes Limited

Telecom Foundation

#### Employees retirement benefit plan

Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust

Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited Employees Gratuity Fund

#### Other related parties

Pakistan Telecommunication Authority

Universal Service Fund

National ICT R&D Fund

Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority

Related entities of the Government of Pakistan



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Details of transactions with related parties		
Shareholders Technical services assistance fee	2,364,028	2,478,497
Subsidiaries Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and services Return on deposit Other income Mark up on long term loans	5,055,966 3,773,720 33,264 11,213	5,356,418 3,820,147 - - 99,108
Associated undertakings Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and services	1,716,653 1,030,170	1,566,655 1,239,494
Employees retirement benefit plans	11,972,112	7,153,962
Other related parties  Sale of goods and services  Charge under license obligations	1,473,171 1,671,720	3,833,730 1,768,846

#### 45. Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

	Gross amount subject to setoff	Offset	Net amount	Amount not in scope of offsetting	Net as per statement of financial position
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
As at December 31, 2016					
Trade debts Trade creditors	9,834,579 (8,725,718)	(7,632,437) 7,632,437	2,202,142 (1,093,281)	20,023,484 (8,634,526)	22,225,626 (9,727,807)
As at December 31, 2015					
Trade debts Trade creditors	13,055,868 (12,141,271)	(10,291,030) 10,291,030	2,764,838 (1,850,241)	18,931,535 (7,468,443)	21,696,373 (9,318,684)

#### 46. Number of employees

	2016 Number	2015 Number
Total number of persons employed at end of the year Average number of employees during the year	16,404 18,251	18,372 18,469

#### 47. Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on February 08, 2017.

Chairman

President & CEO







### AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated statement of financial position of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2016 and the related consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also expressed separate opinions on the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies. The consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2016, and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

#### **Emphasis of Matter Paragraph**

We draw attention to note 18.13 to the consolidated financial statements, which describes the position related to the review petitions filed by the Holding Company, Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust and the Federal Government before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against its order dated June 12, 2015. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Deloitte Youruf solif

**Deloitte Yousuf Adil** Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Rana M. Usman Khan

Islamabad

Dated: February 08, 2017

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	6	51,000,000	51,000,000
Revenue reserves			
Insurance reserve		2,621,288	2,416,078
General reserve		27,497,072	30,500,000
Unappropriated profit		7,047,199	12,668,976
		37,165,559	45,585,054
Statutory and other reserves		20,096	2,007
Unrealized gain on available for sale investments		1,063	(995)
		88,186,718	96,586,066
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Long term loans from banks	7	26,136,667	20,975,000
Customers deposits	16	2,400,425	106,308
Liability against assets subject to		_,,	133,033
finance lease	8	1,888	25,293
License fee payable	9	11,228,196	19,818,874
Long term security deposits	10	1,493,177	1,576,434
Deferred income tax	11	9,562,487	12,379,290
Employees retirement benefits	12 13	24,121,967 11,570,655	32,173,440 9,497,840
Deferred government grants Long term vendor liability	14	28,987,270	24,639,049
Long term vendor dubidity	14		
		115,502,732	121,191,528
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	71,463,996	59,189,010
Customers deposits	16	5,179,565	959,008
Interest accrued	17	580,142	554,585
Short term running finance Current portion of:	17	-	427,428
Long term loans from banks	7	838,333	25,000
Liability against assets subject to finance lease	8	34,401	31,977
License fee payable	9	4,504,874	7,584,902
Long term vendor liability	14	9,679,951	2,163,554
Unearned income		4,113,549	3,231,768
		96,394,811	74,167,232
Total equity and liabilities		300,084,261	291,944,826

#### Contingencies and commitments

18

The annexed notes 1 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Chairman

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	19 20	170,800,044 37,111,800	170,289,008 40,326,443
		207,911,844	210,615,451
Long term investments Long term loans and advances Investment in finance lease	21 22 23	101,224 2,200,034 38,513	92,443 2,359,788 96,113
		210,251,615	213,163,795
Current assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Investment in finance lease Accrued interest Recoverable from tax authorities Receivable from the Government of Pakistan Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances	24 25 26 27 23 28 29 30 31 32 33	2,742,794 174,351 15,008,567 6,282,398 53,030 727,644 19,257,011 2,164,072 6,267,181 28,380,131 8,775,467 89,832,646	2,940,425 248,586 15,549,034 2,643,569 52,255 221,179 22,487,465 2,164,072 2,770,718 26,569,286 3,134,442 78,781,031
Total assets		300,084,261	291,944,826

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Revenue Cost of services	34 35	117,202,376 (86,693,235)	118,561,034 (88,054,308)
Gross profit		30,509,141	30,506,726
Administrative and general expenses Selling and marketing expenses	36 37	(17,286,850) (7,111,055)	(18,291,409) (8,209,247)
		(24,397,905)	(26,500,656)
Operating profit Voluntary separation scheme cost Other income Finance costs	38 39 40	6,111,236 (4,601,379) 6,379,225 (3,628,626)	4,006,070 - 5,230,068 (5,218,817)
Share of profit / (loss) from associate		4,260,456 8,781	4,017,321 (2,343)
Profit before tax Provision for income tax	41	4,269,237 (2,646,390)	4,014,978 (2,146,512)
Profit for the year		1,622,847	1,868,466
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	42	0.32	0.37

The annexed notes 1 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.





## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Profit for the year	1,622,847	1,868,466
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that will not be reclassified to consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on employees retirement benefits Tax effect of remeasurement (gain) / loss on employees	254,384	(2,336,488)
retirement benefits	(78,637)	748,176
	175,747	(1,588,312)
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
Gain on available for sale investments arising during the year	2,940	13,083
Gain on disposal of investment transferred to income for the year	-	(358,014)
	2,940	(344,931)
Tax effect of gain on available for sale investments	(882)	(2// 021)
Unrealised gain on available for sale investments - net of tax	2,058	(344,931)
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax	177,805	(1,933,243)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,800,652	(64,777)

The annexed notes 1 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chairman

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash generated from operations  Employees retirement benefits paid Payment of voluntary separation scheme Payment made to Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust (PTET) Finance cost paid Long term security deposits Income tax paid - net  Net cash inflows from operating activities	55,129,279 (1,064,256) (29,815) (11,972,112) (3,597,830) (83,257) (2,763,030) 35,618,979	53,777,056 (1,999,659) (783,691) (6,120,992) (5,124,436) 84,024 (4,251,572) 35,580,730
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditure Acquisition of intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Short term investments Long term loans and advances Investment in finance lease Return on long term loans and short term investments Government grants received Dividend income on long term investments  Net cash outflows from investing activities	(30,679,273) (354,985) 317,537 (1,638,608) 108,478 54,405 1,927,160 2,803,653 12,500	(28,308,213) (3,242,849) 300,025 (11,361,392) 585,142 (40,325) 2,218,941 3,177,799 10,000
Cash flows from financing activities		
Long term loans - net License fee Customers deposits Long term vendor liability Liability against assets subject to finance lease Dividend paid	5,975,000 (11,670,706) 2,294,117 11,864,618 (26,220) (10,365,965)	6,000,000 (2,595,947) - 4,055,063 (28,106) (13,078,357)
Net cash outflows from financing activities  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,929,156) 6,240,690	(5,647,347) (6,727,489)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,914,908	12,642,397
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 45	12,155,598	5,914,908

The annexed notes 1 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.





## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital			Revenue reserves			Unrealized gain	
	Class 'A'	Class 'B'	Insurance reserve	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	Statutory and other reserves	on available for sale investments	Total
	(Rupees in '000)							
Balance as at January 01, 2015	37,740,000	13,260,000	2,196,770	30,500,000	25,360,137	-	343,936	109,400,843
Total comprehensive income for the year								
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-			-	1,868,466 (1,588,312)	-	[344,931]	1,868,466 [1,933,243]
	-	-	-	-	280,154	-	(344,931)	(64,777)
Transfer to insurance reserve Transfer to statutory and other reserves			219,308		(219,308) (2,007)	2,007		
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2014 - Rs 1.50 per share Interim dividend for the year ended	-	-	-	-	(7,650,000)	-	-	(7,650,000)
December 31, 2015 - Re 1.00 per share	-	-	-	-	(5,100,000)	-	-	(5,100,000)
	-	-	219,308	-	(12,971,315)	2,007	-	(12,750,000)
Balance as at December 31, 2015	37,740,000	13,260,000	2,416,078	30,500,000	12,668,976	2,007	(995)	96,586,066
Total comprehensive income for the year								
Profit for the year Other comprehensive Income	-		-		1,622,847 175,747	-	2,058	1,622,847 177,805
	-	-	-	-	1,798,594	-	2,058	1,800,652
Transfer to insurance reserve Transfer from general reserve Transfer to statutory and other reserves			205,210	[3,002,928] -	(205,210) 3,002,928 (18,089)	18,089		
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2015 - Re. 1.00 per share Interim dividend for the year ended	-	-	-	-	(5,100,000)	-	-	(5,100,000)
December 31, 2016 - Re. 1.00 per share	-	-	-	-	(5,100,000)	-	-	(5,100,000)
	-	-	205,210	(3,002,928)	[7,420,371]	18,089	-	[10,200,000]
Balance as at December 31, 2016	37,740,000	13,260,000	2,621,288	27,497,072	7,047,199	20,096	1,063	88,186,718

The annexed notes 1 to 55 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chairman

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 1. Legal status and nature of business

#### 1.1 Constitution and ownership

The consolidated financial statements of the Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group) comprise of the financial statements of:

#### Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (PTCL)

Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on December 31, 1995 and commenced business on January 01, 1996. The Holding Company, which is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) (formerly Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges), was established to undertake the telecommunication business formerly carried on by Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation (PTC). PTC's business was transferred to the Holding Company on January 01, 1996 under the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, on which date, the Holding Company took over all the properties, rights, assets, obligations and liabilities of PTC, except those transferred to the National Telecommunication Corporation (NTC), the Frequency Allocation Board (FAB), the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) and the Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust (PTET). The registered office of the Holding Company is situated at PTCL Headquarters, G-8/4, Islamabad.

#### Pak Telecom Mobile Limited (PTML)

PTML was incorporated in Pakistan on July 18, 1998, as a public limited company to provide cellular mobile telephony services in Pakistan. PTML commenced its commercial operations on January 29, 2001, under the brand name of Ufone. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of PTCL. The registered office of PTML is situated at Ufone Tower, Jinnah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad.

#### U Microfinance Bank Limited (U Bank)

The Holding Company acquired 100% ownership of U Bank on August 30, 2012 to offer services of digital commerce and branchless banking. U Bank was incorporated on October 29, 2003 as a public limited company. The registered office of U Bank is situated at Jinnah Super Market F-7 Markaz, Islamabad.

#### DVCOM DATA (PRIVATE) LIMITED (DVCOM Data)

The Holding Company acquired 100% ownership of DVCOM Data effective from April 01, 2015. The company has a Wireless Local Loop (WLL) license of 1900 MHz spectrum in nine telecom regions of Pakistan. The registered office of the company is located at PTCL Head Quarters South, Hatim Alvi Road, Clifton Karachi.

#### Smart Sky (Private) Limited (Smart Sky)

Smart Sky was incorporated in Pakistan on October 12, 2015 as a private limited company to provide Direct-to-Home (DTH) television services throughout the country under the license from Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority (PEMRA). Auction for DTH license was held on 23 November 2016, in which the company had actively participated. PEMRA has announced the three winning companies of DTH licenses. Later on, the Honorable Lahore High Court has declared whole process of DTH auction as null and void and advised PEMRA to restart the whole process. Smart Sky is a wholly owned subsidiary of PTCL. The registered office of the company is located at PTCL Headquarters, G-8/4, Islamabad.

#### 1.2 Activities of the Group

The Group principally provides telecommunication and broadband internet services in Pakistan. PTCL owns and operates telecommunication facilities and provides domestic and international telephone services throughout Pakistan. PTCL has also been licensed to provide such services to territories in Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan. PTML provides cellular mobile telephony services throughout Pakistan and Azad Jammu and Kashmir. Principal business of the U Bank, incorporated under Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, is to provide nationwide microfinance and branchless banking services.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

These financial statements are the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In addition to these consolidated financial statements, the Holding Company and subsidiary companies (PTML, U Bank, DVCOM Data and Smart Sky) prepare separate statutory financial statements while DVCOM Data also prepares special purpose financial statements for twelve months period to December 31, for the purpose of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.1 Adoption of new and revised standards, ammendments and interpretations:

a) The following standards and amendments to published accounting standards were effective during the year and have been adopted by the Group:

Effective date (annual periods
beginning on or after)

IFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued	
	Operations (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 19	Employee Benefits (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 27	Separate Financial Statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting (Amendments)	January 01, 2016
IAS 38	Intangible Assets (Amendments)	January 01, 2016

b) The following standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan:

### Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1	First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	January 01, 2009
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	January 01, 2018
IFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	January 01, 2016
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 01, 2018
IFRS 16	Leases	January 01, 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

c) The following standards and amendments to published accounting standards were not effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group:

### Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (Amendments)	January 01, 2017
IAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows (Amendments)	January 01, 2017
IAS 12	Income Taxes ( Amendments)	January 01, 2017
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)	January 01, 2018
IAS 40	Investment Property (Amendments)	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	January 01, 2018

The management anticipates that the adoption of the above standards and amendments in future periods, will have no material impact on the Group's financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

#### 3. Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value, liability against assets subject to finance lease, license fee payable and the recognition of certain employees retirement benefits on the basis of actuarial assumptions.

#### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

#### (a) Provision for employees retirement benefits

The actuarial valuation of pension, gratuity, medical, accumulating compensated absences and benevolent grant plans (note 5.28) requires the use of certain assumptions related to future periods, including increase in future salary, pension, medical costs, expected long term returns on plan assets, rate of increase in benevolent grant and the discount rates used to discount future cash flows to present values.

#### (b) Provision for income tax

The Group recognizes income tax provisions using estimates based upon expert opinions of its tax and legal advisors. Differences, if any, between the recorded income tax provision and the Group's tax liability, are recorded on the final determination of such liability. Deferred income tax (note 5.27-b) is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when these temporary differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted, by the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### (c) Recognition of government grants

The Group recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that grants will be received and the Group will be able to comply with conditions associated with grants.

#### (d) Useful life and residual value of fixed assets

The Group reviews the useful lives and residual values of fixed assets (note 5.14) on a regular basis. Any change in estimates may affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

equipment and intangible assets, with a corresponding effect on the related depreciation / amortization charge.

#### (e) Provision for stores, spares and loose tools

A provision against stores, spares and loose tools is recognized after considering their physical condition and expected future usage. It is reviewed by the management on regular basis.

#### (f) Provision for doubtful receivables

A provision against overdue receivable balances is recognized after considering the pattern of receipts from, and the future financial outlook of, the concerned receivable party. It is reviewed by the management on a regular basis.

#### (g) Provision against advances

U Bank maintains a provision against advances as per the requirements of the Prudential Regulations (the Regulations) for microfinance banks and assesses the adequacy of provision against delinquent portfolio. Any change in the criteria / rate for provision may affect the carrying amount of the advances with a corresponding effect on the mark-up / interest carried and provision charged.

#### (h) Provisions and contingent liabilities

The management exercises judgment in measuring and recognizing provisions and the exposures to contingent liabilities related to pending litigation or other outstanding claims. Judgment is necessary in assessing the likelihood that a pending claim will succeed, or a liability will arise, and to quantify the possible range of the financial settlement. Because of the inherent uncertainty in this evaluation process, actual losses may be different from the originally estimated provisions.

#### 5. Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years for which financial information is presented in these consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise stated.

#### 5.1 Consolidation

#### a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The consolidated financial statements include Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited and all companies in which it directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than 50% of the voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than 50% of its directors. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date control ceases to exist.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and amount of any non controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed. If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value as at the acquisition date through profit and loss. Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration, which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognized in accordance with IAS 39, either in profit and loss or charged to

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair value at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized directly in income.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses on assets transferred are also eliminated and considered an impairment indicator of such assets. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

#### b) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, and generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, and its unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses on the assets transferred are also eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest and considered an impairment indicator of such asset. Accounting policies of the associates are changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### 5.2 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (the functional currency). These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees (Rs), which is the Group's functional currency.

#### 5.3 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency, using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the consolidated statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation of monetary items at year end exchange rates, are charged to consolidated statement of profit and loss for the year.

#### 5.4 Insurance reserve

The assets of the Holding Company are self insured, as the Holding Company has created an insurance reserve for this purpose. Appropriations out of profits to this reserve, are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The reserve may be utilized to meet any losses to the Holding Company's assets resulting from theft, fire, natural or other disasters.

#### 5.5 Statutory reserve

In compliance with the requirements of the Regulation R-4, U Bank is required to maintain a statutory reserve to which an appropriation equivalent to 20% of the profit after tax is made till such time the reserve fund equals the paid up capital of U Bank. However, thereafter, the contribution is reduced to 5% of the profit after tax.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 5.6 Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair values, as deferred income, when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Group will be able to comply with the conditions associated with the grants.

Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred, are recognized on a systematic basis in the income for the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are recognized in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

#### 5.7 Contributions

In compliance with the requirements of the section 19 of the microfinance institution ordinance 2001, U Bank contributes 5% of annual profit after tax to the Depositors Protection Fund.

#### 5.8 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognized equivalent to the value of the proceeds received by the Group. Any difference, between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value, is recognized in income, over the period of the borrowings, using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs, which are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of a qualifying asset, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to income for the year.

#### 5.9 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and / or services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

#### 5.10 Customers deposits

Customers deposits with U Bank are initially recorded at the amounts of proceeds received. Mark-up accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities and is charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss over the year.

#### 5.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each consolidated statement of financial position date and are adjusted to reflect the best current estimate.

#### 5.12 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Group has a possible obligation as a result of past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events, not wholly within the control of the Group; or when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation, that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 5.13 Dividend distribution

The distribution of the final dividend, to the Group's shareholders, is recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividend is approved by the Group's shareholders; the distribution of the interim dividend is recognized in the period in which it is declared by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 5.14 Fixed assets

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except freehold land and capital work in progress, is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment losses; freehold land is stated at cost less identified impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure, related overheads, mark-up and borrowing costs (note 5.8) that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Subsequent costs, if reliably measurable, are included in the asset's carrying amount, or recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the cost will flow to the Group. The carrying amount of any replaced parts as well as other repair and maintenance costs, are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment value, if any. It consists of expenditure incurred in respect of tangible and intangible fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation.

Depreciation on assets is calculated, using the straight line method, to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives in note 19.1.

Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment, is charged from the month in which the relevant asset is acquired or capitalized, while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off. Impairment loss, if any, or its reversal, is also charged to income for the year. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value, over its estimated useful life.

The gain or loss on disposal of an asset, calculated as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in income for the year.

Assets subject to finance lease are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments at inception of the lease period and their fair value less accumulated impairment losses and accumulated depreciation at the annual rates specified in note 19.1. The outstanding obligation under finance lease less finance charges allocated to future periods is shown as liability. Finance charges are calculated at interest rates implicit in the lease and are charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss in the year in which these are incurred.

#### (b) Intangible assets

#### i) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the consideration transferred, over the fair value of subsidiary's identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost, less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed off is included in the carrying amount of the operation, when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed off, in these circumstances, is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed off and the portion of the cash generating unit retained.

#### (ii) Licenses

These are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment losses. Amortization is calculated using the straight line method, to allocate the cost of the license over its estimated useful life, and is charged to income for the year.

The amortization on licenses acquired during the year, is charged from the month in which a license is acquired / capitalized, while no amortization is charged in the month of expiry / disposal of the license.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (iii) Computer software

These are carried at cost less accumulated amortization, and any identified impairment losses. Amortization is calculated, using the straight line method, to allocate the cost of software over their estimated useful life, and is charged to income for the year. Costs associated with maintaining computer software, are recognized as an expense as and when incurred.

The amortization on computer software acquired during the year, is charged from the month in which the software is acquired or capitalized, while no amortization is charged for the month in which the software is disposed off.

#### 5.15 Impairment of non financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example freehold land, are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment on the date of consolidated statement of financial position, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized, equal to the amount by which the assets' carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Non financial assets that suffered an impairment, are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each consolidated statement of financial position date. Reversals of the impairment loss are restricted to the extent that asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss has been recognized. An impairment loss, or the reversal of an impairment loss, are both recognized in the income for the year.

#### 5.16 Stores, spares and loose tools

Store, spares and loose tools are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost, comprising invoice values and other related charges incurred up to the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 5.17 Stock in trade

Stock in trade is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises the purchase price of items of stock, including import duties, purchase taxes and other related costs. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

#### 5.18 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at their original invoice amounts, less any estimates made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off as per Group policy.

#### 5.19 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the Group loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs other than financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are charged to income for the year. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in income for the year.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (a) Financial assets

#### Classification and subsequent measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### (i) Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, include financial assets held for trading and financial assets, designated upon initial recognition, at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair value, with changes therein recognized in the income for the year. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

#### (ii) Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held-to-maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold these assets to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment, if any.

#### (iii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments, that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, these financial assets are measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less impairment, if any.

The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'Long-term loans and advances', 'Trade debts', 'Loans and advances', 'Accrued interest', 'Receivable from the Government of Pakistan', 'Other receivables' and 'Cash and bank balances'.

#### (iv) Available for sale

Available for sale financial assets are non-derivatives, that are either designated in this category, or not classified in any of the other categories. These are included in non-current assets, unless management intends to dispose them off within twelve months of the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

After initial measurement, available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recognized as other comprehensive income, until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in income for the year.

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

#### (b) Impairment

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is an objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event'), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

#### (c) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

The Group classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: fair value through profit or loss



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

and other financial liabilities. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of other financial liabilities, also include directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

#### (i) Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, include financial liabilities held-for-trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as being at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair value, with changes therein recognized in the income for the year.

#### (ii) Other financial liabilities

After initial recognition, other financial liabilities which are interest bearing are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

#### (d) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and the Group either intends to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 5.20 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. These are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in fair value of derivative financial instruments is recognised as income or expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### 5.21 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, short term finances under mark-up arrangements with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 5.22 Cash reserve

In compliance with the requirements of the Regulation R-3A, U Bank maintains a cash reserve equivalent to not less than 5% of its deposits (including demand and time deposits with the tenure of less than 1 year) in a current account open with the State Bank of Pakistan or its agent.

#### 5.23 Statutory liquidity requirement

In compliance with the requirements of the Regulation 3B, U Bank maintains liquidity equivalent to at least 10% of its total demand liabilities and time liabilities with tenure of less than one year in the form of liquid assets i.e. cash, gold, unencumbered treasury bills, Pakistan Investment Bonds and Government of Pakistan Sukuk Bonds. Treasury Bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds held under depositor protection fund are excluded for the purposes of determining liquidity.

#### 5.24 Sale and purchase agreements

Securities sold under repurchase agreement (repo) are retained in the financial statements as investments and a liability for consideration received is included in borrowings. Conversely, consideration for securities

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

purchased under resale agreement (reverse repo) is included in lending to financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase / purchase and resale price is recognised as return / markup expensed and earned respectively. Repo and reverse repo balances are reflected under borrowings from and lending to financial institutions respectively.

#### 5.25 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises of the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, for the provision of telecommunication, broadband and related services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities and is recognized net of services tax, rebates and discounts.

The Group principally obtains revenue from providing telecommunication services such as wireline and wireless services, interconnect, data services, equipment sales and cellular operations. Equipment and services may be sold separately or in bundled package. The Group also earns revenue from microfinance operations and branchless banking services.

Revenue is recognized, when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group, and the amount of revenue and the associated cost incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably, and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below:

#### (i) Rendering of telecommunication services

Revenue from telecommunication services comprises of amounts charged to customers in respect of wireline and wireless services, equipment sales and interconnect, including data services. Revenue also includes the net income received and receivable from revenue sharing arrangements entered into with overseas and local telecommunication operators.

Revenue from telecommunication services is recognized on an accrual basis, as the related services are rendered.

Prepaid cards and electronic recharges allow the forward purchase of a specified amount of air time by customers; revenue therefrom is recognized as the airtime is utilized. Unutilized airtime is carried in the consolidated statement of financial position as unearned income:

#### (a) Wireline and wireless services

Revenue from wireline services, mainly in respect of line rent, line usage and broadband, is invoiced and recorded as part of a periodic billing cycle.

Revenue from wireless services is recognized on the basis of consumption of prepaid cards which allow the forward purchase of a specified amount of airtime by customers; revenue is recognized as the airtime is utilized.

#### (b) Data services

Revenue from data services is recognized when the services are rendered.

#### (c) Interconnect

Revenue from interconnect services is recognized when the services are rendered.

#### (d) Equipment sales

Revenue from sale of equipment is recognized when the equipment is delivered to the end customer and the sale is considered complete. For equipment sales made to intermediaries, revenue is recognized if the significant risks associated with the equipment are transferred to the intermediary and the intermediary has no right of return. If the significant risks are not transferred, revenue recognition is deferred until sale of the equipment to the end customer by the intermediary or the expiry of the right of return.



### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE

### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### (ii) Income on bank deposits

Return on bank deposits is recognized using the effective interest method.

#### (iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

#### (iv) Mark-up / return on investments

Mark-up / return on investment is recognized on accrual / time proportion basis using effective interest method. Where debt securities are purchased at premium or discount, those premiums / discounts are amortized through the consolidated statement of profit and loss over the remaining period on maturity.

#### (v) Mark-up / return on advances

Mark-up / return on advances is recognized on accrual / time proportion basis, except for income, if any, which warrants suspension in compliance with the Regulations. Mark-up recoverable on non-performing advances is recognized on a receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations. Loan processing fee is recognized as income on the approval of loan application of borrowers.

#### (vi) Income from interbank deposits

Income from interbank deposits in saving accounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss as it accrues using the flat interest method.

#### (vii) Fee, commission and other income

Fee, commission and other income is recognized when earned.

#### 5.26 Operating lease

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to consolidated statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### 5.27 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises of current and deferred income tax, and is recognized in income for the year, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case the related tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns, with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation, and establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred income tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the year when the differences reverse, and the tax rates that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 5.28 Employees retirement benefits

The Group provides various retirement / post retirement benefit schemes to its employees. The plans are generally funded through payments determined by periodic actuarial calculations or up to the limits allowed in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Group has constituted both defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

The main features of these benefits provided by the Group in PTCL and its subsidiaries - PTML and U Bank are as follows:

#### **PTCL**

#### (a) PTCL Employees GPF Trust

The Company operates an approved funded provident plan covering its permanent employees. For the purpose of this plan, a separate trust, the "PTCL Employees GPF Trust" (the Trust), has been established. Monthly contributions are deducted from the salaries of employees and are paid to the Trust by the Company. In line with the Trust's earnings for a year, the Board of Trustees approves a profit rate for payment to the members. Profit rate for financial year 2016 is 11.5% (December 31, 2015: 12%) per annum. The Company contributes to the fund, the differential, if any, of the interest paid / credited for the year and the income earned on the investments made by the Trust.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

#### (i) Pension plans

PTCL accounts for an approved funded pension plan operated through a separate trust, the "Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust" (PTET), for its employees recruited prior to January 01, 1996 when the Company took over the business from PTC. PTCL also operates an unfunded pension scheme for employees recruited on a regular basis, on or after January 01, 1996.

#### (ii) Gratuity plan

PTCL operates an approved funded gratuity plan for its New Terms and Conditions (NTCs) employees and contractual employees.

#### (iii) Medical benefits plan

PTCL provides a post retirement medical facility to pensioners and their families. Under this unfunded plan, all ex-employees, their spouses, their children up to the age of 21 years (except unmarried daughters who are not subject to the 21 years age limit) and their parents residing with them and any other dependents, are entitled to avail the benefits provided under the scheme. The facility remains valid during the lives of the pensioner and their spouse. Under this facility there are no annual limits to the cost of medicines, hospitalized treatment and consultation fees.

#### (iv) Accumulating compensated absences

PTCL provides a facility to its employees for accumulating their annual earned leaves. Accumulated leaves can be encashed at the end of the employees' service, based on the latest drawn gross salary as per Company policy.

#### (v) Benevolent grants

PTCL pays prescribed benevolent grants to eligible employees / retirees and their heirs.

The liability recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plans, is the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position less the fair value of plan assets.

The defined benefit obligations are calculated annually, by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The most recent valuations were carried out as at December 31, 2016. The present value of a defined benefit obligation is determined, by discounting the estimated future cash outflows, using the interest rates of high quality corporate bonds that are nominated in the currency in which the



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized through other comprehensive income for the year except remeasurement gains and losses arising on accumulated compensated absences which are recognized in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### PTML

#### (i) Gratuity plan

A funded gratuity scheme, a defined benefit plan, for all permanent employees. Annual contributions to the gratuity fund are based on actuarial valuation by independent actuary. Gratuity shall be equivalent to one month last drawn basic salary for each year of service in excess of six months. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in Pakistan Rupees (Rs) and have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related liability.

#### (ii) Provident fund

Approved contributory provident fund, a defined contribution plan, for all permanent employees, and for which, contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### (iii) Accumulating compensated absences

PTML provides a facility to its employees for accumulating their annual earned leaves. The liability is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation, carried out by independent actuary, using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### U Bank

#### (i) Gratuity plan

U Bank operates a defined benefit gratuity scheme for all its regular employees. Gratuity equivalent to one month basic salary for each completed year of service is paid to entitled employees, if the period of their service is three years or above.

#### (ii) Provident fund

U Bank operates a funded provident fund scheme for all its regular employees for which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and by employees at the rate of 8% of the basic salary of the employees. The Bank's contribution is charged to profit and loss account.

#### 5.29 Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting of the Group in note 51 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 5.30 Investment in finance lease

Leases in which the Company transfers substantially all the risk and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the lessees are classified as finance leases. Receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of minimum lease payments.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### 6. Share capital

#### 6.1 Authorized share capital

2016 (Number o	2015 f shares '000)		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
11,100,000 3,900,000	11,100,000 3,900,000	"A" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each "B" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	111,000,000 39,000,000	111,000,000 39,000,000
15,000,000	15,000,000		150,000,000	150,000,000

#### 6.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

2016 (Numbe	2015 r of shares '000)		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
3,774,00 1,326,00		"A" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid for consideration other than cash - note 6.3 and note 6.5. "B" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid for consideration other than cash - note 6.3 and note 6.6.	37,740,000 13,260,000	37,740,000 13,260,000
5,100,00	5,100,000		51,000,000	51,000,000

- 6.3 These shares were initially issued to the Government of Pakistan, in consideration for the assets and liabilities transferred from Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation (PTC) to the Holding Company, under the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, as referred to in note 1.1.
- 6.4 Except for voting rights, the "A" and "B" class ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects. "A" class ordinary shares carry four votes, for the purposes of election of directors. "A" class ordinary shares cannot be converted into "B" class ordinary shares; however, "B" class ordinary shares may be converted into "A" class ordinary shares, at the option, exercisable in writing and submitted to the Holding Company, by the holders of three fourths of the "B" class ordinary shares. In the event of termination of the license issued to the Holding Company, under the provisions of Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, the "B" class ordinary shares shall be automatically converted into "A" class ordinary shares.
- 6.5 The Government of Pakistan, through an "Offer for Sale" document, dated July 30, 1994, issued to its domestic investors, a first tranche of vouchers exchangeable for "A" class ordinary shares of the Holding Company. Subsequently, through an Information Memorandum dated September 16, 1994, a second tranche of vouchers was issued to international investors, also exchangeable, at the option of the voucher holders, for "A" class ordinary shares or Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) representing "A" class ordinary shares of the Holding Company. Out of 3,774,000 thousand "A" class ordinary shares, vouchers against 601,084 thousand "A" class ordinary shares were issued to the general public. Till December 31, 2016: 599,543 thousand (December 31, 2015: 599,541 thousand) "A" class ordinary shares had been exchanged for such vouchers.
- 6.6 In pursuance of the privatization of the Holding Company, a bid was held by the Government of Pakistan on June 08, 2005 for sale of "B" class ordinary shares of Rs 10 each, conferring management control. Emirates Telecommunication Corporation (Etisalat), UAE was the successful bidder. The 26% (1,326,000,000 shares) "B" class ordinary shares, along with management control, were transferred with effect from April 12, 2006, to Etisalat International Pakistan (EIP), UAE, which, is a subsidiary of Etisalat.



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 7. Long term loans from banks

These represent secured loans from following banks;

	Annual mark-up rate (Kibor plus 3-month Kibor)	Repayme commence date	ment	erly / semi a repayment installments	Outstand	3
	- Indititi Ribory	Interest	Principal	Note	2016	2015 Rs '000
Allied Bank Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2017	12	1,000,000	1,000,000
United Bank Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2016	16	975,000	1,000,000
MCB Bank Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2017	12	1,000,000	1,000,000
MCB Bank Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2018	12	4,000,000	4,000,000
Faysal Bank Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2018	12	2,000,000	2,000,000
NIB Bank Limited	0.40%	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Bank Al-Habib Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2018	12	1,000,000	1,000,00
Bank Alfalah Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2018	12	1,000,000	1,000,00
Allied Bank Limited	0.25%	March 2015	March 2019	12	2,000,000	2,000,000
United Bank Limited	0.25%	March 2015	March 2019	12	1,000,000	1,000,00
Meezan Bank Limited	0.25%	August 2015	August 2019	12	2,000,000	2,000,00
Habib Bank Limited	0.25%	September 2015	September 20		2,000,000	2,000,00
- Islamic Banking		•	·			
Dubai Islamic Bank Limited	0.25%	October 2015	October 2019	12	1,000,000	1,000,00
Habib Bank Limited - Islamic Banking	0.25%	March 2016	March 2020	12	1,000,000	1,000,00
United Bank Limited	0.25%	May 2016	May 2020	12	2,000,000	
Allied Bank Limited	0.25%	May 2016	May 2020	12	3,000,000	
United Bank Limited	0.25%	July 2014	July 2018	12	1,000,000	
				7.1	25,975,000	21,000,00
United Bank Limited	1.50% 6-Month Kibor	March 2017	-		100,000	
Pak Oman Investment						
Co. Limited	2.00%	April 2016	April 2017	5	500,000	
Bank Alfalah Limited	1.50%	September 2016	September 201		300,000	
United Bank Limited	1.50%	December 2016	December 201		100,000	
					1,000,000	
Less current portion thereof					26,975,000 838,333	21,000,00 25,00
1					26,136,667	20,975,00

<sup>7.1</sup> An amount of Rs. 25,975,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs. 21,000,000 thousand) is secured by way of first charge ranking pari passu by way of hypothecation over all present and future movable equipment and other assets (excluding land, building and licenses) of PTML.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 8. Liability against assets subject to finance lease

The minimum lease rental payments due under the lease agreements are payable in monthly installments up to August 2018. These have been discounted at the annual applicable implicit rate of interest. The amount of future lease payments and the period in which these will become due are as follows:

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
	Minimum lease payments due			
	Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		37,982 2,513	36,538 34,405
	Gross obligation under finance lease Finance charges allocated to future periods		40,495 (4,206)	70,943 (13,673)
	Net obligation under finance lease Due within one year		36,289 (34,401)	57,270 (31,977)
			1,888	25,293
	The present value of finance lease liabilities is as follows:			
	Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		34,401 1,888	31,977 25,293
			36,289	57,270
9.	License fee payable			
	Interest bearing	9.1	_	6,183,200
	Non interest bearing	9.2	15,733,070	21,220,576
	Current portion thereof		15,733,070 (4,504,874)	27,403,776 (7,584,902)
			11,228,196	19,818,874
9.1	Interest bearing			
	Gross amount payable Current portion thereof	9.1.1	-	6,183,200 (1,545,800)
			-	4,637,400

#### **9.1.1** During the year, remaining amount of 3G license fee has been paid in full.

### 9.2 Non Interest bearing

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Gross amount payable Imputed deferred Interest	18,298,080 (2,565,010)	24,449,840 (3,229,264)
Present value of obligation Current portion thereof	15,733,070 (4,504,874)	21,220,576 (6,039,102)
	11,228,196	15,181,474

The PTML's license for 2G cellular operations throughout Pakistan excluding Azad Jammu & Kashmir (AJK) and Gilgit - Baltistan (GB), was renewed during 2014 at a fee of USD 291 million. Under the terms of license, the amount will be paid in installments over a period of 12.5 years. This liability payable in Pak Rupee equivalent is stated at its amortized cost using dollar discount rate of 3.62%.



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 10. Long term security deposits

These represent non-interest bearing security deposits received from distributors, franchisees and customers that are refundable on termination of the relationship with the Group. The Holding Company has paid / adjusted a sum of Rs 2,100 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 45,871 thousand) to its customers during the current year against their balances.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
11.	Deferred income tax			
	The liability for deferred taxation comprises of timing differences relating to:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation and amortization Provision against stock, stores and receivables Remeasurement of employees retirement benefits License fee payable Unused tax losses Tax credits in respect of minimum tax Surplus on revaluation of available for sale securities Others		19,251,936 (3,048,365) (2,520,257) - (3,780,206) (25,234) 455 (315,842)	21,040,173 (2,837,676) (2,682,741) (174,428) (2,937,245) (9,382) - (19,411)
			9,562,487	12,379,290
	The gross movement in the deferred tax liability during the year is as follows:			
	Balance as at beginning of the year Tax credit recognized in profit and loss Tax charge / (credit) recognized in other comprehensive inc Tax credit realised in other comprehensive income Tax charge / (credit) recognized on available for sale invest		12,379,290 (2,896,322) 78,637 - 882	12,658,200 (4,108,544) (748,176) 4,586,258 (8,448)
-	Balance as at end of the year		9,562,487	12,379,290
12.	Employees retirement benefits			
	Pension Funded - PTCL Unfunded - PTCL	12.1 12.1	5,253,506 3,242,085	11,972,112 2,847,299
	Gratuity Funded - PTCL, PTML and U Bank Accumulating compensated absences - PTCL and PTML Post retirement medical facility - PTCL Benevolent grants - PTCL	12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1	8,495,591 (52,919) 1,430,188 10,757,583 3,491,524	14,819,411 12,914 1,549,917 12,402,849 3,388,349
			24,121,967	32,173,440

### TO AND FORMING PART OF THE

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

[7,433,740] The latest actuarial valuations of the Group's defined benefit plans, were conducted at December 31, 2016 using the projected unit credit method. [93,330,867] 32,173,440 1,222,420 [18,446] 271,126 13,934,477 125,504,307 117,528,470 15,138,451 125,504,307 2015 Rs '000 **Total** 125,504,307 [64,712] (8,431,613) (105,425,984) 24,121,967 1,321,224 13,285,062 [1,994,409] [2,263,295] 129,547,951 2,191,387 16,732,961 129,547,951 2016 Rs '000 3,388,349 7,396 3,388,349 3,388,349 3,189,574 42,573 397,684 [203,305]355,111 2015 Rs '000 Benevolent grants Unfunded (216,235) (48,350) 3,491,524 3,388,349 (20,239) 43,575 344,424 3,491,524 1,524 339,649 2016 Rs '000 3,491 (2,102,766) (471,881) 13,258,545 12,402,849 12,402,849 12,402,849 91,125 1,627,826 1,718,951 2015 Rs '000 Post-retirement medical facility Unfunded [2,493,922] 10,757,583 (492,164) 10,757,583 [241,515] 10,757,583 12,402,849 ,337,244 1,582,335 79,587 165,504 2016 Rs '000 [68,612] 1,549,917 549,917 ,403,240 157,427 [18,446] 1,549,917 76,308 215,289 compensated absences 2015 Rs '000 Accumulating Unfunded 1,430,188 (64,712) [139,247] 140,628 [192,580] 1,430,188 1,549,917 75,034 88 212,098 2016 Rs '000 1,430,1 1,509,573 (1,496,659) (94,537) [167,301] 1,509,573 12,914 1,411,529 359,882 208,811 151,071 2015 Rs '000 Gratuity Funded 1,527,885 [52,919] [1,580,804] 136,378 [176,079] [293,323] 1,509,573 218,431 1,527,885 486,662 1,052 2016 Rs '000 Details of obligations for defined benefit plans are as follows: [11,019] 2,847,299 2,847,299 2,013,560 136,725 251,006 2,847,299 457,027 387,731 2015 Rs '000 Unfunded 3,242,085 286,663 (34,909) 358,515) (15,688) 3,242,085 2,847,299 204,895 312,340 803,898 3,242,085 2016 Rs '000 Pension 11,972,112 8/8'999 12,058,914 (6,511,622) 103,806,320 96,252,022 2,007,006 (91,834,208) 1,392,036 103,806,320 2015 Rs '000 Funded 109,098,686 103,806,320 1,576,158 [1,294,606] [7,274,956] 713,588 11,018,573 13,308,319 553,609 5,253,506 109,098,686 103,845,180] Rs '000 2016 in the consolidated statement of Fair value of plan assets - note 12.2 of defined benefit obligations: Balance at beginning of the year Changes in the present value (Gain) / losses on settlement experience adjustment Balance at end of the year The amounts recognized Liability at end of the year Present value of defined benefit obligations (Gains) / losses due to financial position: Current service cost Remeasurements: Interest expense Actuarial (gain) VSS settlement Benefits paid 12.1

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## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Pension	oi.		Gratuity	iţ	Accumulating compensated absences	lating I absences	Post-retirement medical facility	rement facility	Benevolent grants	lt grants	Total	
	I	Funded	pe	Unfunded	par	Funded	pa	Unfunded	pep	Unfunded	pep	Unfunded	pep		
	1	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
ច	Charge for the year														
	Profit and loss:														
	Current service cost	713,588	666,878	204,895	136,725	218,431	208,811	61,148	76,308	79,587	91,125	43,575	42,573	1,321,224 2,784,014	1,222,420
	Actuarial (gain)	1	1 1	1				(64,712)	(18,446)				- '	[64,712]	[18,446]
	(Gain) / tosses recognized on settlement	1.576.158	,	286 663	,	136.378	,	75 034	,	165 504		[098.87]		2 191 387	1
	Contribution from employees Contribution from deputationist	[2,280]	- (2,001)	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1		1 1		(21,665)	[21,873]	(2,280)	(21,873)
		2,945,933	1,790,709	863,898	387,731	345,720	342,726	212,098	215,289	1,582,335	1,718,951	317,984	375,811	6,207,968	4,831,217
	Other comprehensive income														
	Remeasurements:														
	Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest income	1,751,684	2,042,432			[11,659]	22,930			1				1,740,025	2,065,362
	(bailis) / losses due to experience adjustment	553,609	2,007,006	[34,909]	457,027	1,052	[64,537]	1		[2,493,922]	[2,102,766]	(20,239)	7,396	[1,994,409]	271,126
		2,305,293	4,049,438	(34,909)	457,027	(10,607)	(71,607)	1	•	(2,493,922)	(2,102,766)	(20,239)	4,396	[254,384]	2,336,488
		5,251,226	5,840,147	768,989	844,758	335,113	271,119	212,098	215,289	[911,587]	(383,815)	297,745	380,207	5,953,584	7,167,705
ਓ	Significant actuarial assumptions at the date of consolidated statement of financial position:														
	Discount rate Future salary / medical cost increase Future pension increase Rate of increase in benevolent grants Average duration of obligation	11.00% 7 to10% 7.50% - 10 year s	11.00% 7 to10% 7.50% - 10 years	11.00% 7 to10% 7.5% -	11.00% 7.50% - 18 years	9.50% 8.50% - - 11.72 years	9.50% 8.50% - - 10.97 years	9.50% 9.50% 8.5% 8.5% 6 to 8 years	9.50% 8.5% - 6 to 9 years	11.0% 10.0% - - 15 years	11.00% 10% - 15 years	10.50% - 2.50% 15 years	10.50% - 2.5% 15 years		
	Expected mortality rate Expected withdrawal rate	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	1-2005 sperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	I-2005 perience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	1-2005 (perience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	1-2005 cperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	r1-2005 xperience	SLIC 2001-2005 Based on experience	1-2005 xperience		

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			l benefit an - funded	Defined gratuity pla	benefit an - funded		tal assets
		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
12.2	Changes in the fair value of plan assets						
	Balance at beginning of the year Interest income	91,834,208 10,360,106	84,001,066 10,266,204	1,496,659 141,203	408,492 65,393	93,330,867 10,501,309	84,409,558 10,331,597
	Total payment made to members on behalf of fund	-	-	157,775	71,791	157,775	71,791
	Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	(1,751,684)	(2,042,432)	11,659	(22,930)	(1,740,025)	(2,065,362)
	Contributions made by the Group during the year	11,972,112	6,120,992	66,831	1,141,214	12,038,943	7,262,206
	Benefits paid	(8,569,562)	(6,511,622)	(293,323)	(167,301)	(8,862,885)	(6,678,923)
	Balance at end of the year	103,845,180	91,834,208	1,580,804	1,496,659	105,425,984	93,330,867

**12.3** Plan assets for funded defined pension plan comprise of the following:

	20	116	20	15
	Rs '000	Percentage	Rs '000	Percentage
Debt instruments - unquoted				
- Special saving accounts	83,863,724	80.76	68,692,370	74.80
- Defense saving certificates	1,730,540	1.67	1,540,027	1.68
- Pakistan Investment Bonds	3,042,900	2.93	3,040,388	3.31
	88,637,164	85.36	73,272,785	79.79
Cash and cash equivalents				
- Term deposits	5,019,748	4.83	9,744,934	10.61
- Cash and Bank balances	1,856,934	1.79	881,181	0.96
	6,876,682	6.62	10,626,115	11.57
Investment property				
- Telecom tower	6,419,302	6.18	6,395,158	6.96
- Telehouse	1,734,653	1.67	1,724,073	1.88
	8,153,955	7.85	8,119,231	8.84
Fixed assets	7,950	0.01	6,921	0.01
Other assets	1,679,828	1.61	21,347	0.02
	105,355,579	101.45	92,046,399	100.23
Liabilities				
Amount due to PTCL	(1,308,137)	(1.26)	(116)	0.00
Accrued & other liabilities	(202,262)	(0.19)	(212,075)	(0.23)
	(1,510,399)	(1.45)	(212,191)	(0.23)
	103,845,180	100.00	91,834,208	100.00

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

**12.4** Plan assets for defined gratuity fund comprise of the following:

	20	016	20	015
	Rs '000	Percentage	Rs '000	Percentage
Units of mutual funds	262,480	16.60	207,395	13.86
Term deposit receipts	1,117,417	70.70	1,171,199	78.25
Fixed deposit receipts	109,778	6.94	64,204	4.29
Other assets	19,299	1.22	-	0.00
Bank balances	71,830	4.54	53,861	3.60
	1,580,804	100.00	1,496,659	100.00

12.5 During the next financial year, the minimum expected contribution to be paid to the funded pension plan and funded gratuity plan by the Group is Rs 1,163,934 thousand and Rs 124,535 thousand respectively.

### 12.6 Sensitivity analysis

The calculations of the defined benefit obligations is sensitive to the significant actuarial assumptions set out in note 12.1. The table below summarizes how the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period would have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in the respective assumptions.

	Impact on defined	l benefit obligatior
	1% Increase in assumption	1% Decrease in assumption
	Rs '000	Rs '000
Future salary / medical cost		
Pension - funded	1,206,543	(1,097,113)
Pension - unfunded	332,719	(293,816)
Gratuity - funded	140,049	(120,278)
Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded	140,020	(123,897)
Post-retirement medical facility - unfunded	1,320,408	(1,092,627)
Discount rate		
Pension - funded	(8,301,525)	9,829,234
Pension - unfunded	(477,698)	602,491
Gratuity - funded	(119,125)	139,965
Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded	(121,786)	140,020
Post-retirement medical facility - unfunded	(1,221,888)	1,503,771
Benevolent grants - unfunded	(267,122)	310,803
Future pension		
Pension - funded	8,535,302	(7,289,489)
Pension - unfunded	245,927	(206,413)
Benevolent grants		
Benevolent grants - unfunded	313,247	(269,375)
Expected mortality rates		
	Increase by 1 year	Decrease by 1 year
	Rs '000	Rs '000
Pension - funded	(2,504,989)	2,489,901
Pension - unfunded	(41,771)	40,650
Gratuity - funded	(13,088)	12,737
Accumulating compensated absences - unfunded	(18,428)	17,931
Post-retirement medical facility - unfunded	(298,982)	300,125
Benevolent grants - unfunded ´	(97,039)	97,409

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The above sensitivity analysis are based on changes in assumptions while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied when calculating the liability recognized within the consolidated statement of financial position.

12.7 Through its defined benefit pension plans, the Group is exposed to a number of actuarial and investment risks, the most significant of which include, interest rate risk, property market risk, longetivity risk for pension plan and salary risk for all the plans.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
13.	Deferred government grants			
	Balance at beginning of the year Recognized during the year		9,497,840 2,803,653	6,848,180 3,177,799
	Amortization for the year	39	(730,838)	(528,139)
	Balance at end of the year		11,570,655	9,497,840

These represent grants received from the Universal Service Fund, as assistance towards the development of telecommunication infrastructure in rural areas, comprising telecom infrastructure projects for basic telecom access, transmission and broadband services spread across the country.

### 14. Long term vendor liability

This represents amount payable to a vendor in respect of procurement of network and allied assets and comprises of:

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Obligation under acceptance of bills of exchange Other accrued liabilities	14.1	27,965,304 10,701,917	17,458,282 9,344,321
Current portion thereof		38,667,221 (9,679,951)	26,802,603 (2,163,554)
		28,987,270	24,639,049

**14.1** These include liability of Rs 9,874,145 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 7,769,994 thousand) carrying interest in the range of 5.40% to 5.90% per annum (December 31, 2015: 5.92% to 6.79% per annum).



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
15.	Trade and other payables			
	Trade creditors Accrued liabilities VSS payable Receipts against third party works Employees provident fund Income tax collected from subscribers / deducted at source Sales tax payable Advances from customers	15.1 e	11,207,133 33,688,268 4,963,083 1,131,961 18,110 452,927 758,617 5,409,286	10,998,951 29,678,199 151,342 1,172,939 18,860 454,733 117,019 4,918,955
	Technical services assistance fee Retention money / payable to contractors and suppliers	36.2	8,251,719	4,149,636
	related to fixed capital expenditure Dividend payable / unclaimed dividend Forward foreign exchange contracts	15.2 15.3	4,712,531 207,167 77,657	6,526,717 373,132 10,591
	Other liabilities		585,537	617,936
			71,463,996	59,189,010
15.1	Trade and other payables include payable to the following related parties:			
	Trade creditors Etisalat - UAE Other Etisalat's subsidiaries and associates Etisalat - Afghanistan Etisalat - Srilanka Etisalat - Egypt Etisalat - Nigeria Thuraya Satellite Telecommunication Company PJSC Emirates data clearing house Telecom Foundation TF Pipes Limited The Government of Pakistan and its related entities		186,913 7,005 29,529 15,551 35 1,176 3,700 3,209 63,064 4,160 3,812,018	138,147 7,005 75,997 20,279 31 642 17,548 3,209 64,466 2,750 3,812,018
15.2	Retention money / payable to contractors and suppliers inclosing related party:	ludes the		
	TF Pipes Limited		1,231	1,231

These balances relate to the normal course of business and are interest free.

15.3 This represents fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts entered into by the Group to hedge its foreign currency exposure. As at December 31, 2016, the Group had forward exchange contracts to purchase USD 90,464,198 (December 31, 2015: USD 93,083,377) at various maturity dates matching the anticipated payment dates for network liability.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
16.	Customers deposits		
	Fixed deposits Saving deposits Current deposits	5,761,515 1,176,753 641,722	114,008 548,249 403,058
	Less : deposits payable after next twelve months	7,579,990 2,400,425	1,065,315 106,308
		5,179,565	959,008
17.	Short term running finance	-	427,428

Short term running finance facilities available under mark-up arrangements with banks amounting to Rs 3,000,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 3,000,000 thousand), out of which the amount availed at the year end is nil (December 31, 2015: 427,428 thousand). These facilities are secured by first ranking pari passu charge by way of hypothecation over all present and future assets of PTML, excluding land, building and license.

### 18. Contingencies and commitments

#### Contingencies

**PTCL** 

- 18.1 Against the decision of Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) upholding tax authorities' decision to impose FED amounting to Rs 474,417 thousand on Technical Services Assistance fee assuming that the fee is against franchise arrangement for the period from July 2007 to June 2010, the Honorable Islamabad High Court remanded the cases back to ATIR with the directions to decide the cases afresh. Accordingly, the stay order earlier granted by the Honorable Islamabad High Court upholds. Similarly, against an order of the Punjab Revenue Authority (PRA) for the sales tax demand of Rs. 461,629 thousand on Technical Services Assistance fee assuming that the fee is against franchise arrangement for the period from October 2012 to December 2014, the appeal is subjudice before the Commissioner-Appeals, and the stay order from the Honorable Lahore High Court is also in place.
- 18.2 Based on an audit of certain monthly returns of the FED, a demand of Rs 1,289,957 thousand was raised on the premise that the Company did not apportion the input tax between allowable and exempt supplies. The Company is in appeal before ATIR, which is pending adjudication. Meanwhile, the Honorable Islamabad High Court has granted a stay order in this regard.
- **18.3** Against the decision of Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) imposing sales tax of Rs. 4,417 million on revenues from international incoming calls for 2012 and 2013, the appeal is pending adjudication before the Commissioner Appeals. Meanwhile, the Honorable Sindh High Court has granted a stay order against any coercive action.
- 18.4 Against the decision of the Customs Appellate Tribunal imposing additional custom duties, a reference as well as writ petition against order passed by the Custom Tribunal is pending before the Honorable Sindh High Court. Further, through the petition filed before the Honorable Sindh High Court stay order has been obtained against order of the Tribunal. The Honorable Sindh High Court has stayed the recovery of the levies amounting to Rs. 932,942 thousand.
- **18.5** For the tax year 2007, after allowance of certain expenses by ATIR, an appeal is pending before ATIR for certain other disallowed expenses with tax impact of Rs 27,640 thousand. This is in addition to earlier disallowed expense of satellite charges (tax impact Rs 80,850 thousand) by ATIR for which the reference application filed by the Company is pending adjudication before the Honorable Islamabad High Court.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

- **18.6** For the tax year 2008, ATIR, while disposing off the Company's appeal against the tax demand of Rs 4,559,208 thousand on the basis that the Company applied incorrect withholding tax rate for payments to voluntary separation scheme optees, remanded the case back to the Taxation Officer for verification of filing of options before the concerned Commissioners. The Company has also filed a reference application with the Honorable Islamabad High Court, which is pending adjudication.
- **18.7** For the tax year 2008, the tax authorities filed an appeal before ATIR against the decision of the Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) Appeals allowing certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 2,126,648 thousand.
- **18.8** For the tax year 2009, after appeal effect order issued by taxation officer, tax impact of the disallowed expenses amounted to Rs 1,113,058 thousand. The Company has filed appeal before ATIR and also filed reference application before the Honorable Islamabad High Court.
- **18.9** For the tax year 2010, CIR Appeals allowed certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 3,955,783 thousand. For the other disallowed expenses with tax impact of Rs. 1,251,913 thousand, the appeal is pending before the ATIR.
- **18.10** For the tax year 2011, taxation officer disallowed certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 3,860,358 thousand, after taking into account the order of CIR Appeals as well as rectification orders. The Company has filed an appeal before ATIR, pending adjudication.
- **18.11** For the tax year 2013, taxation officer disallowed certain expenses with tax impact of Rs 1,130,787 thousand. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals), pending adjudication.
- **18.12** For the tax year 2014, CIR (Appeals) has remanded back certain expenses earlier disallowed by Assessing Officer with tax impact of Rs 864,692 thousand for de novo consideration.
- 18.13 With regard to the appeals filed by the Company before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the orders passed by various High Courts, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan dismissed such appeals through announcement of the earlier-reserved order on 12th June, 2015. Based on the directives contained in the said order and the pertinent legal provisions, the Company is evaluating extent of its responsibility vis-à-vis such order. The Company, the Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust and the Federal Government have filed Review Petition before the Apex Court in this regard. Under the circumstances, the management of the Company is of the view, it is not possible at this stage to ascertain the financial obligations, if any, flowing from the Honorable Supreme Court decision which could be disclosed in these financial statements. In the meanwhile, PTET has issued notices to prospective beneficiaries for the determination of their entitlements. Further, through a separate order dated 27th May 2016, the Honorable Lahore High Court decided that the pensioners who availed VSS package are not entitled to pension increases announced by the Government of Pakistan.
- 18.14 The Company implemented policy directives of Ministry of Information Technology conveyed by the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority regarding termination of all international incoming calls into Pakistan. On suspension of these directives by the Honorable Lahore High Court, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan dismissed the pertinent writ petitions by directing Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) to decide the case. The Honorable Sindh High Court suspended the adverse decision of CCP and the case is pending for adjudication.
- **18.15** A total of 1,432 cases (December 31, 2015: 1,470 cases) have been filed against the Company primarily involving subscribers, regulators, retirees and employees. Because of the large number of cases and their uncertain nature, it is not possible to quantify their financial impact at present.
- **18.16** No provision on account of above contingencies has been made in these consolidated financial statements as the management and the tax / legal advisors of the Company are of the view that these matters will eventually be settled in favour of the Company.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
18.17 Bank guarantees and bid bonds of Group issued in favour of:		
Universal Service Fund (USF) against government grants Pakistan Telecommunication Authority against 3G and 2G Licenses Others	9,941,570 872,041 887,721	7,645,906 1,339,344 598,986
	11,701,332	9,584,236

#### **PTML**

- **18.18** Tax authorities have raised Federal Excise Duty (FED) demands by assessing the PTML's payments of technical services fee to Etisalat as fee for "Franchise Services" which has not been agreed by the Company and its appeals are pending at various appellate fora. The management is of the view that payments of technical services fee are outside the ambit of the Federal Excise Act, 2005 and lack the essential element of "franchiser-franchisee" arrangement to be considered franchise services fee. Against the demands created by the tax authorities, the Company has paid Rs 501,541 thousand in prior years under protest and carried as receivable from taxation authorities. The total exposure in the case is Rs. 1,628,295 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs. 1,454,935 thousand).
- **18.19** The taxation authorities have raised demand amounting to Rs 1,830,000 thousand which represents the amount of advance income tax paid by the PTML under section 148 at import stage on the premise that such tax paid fall under final tax regime. The Company has claimed adjustment of this amount against its tax liability for tax years 2008 to 2014. The Company is of the view that these demands are not based on sound principles as the Company is subject to normal tax regime since its inception and the equipment imported is used in-house for provision of telecom services and not sold by the Company as commercial importer to derive income. The references were filed before the Islamabad High Court against the unfavourable order of ATIR. The Islamabad High Court has remanded back the case to ATIR for re-hearing.
- 18.20 PTML and other telecom operators contested a position taken by Federal Board of Revenue in respect of levy of FED on payment of interconnect charges by all telecom operators on the basis that such position is contrary to the substance of the related mandatory arrangement under Calling Party Pays (CPP) regime. Further, such levy of FED is in disregard to the fact that Duty on full price for the service (including the interconnect part) has already been charged, collected and paid to Government by telecom operator (calling party).
  - PTML and three other operators had petitioned the Islamabad High Court (IHC) to seek the correct interpretation of the law on the matter. IHC had passed its judgment in favour of the petitioners. An intracourt appeal has been filed by the taxation authorities against this judgment which is currently pending before IHC. No provision has been carried in the consolidated financial statements in this respect.
- 18.21 PTML is undergoing assessment proceedings under section 122(5)(a) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 from the Tax Years 2008 till 2013 for the verification of expenses. The proceedings are pending before CIR (Appeals), ATIR and the High Court. The management believes that strong legal and factual bases are available to support it's contention and that outcome to these proceedings will be favourable. Accordingly, no provision has been carried in these consolidated financial statements.
- **18.22** PTML is contesting various notices and orders in front of the Pakistan and Azad Jammu and Kashmir tax authorities, CIR (Appeals), ATIR and the High Court in respect of Income Tax, Federal Excise Duty, Federal and Provincial Sales Tax. The management believes that strong legal and factual bases are available to support the Company's contention that outcome to these proceedings will be favourable. Accordingly, no provision has been carried in these consolidated financial statements.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### **DVCOM Data (Private) Limited**

18.23 In pursuance of the determination by Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) on March 20, 2015 requiring, inter-alia, a payment of Rs. 3,123,867 thousand (principal outstanding dues of Rs. 1,426,785 thousand and late payment charges of Rs. 1,697,081 thousand) within fifteen days of the order, DVCOM Data filed a statutory appeal viz. FAO No. 22/2015 before the Honorable Islamabad High Court on March 30, 2015 against such demand of PTA. The Honorable Islamabad High Court suspended the PTA determination dated March 20, 2015. However, the Honorable Islamabad High Court passed an order for the payment of principal outstanding dues amounting to Rs. 1,426,785 thousand, which was later paid by the Holding Company on behalf of DVCOM Data whereas, the demand for late payment additional fee was suspended by the Honorable Islamabad High Court.

DVCOM Data based on the advice of its legal advisors believes that the PTA's demand for late payment charges is inconsistent with the pertinent laws, rules and regulations keeping in view the fact that the WLL License issued to the Company by PTA remained terminated by the same Authority for substantial part of the period for which the said late payment charges are being claimed and as such, the question of late payment charges cannot arise for the licenses which are not in field and therefore, the matter is likely to be decided in favor of the DVCOM Data. Hence, no provision for late payment charges of Rs. 1,697,082 thousand has been recognized in these consolidated financial statements.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
18.24	4 Commitments - Group			
	Standby letter of guarantee Letter of credit for purchase of stock Commitments for capital expenditure		6,365 16,747 11,866,645	6,365 116,982 11,840,083
			11,889,757	11,963,430
19.	Property, plant and equipment			
	Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	19.1 19.6	158,693,829 12,106,215	161,962,080 8,326,928
			170,800,044	170,289,008

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Land	9	Buildings on	gs on				Computer				Leased	
	Freehold - note 19.2	Leasehold	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Lines and wires	Apparatus, plant and equipment	Office equipment	and electrical equipment	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Submarine cables	network and allied systems	Total
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
As at January 01, 2015 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	1,652,974	90,026 (30,023)	11,450,147 (4,450,123)	2,381,679 (1,453,746)	116,717,956 (95,903,416)	302,785,417 (184,436,852)	1,044,147 (697,053)	8,044,911 (5,808,758)	601,236 (460,043)	2,456,321 (1,891,428)	11,305,616 (5,830,674)	153,889 (91,422)	458,684,319 (301,053,538)
Net book amount	1,652,974	60,003	7,000,024	927,933	20,814,540	118,348,565	347,094	2,236,153	141,193	564,893	5,474,942	62,467	157,630,781
Year ended December 31, 2015 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals	1,652,974	- 00'09	7,000,024 535,913	927,933 111,239	20,814,540 5,532,729	118,348,565 24,777,292	347,094 405,539	2,236,153 801,638	141,193 75,622	564,893 179,703	5,474,942 498,581	62,467	157,630,781 32,918,256
Cost Accumulated depreciation	(31)	1 1	(1,474)	[18,022] 17,914	[24,661] 24,661	(663,854) 561,778	1 1	(154,914) 153,005	(779) 632	(52,499) 51,533	1 1	1 1	(916,234) 810,147
	[31]	,   	[820]	(108)	'	[102,076]	,   	[1,909]	[147]	[996]	'	,   	[106,087]
Depreciation charge for the year - note 19.4 Impairment charge - note 19.5		[1,840]	[288,438]	[149,166]	(3,138,328)	(21,910,329) (161,241)	[65,804]	(1,335,288)	(31,066)	(229,942)	[1,148,909]	(20,519)	[28,319,629] [161,241]
Net book amount	1,652,943	58,163	7,246,649	889,898	23,208,941	120,952,211	686,829	1,700,594	185,602	513,688	4,824,614	41,948	161,962,080
As at January 01, 2016 Cost Accumulated deoreciation and impairment	1,652,943	90,026	11,984,586	2,474,896	122,226,024	326,898,855 (205,946,644)	1,449,686	8,691,635	676,079	2,583,525	11,804,197	153,889	490,686,341
Net book amount	1,652,943	58,163	7,246,649	889,898	23,208,941	120,952,211	686,829	1,700,594	185,602	513,688	4,824,614	41,948	161,962,080
Year ended December 31, 2016 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals - note 19,3	1,652,943	58,163	7,246,649 436,918	889,898	23,208,941	120,952,211	686,829	1,700,594	185,602	513,688	4,824,614	41,948	161,962,080 26,899,985
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1 1	1 1	1 1	(7,327)	(256,071) 210,271	[585,333] 504,601	1 1	(81,996) 73,932	[497] 276	(270,542) 237,523	1 1	1 1	(1,201,766) 1,033,875
Depreciation charge for the year - note 19.4 Impairment charge - note 19.5		- (772,1)	(302,122)	(55) (160,387)	(45,800) (3,137,097) (135,960)	(80,732) (22,978,246) (1,156,049)	(116,756)	(8,064) (1,078,957)	(35,427)	(33,019) (215,862)	- [661,686]	(20,519)	(167,891) (28,708,336) (1,292,009)
Net book amount	1,652,943	26,886	7,381,445	833,888	24,381,103	116,468,015	1,023,066	1,526,809	228,298	586,526	4,533,421	21,429	158,693,829
As at December 31, 2016 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	1,652,943	90,026 (33,140)	12,421,504 (5,040,059)	2,572,001 (1,738,113)	126,460,972 (102,079,869)	346,044,353 (229,576,338)	1,902,679 (879,613)	9,522,875 [7,996,066]	753,926 (525,628)	2,634,702 (2,048,176)	12,174,690 (7,641,269)	153,889 (132,460)	516,384,560 (357,690,731)
Net book amount	1,652,943	26,886	7,381,445	833,888	24,381,103	116,468,015	1,023,066	1,526,809	228,298	586,526	4,533,421	21,429	158,693,829
Annual rate of depreciation [%]		1 to 3.3	2.5	2.5 to 20	7	10 to 33	10	20 to 33.33	10	20	6.67 to 8.33	13.33	

### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19.2 As explained in note 1.1, the property and rights vesting in the operating assets, as at January 01, 1996, were transferred to the Holding Company from Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation, under the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996. However, the title to certain freehold land properties, were not formally transferred in the name of the Holding Company in the land revenue records. The Holding Company initiated the process of transfer of title to freehold land, in its own name, in previous years, which is still ongoing and shall be completed in due course of time.

### 19.3 Disposal of property, plant and equipment:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book amount	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchaser
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000		
Lines & Wires	(256,071)	210,271	(45,800)	31,380	Auction	Various vendors
Apparatus, plant and equipment	[313,053] [29,271] [10,782] [3,664] [506]	312,099 13,255 6,969 3,328 317 335,968	(954) (16,016) (3,813) (336) (189) (21,308)	5,895 16,171 6,275 350 240 28,931	Auction Insurance claim Negotiation Negotiation Claim	Various vendors EFU General Insurance Company Dawa Jan Enterprises Kazim Brothers Agility
Vehicles	(76,109) (54,050) (12,526) (142,685)	61,397 38,890 9,579 109,866	(14,712) (15,160) (2,947) (32,819)	48,800 37,974 2,947 89,721	Auction Auction Group's policy	Various buyers Various buyers Mr. Abdul Aziz - Ex CEO
Computer and electrical equipment	(459) (467) (318) (307) (1,551)	217 324 230 247 1,018	(242) (143) (88) (60) (533)	242 143 88 60 533	Group's policy Group's policy Group's policy Group's policy	Mr. Abdul Aziz - Ex CEO Mr. Saad Waraich - employee Mr. Abdul Aziz - Ex CEO Mr. Asif Saeed Malik - employee
Aggregate of other having net book amounts not exceeding Rs 50,000	(444,183) (1,201,766)	376,752 1,033,875	(67,431) (167,891)	166,971 317,536	Auction	Various buyers

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
19.4	The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
	Cost of services	35	27,383,333	26,732,017
	Administrative and general expenses	36	1,254,736	1,517,628
	Selling and marketing expenses	37	70,267	69,984
			28,708,336	28,319,629

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

19.5 The carrying amount of certain items of apparatus, plant and equipment of the Holding Company have been reduced to their recoverable amount through recognition of an impairment loss of Rs 1,292,009 thousand (December 31, 2015: 161,241 thousand). This loss has been included in 'cost of services' in the statement of profit and loss. The impairment charge arose due to obsolescence of various asset items in apparatus, plant and equipment and line and wire.

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
19.6	Capital work in progress		
	Buildings Lines and wires Apparatus, plant and equipment Advances to suppliers Others	341,443 7,377,479 2,988,194 868,999 530,100	407,540 5,405,231 1,528,021 533,258 452,878
	19.7	12,106,215	8,326,928
19.7	Movement during the year		
	Balance at beginning of the year Additions during the year Transfers during the year	8,326,928 30,782,414 (27,003,127)	12,936,971 28,649,620 (33,259,663)
	Balance at end of the year	12,106,215	8,326,928

Addition in capital work in progress includes an amount of Rs 1,473,347 thousand (December 31, 2015 :Rs 1,632,968 thousand), in respect of direct overheads relating to development of assets.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
20.	Intangible assets			
	Goodwill on acquisition of U Bank Goodwill on acquisition of DVCOM Data Other intangible assets	20.1	78,790 1,191,102 35,841,908	78,790 1,191,102 39,056,551
	ū.		37,111,800	40,326,443

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Licenses and spectrum	Computer software	Total
		Note	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs'000
20.1	Other intangible assets				
	As at January 01, 2015				
	Cost		45,811,375	3,304,718	49,458,093
	Accumulated amortization		(4,607,793)	(1,712,909)	(6,662,702)
	Net book amount		41,203,582	1,591,809	42,795,391
	Year ended December 31, 2015				
	Opening net book amount		41,203,582	1,591,809	42,795,391
	Additions		1,560,339	491,409	2,051,748
	Derecognition during the year	20.3	(0.500.000)		(0.0.(0.000)
	Cost Accumulated amortization		(2,500,000) 397,727	-	(2,842,000) 739,727
	Accountated amortization		(2,102,273)	_	(2,102,273)
	Amortization charge for the year	20.6	(3,027,228)	(661,087)	(3,688,315)
	Closing net book amount		37,634,420	1,422,131	39,056,551
	As at January 01, 2016				
	Cost		44,871,714	3,796,127	48,667,841
	Accumulated amortization		(7,237,294)	(2,373,996)	(9,611,290)
	Net book amount	20.2	37,634,420	1,422,131	39,056,551
	Year ended December 31, 2016				
	Opening net book amount		37,634,420	1,422,131	39,056,551
	Additions		-	354,985	354,985
	Amortization charge for	20.7	(2.070.000)	(500 (00)	(2.5/0./20)
	the year	20.6	(2,979,008)	(590,620)	(3,569,628)
	Closing net book amount		34,655,412	1,186,496	35,841,908
	As at December 31, 2016				
	Cost		44,871,714	4,151,112	49,022,826
	Accumulated amortization		(10,216,302)	(2,964,616)	(13,180,918)
	Net book amount	20.2	34,655,412	1,186,496	35,841,908

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
20.2	Breakup of net book amounts as at year end is as follows: Licenses and spectrum - PTCL			
	Telecom WLL spectrum WLL and LDI License IPTV Licenses - PTML WLL spectrum - DVCOM Data Licenses - U bank	20.3 20.3 20.4 20.5	39,893 1,387,208 151,814 - 31,877,824 1,192,796 5,877 34,655,412	49,867 1,566,205 166,370 2,652 34,495,903 1,345,068 8,355 37,634,420
	Computer software - PTCL			
	HP OSS OEM Comptel software (HP OSS) Carrier software license (WLL) Kron Licenses BnCC software Caller details record collector system BnCC Oracle system Customer Relationship Management (CRM) SAP Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system Integrated performance management system Software - PTML Branchless banking software - U Bank		1,142 339,701 6,667 10,308 158,366 1,981 55,490 33,662 72,086 74,471 360,287 72,335	7,991 259,110 7,070 10,929 184,150 3,810 103,053 62,516 115,337
			1,186,496 35,841,908	1,422,131 39,056,551

20.3 The Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) has issued a license to PTCL to provide telecommunication services in Pakistan, for a period of 25 years, commencing January 01, 1996, at an agreed license fee of Rs 249,344 thousand. In June 2005, PTA modified the previously issued license to provide telecommunication services to include a spectrum license at an agreed license fee of Rs 3,646,884 thousand. This license allows the Company to provide Wireless Local Loop (WLL) services in Pakistan, over a period of 20 years, commencing October 2004. The cost of the license is being amortized on a straight line basis over the period of the license.

The Holding Company has vacated 1900 MHz spectrum in nine telecom regions acquired from Telecard Limited in September 2013 due to certain conditions mandatory to complete the transaction as stipulated in agreements embodying the commercial arrangement remaining unfulfilled.

20.4 PTA has issued a license under section 5 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Council Adaptation of Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996, the Northern Areas Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 2005 and the Northern Areas Telecommunication (Re-organization) (Adaptation and Enforcement) Order 2006, to PTCL to establish, maintain and operate a telecommunication system in Azad Jammu and Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan, for a period of 20 years, commencing May 28, 2008, at an agreed license fee of Rs 109,270 thousand. During the financial year 2015, PTA allocated additional spectrum for WLL services in Azad Jammu & Kashmir (AJ&K) and Gilgit-Baltistan (GB) for Rs 98,487 thousand. The duration of the License shall be for the remaining period of the existing WLL licenses. The cost of the licenses is being amortized, on a straight line basis, over the period of the licenses.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

- **20.5** On the expiry of the existing IPTV license by Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority in November 2016 which was effective from November 02, 2011, at an agreed license fee of Rs 15,910 thousand for a period of 5 years, the license renewal application was duly filed and is under process with the regulator.
- **20.6** The amortization charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
	Cost of services Administrative and general expenses	35 36	3,228,513 341,115	3,297,872 390,443
			3,569,628	3,688,315
21.	Long term investments			
	Investment in associate Other investments	21.1 21.2	17,324 83,900	8,543 83,900
			101,224	92,443
21.1	Investment in associate - unquoted			
	TF Pipes Limited - Islamabad, Pakistan 1,658,520 (December 31, 2015: 1,658,520) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Shares held 40% (December 31, 2015: 40%)			
	Cost of investment Group share of post acquisition loss / impairment		23,539 (6,215)	23,539 (14,996)
	Balance at end of the year		17,324	8,543
21.1.	1 Change in carrying value of investment in associate			
	Balance at beginning of the year Share of profit / (loss) from associate during the year Impairment of investment		8,543 8,781 -	16,541 (2,343) (5,655)
	Balance at end of the year		17,324	8,543
21.1.	2 The net assets of the associate - TF Pipes Limited (as per unaudited accounts) are as follows:			
	Total assets Total liabilities Revenue Expenses Profit / (loss) after tax		90,080 46,770 89,350 101,296 21,954	70,462 52,261 89,362 94,330 (5,857)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
21.2	Other investments			
	Available for sale investments - unquoted			
	Thuraya Satellite Telecommunication Company - D 3,670,000 (December 31, 2015: 3,670,000) ordinary shares of AED 1 each	ubai, UAE	63,900	63,900
	Alcatel - Lucent Pakistan Limited - Islamabad, Pak 2,000,000 (December 31, 2015: 2,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	istan	20,000	20,000
			83,900	83,900
22.	Long-term loans and advances - considered goo	d		
	Loans to employees - secured PTCL	22.1	/7/ 0/0	E20 E20
	PTML	22.1	476,060 84,624	529,539 178,520
	Imputed interest	22.3	560,684 (122,076)	708,059 (157,567)
			438,608	550,492
	Advances to suppliers against turnkey contracts Others	22.4	1,858,636 21,626	1,950,821 26,639
			2,318,870	2,527,952
	Current portion shown under current assets Loans to employees - secured	27	(118,836)	(168,164)
			2,200,034	2,359,788

- 22.1 These loans and advances are for house building and purchase of vehicles, motor cycles and bicycles. Loans to executive employees of the Holding Company carry interest at the rate of 11.50% per annum (December 31, 2015: 12% per annum), whereas, loans to employees other than executive employees are interest free. The loans are recoverable in equal monthly installments spread over a period of 5 to 10 years and are secured against the retirement benefits of the employees.
- 22.2 These represent interest free housing loans provided to eligible executive employees in accordance with the PTML's policy. The loans are secured against property located within Pakistan and owned by the employee. The loans are recoverable over a period of seven and a half years in equal installments.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

**22.3** Reconciliation of carrying amounts of loans to executives and other employees:

	As at January 01, 2016	Disbursements	Repayments	Write offs	As at December 31, 2016
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Executives	180,693	200	(94,963)	(249)	85,681
Other employees	527,366	136,121	(135,143)	(53,341)	475,003
	708,059	136,321	(230,106)	(53,590)	560,684
	As at				As at
	January 01, 2015	Disbursements	Repayments	Write offs	December 31, 2015
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Executives	238,136	200	(57,643)	-	180,693
Other employees	501,864	192,948	(167,446)	-	527,366
	740,000	193,148	(225,089)	-	708,059
				2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Maximum amount of outstanding at ar	f loan to executives ny time during the		oyees		
Executives Other employees				180,693 583,203	238,136 527,366

22.4 These represent various non interest bearing advances issued to the Group's vendors under turnkey contracts.

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
23.	Investment in finance lease		
	Gross investment in finance lease Imputed interest	107,675 (16,132)	180,116 (31,748)
	Present value of minimum lease payments receivable Current portion shown under current assets	91,543 (53,030)	148,368 (52,255)
		38,513	96,113

#### 23.1 Details of investment in finance lease

	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	Total
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Gross investment in finance lease Imputed interest	59,129 (6,099)	48,546 (10,033)	107,675 (16,132)
Present value of minimum lease payments receivable	53,030	38,513	91,543

This represents cost of motor cycles leased out to employees of the Holding Company. The cost will be recovered in 48 equal monthly installments.

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
24.	Stores, spares and loose tools			
	Stores, spares and loose tools Provision for obsolescence	24.1	4,044,970 (1,302,176)	3,980,323 (1,039,898)
			2,742,794	2,940,425
24.1	Provision for obsolescence			
	Balance at beginning of the year Charge for the year	35	1,039,898 262,278	735,130 304,768
	Balance at end of the year		1,302,176	1,039,898
25.	Stock in trade			
	SIM cards Scratch cards ATM cards Mobile phones and accessories		100,889 35,323 957 81,181	147,815 47,025 989 81,165
			218,350	276,994
	Provision for slow moving stock and warranty against mobile phones	25.1	(43,999)	(28,408)
			174,351	248,586
25.1	Provision for slow moving stock and warranty against mobile phones			
	Balance at beginning of the year Charge for the year		28,408 15,591	36,356 8,841
	Write off against provision		43,999 -	45,197 (16,789)
	Balance at end of the year		43,999	28,408
26.	Trade debts			
	Domestic			
	Considered good - secured - unsecured	26.1 26.2	1,032,910 12,116,973	942,707 12,764,648
	Considered doubtful - unsecured	20.2	8,200,032	7,559,169
			21,349,915	21,266,524
	International Considered good - unsecured Considered doubtful - unsecured	26.2	1,858,684 65,270	1,841,679 65,270
	Provision for doubtful debts	26.3	1,923,954 (8,265,302)	1,906,949 (7,624,439)
			15,008,567	15,549,034

<sup>26.1</sup> These are secured against customer and dealer deposits having aggregate amount of Rs 823,688 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 932,827 thousand). These also include unbilled revenue related to postpaid subscribers, aggregating to Rs 238,580 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 227,539 thousand).



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016	2015 Rs '000	Rs '000
26.2	These include amounts due from the following related parties:		
	Etisalat - UAE Etisalat - Afghanistan Etihad Etisalat Company Etisalat other subsidiaries and associates The Government of Pakistan and its related entities	317,407 7,712 8,126 17,471 1,522,389	113,149 24,178 41,126 87,647 1,600,018
	These amounts are interest free and are accrued in the normal course o	f business.	
	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
26.3	Provision for doubtful debts		
	Balance at beginning of the year Charge for the year 36	7,624,439 2,385,755	6,976,123 2,714,278
	Write off against provision	10,010,194 (1,744,892)	9,690,401 (2,065,962)
	Balance at end of the year	8,265,302	7,624,439
27.	Loans and advances		
	Loans		
	Current portion of long term loans to employees - secured 22	118,836	168,164
	Advances - considered good  Advances to employees  Advances to suppliers and contractors  Advances to customers - net of provision  27.2	11,825 623,316 5,528,421 6,163,562	22,211 1,540,293 912,901 2,475,405
		6,282,398	2,643,569
27.1	These include amounts due from the following related parties: TF Pipes Limited Pakistan MNP Database (Guarantee) Limited	7,036 7,700	200 8,650
27.2	Provision against non-performing advances to customers		
	Balance at the beginning of the year Charge for the year Advances written off against provision	6,480 44,490 (2,589)	2,366 4,957 (843)
		48,381	6,480

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
28.	Accrued interest		
	Return on bank deposits Interest receivable on loans to employees - secured Mark up accrued on advances to customers and investments	187,261 41,009 499,374	72,701 55,473 93,005
		727,644	221,179
29.	Recoverable from tax authorities		
	Income tax Federal Excise Duty	15,646,065 4,077,122	18,425,746 4,527,895
	Provision for doubtful amount	19,723,187 (466,176)	22,953,641 (466,176)
		19,257,011	22,487,465

### 30. Receivable from the Government of Pakistan - Considered good

This represents the balance amount receivable from the Government of Pakistan, on account of its agreed share in the Voluntary Separation Scheme (VSS), offered to the Holding Company's employees during the year ended June 30, 2008.

	yeur ended same 60, 2000.	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
31.	Deposits, prepayments and other receivables			
	Deposits		127,967	105,798
	Prepayments - Pakistan Telecommunication Authority - a related party - Prepaid rent and others	31.1	45,692 1,976,224 2,021,916	35,856 1,668,854 1,704,710
	Other receivables - considered good			
	Due from related parties: - Etisalat - UAE - Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust - PTCL Employees GPF Trust - USF Grants - Others Other receivables		71,305 1,308,137 258,844 1,421,437 1,057,575 4,113,298	71,305 116 6,812 - 881,977 960,210
	Considered doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables		185,239 (185,239)	185,239 (185,239)
			6,267,181	2,770,718

**31.1** This includes prepaid rent of Rs 78,456 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 40,333 thousand) paid to Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust, a related party of the Group.



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
32.	Short term investments			
	Held to maturity			
	Market Treasury Bills Term deposit receipts		791,701 2,000,000	-
	Term deposits			
	<ul><li>maturity up to 3 months</li><li>maturity up to 6 months</li><li>maturity up to 12 months</li></ul>		250,000 24,500,000 500,000	3,027,411 - 23,361,392
		32.1	25,250,000	26,388,803
	Available for sale investments		28,041,701	26,388,803
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	32.2	338,430	180,483
			28,380,131	26,569,286
32.1	Term deposits			
		Maturity Upto	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
	National Bank of Pakistan JS Bank Limited Tameer Microfinance Bank limited Khushhali Microfinance Bank Limited NRSP Bank Limited Tameer Bank Limited JS Bank Limited Mobilink Microfinance Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan National Bank of Pakistan Khushhali Microfinance Bank Limited Khushhali Microfinance Bank Limited	June 18,2017 June 18,2017 June 18,2017 June 19,2017 April 08,2017 May 19, 2017 March 01, 2017 December 30, 2017 February 16, 2016 June 22, 2016 June 23, 2016 July 16, 2016 September 09, 2016	20,000,000 3,000,000 500,000 200,000 200,000 250,000 500,000 - - - - 25,250,000	3,027,411 22,009,282 1,002,110 150,000 200,000 26,388,803
32.2	Movement in available for sale investme	nts during the year:		
	Balance at beginning of the year Additions during the year	,	180,483 155,889	6,959,345 1,025,000
	Disposals during the year  Cost  Gain on disposal of available for sale i  transferred from other comprehens to other income		-	(7,474,823)
	Unrealised gain transferred to other com	prehensive income	2,058	[8,033,496] 229,634
	Balance at end of the year		338,430	180,483

**32.2.1** This represents PIBs carried at market value maturing on April 19, 2019, March 26, 2020 and April 21, 2021 carrying an average interest rate of 7.75% per annum (December 31, 2015: 9.25% per annum).

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
33.	Cash and bank balances			
	Cash in hand		204,354	66,132
	Balances with banks:			
	Local currency			
	Current account maintained with SBP Current accounts Saving accounts	33.1 33.2 33.3 & 33.4	300,865 868,551 6,966,995 8,136,411	89,258 513,742 2,179,034 2,782,034
	Foreign currency		, - ,	, , -
	Current accounts (USD 663 thousand (December 3 USD 361 thousand)) Saving accounts (USD 3,416 thousand (December 5 USD 2,271 thousand), Euro 73 thousand (December 5 USD 2,271 thousand)	31, 2015:	69,327	37,759
	Euro 96 thousand))		365,375	248,517
			434,702	286,276
			8,775,467	3,134,442

- 33.1 This includes balance held with SBP in a current account to meet the requirement of maintaining minimum balance equivalent to 5% [December 31, 2015: 5%] of U Bank's demand and time deposits with tenure of less than 1 year, in accordance with regulation R-3A of the Regulations and Rs 4,427 thousand (December 31, 2015: 809 thousand) placed for the Depositors' Protection Fund.
- **33.2** This includes Rs 6,365 thousand held as deposit under lien in respect of standby letter of guarantee issued to Union Pay International.
- **33.3** This includes Nil (December 31, 2015: Rs 152,724 thousand) under lien of bank, against letters of guarantee and letters of credit issued on behalf of the Holding Company.
- **33.4** These carry mark-up ranging between 4% to 10.3% (December 31, 2015: 4% to 10.3%) per annum.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
34.	Revenue			
	Telecommunication Domestic International Branchless banking and markup on advances	34.1 34.2	107,885,500 10,414,412 1,181,055	112,631,483 7,936,186 420,900
	Discount on prepaid cards and load		119,480,967 (2,278,591)	120,988,569 (2,427,535)
			117,202,376	118,561,034

- **34.1** Revenue is exclusive of Federal Excise Duty / sales tax amounting to Rs 13,693,058 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 13,390,661 thousand).
- 34.2 International revenue represents revenue from foreign network operators, for calls that originate outside Pakistan, and has been shown net of interconnect cost relating to other operators and Access Promotion Charges, aggregating to Rs 3,519,111 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 3,796,503 thousand).



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
35.	Cost of services			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Call centre charges Interconnect cost Foreign operators cost and satellite charges Network operating cost Fuel and power Value added services Cost of prepaid cards Stores, spares and loose tools consumed Provision for obsolete stores, spares and loose tools Rent, rates and taxes Repair and maintenance Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Amortization of intangible assets Impairment on property, plant and equipment Annual license fee to PTA Others	35.1 24.1 19.4 20.6	12,545,479 834,084 6,263,857 7,084,372 368,281 9,214,749 295,915 358,292 3,257,934 262,278 3,602,118 8,098,456 473,809 13,441 27,383,333 3,228,513 1,292,009 1,403,536 712,779	13,183,144 813,551 5,461,772 8,068,239 282,809 9,593,860 457,254 496,212 4,987,391 304,768 3,531,624 8,584,912 446,436 18,073 26,732,017 3,297,872 161,241 1,383,521 249,612
			86,693,235	88,054,308

**35.1** This includes Rs 3,287,453 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 3,947,537 thousand) in respect of employees retirement benefits.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
36.	Administrative and general expenses			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Call centre charges	36.1	3,259,183 128,430	2,929,092 134,658
	Fuel and power		348,098	359,173
	Rent, rates and taxes Repairs and maintenance		642,752 1,226,156	754,078 1,189,550
	Printing and stationery		26,214	14,256
	Travelling and conveyance		296,313	397,877
	Technical services assistance fee Legal and professional charges	36.2	4,102,083 593,084	4,149,636 661,786
	Auditors' remuneration	36.3	10,970	10,432
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	19.4	1,254,736	1,517,628
	Amortization of intangible assets	20.6	341,115	390,443
	Research and development fund	36.4	311,909	328,469
	Provision against doubtful debts	36.6	2,167,562	2,714,278
	Provision against non performing advances		44,490	4,957
	Donations	36.5	390	3,535
	Provision for impairment in investment		-	5,655
	Postage and courier services		286,508	300,524
	External services		1,078,315	1,140,876
	Other expenses		1,168,542	1,284,506
			17,286,850	18,291,409

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

- **36.1** This includes Rs 380,813 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 504,738 thousand) in respect of employees retirement benefits.
- **36.2** This represents the amount payable to Etisalat UAE, a related party, under an agreement for technical services at the rate of 3.5%, of the Group's consolidated revenue.

	Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
36.3	Auditors' remuneration		
	Statutory audit, including half yearly review	9,700	9,662
	Out of pocket expenses	770	770
	Other services	500	
		10,970	10,432

- 36.4 This represents the Group's contribution to the National Information Communication Technology, Research and Development Fund ("National ICT R&D Fund"), at the rate of 0.5% of its gross revenues less inter operator payments and related PTA / FAB mandated payments, in accordance with the terms and conditions of its licenses to provide telecommunication services.
- **36.5** There were no donations during the year in which the directors or their spouses had any interest.
- **36.6** This is net of recoveries amounting to Rs 218,913 thousand.

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
37.	Selling and marketing expenses			
	Salaries, allowances and other benefits Call centre charges Sales and distribution charges Fuel and power Printing and stationery Travelling and conveyance Advertisement and publicity Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Mobile financial services cost Others	37.1 19.4	2,046,884 85,620 1,602,344 93,210 4,885 13,441 3,092,623 70,267 77,015 24,766	2,144,800 82,987 1,962,846 100,481 4,603 18,073 3,551,746 69,984 236,317 37,410
			7,111,055	8,209,247

**37.1** This includes Rs 348,315 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 447,137 thousand) in respect of employees retirement benefits.

### 38. Voluntary separation scheme cost

The Holding Company offered a voluntary separation scheme (VSS) to certain categories of its employees. The benefits offered over and above the accumulated post retirement benefit obligations as at December 31, 2016 had been treated as VSS cost. Out of 1,842 employees who opted for the Scheme, 1,262 belong to pension scheme both funded and unfunded pension schemes and 580 to gratuity scheme.



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The amount of actuarial gain / loss on settlement for employees who had opted for VSS had also been adjusted / charged against the VSS cost. The break-up of the VSS cost is as follows:

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
	Actuarial loss recognized on settlement	12.1	2,191,387	-
	Other VSS cost			
	Transition pay Early bird / late flight bonuses Allowance benefits Programme bonus Health fund NCPG Minimum package adjustment Loan written off Others		1,443,121 358,100 369,786 73,950 55,826 10,293 83,833 15,083	-
			2,409,992	-
			4,601,379	-
39.	Other income Income from financial assets: Return on bank deposits		2,404,811	1,884,285
	Interest on investment in Government securities Late payment surcharge from subscribers on ove Recovery from written off defaulters Dividend income Gain on fair value remeasurement of forward exch Gain on disposal of available for sale investments Imputed interest net of unwinding of interest on lo	nange contracts	24,411 289,016 1,274,781 12,500 - 1,464 20,966 5,067	45,023 266,058 671,809 10,000 97,576 558,673 22,258 38,179
	Late delivery charges Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Amortization of deferred government grants Pre-deposit income Others	13	4,033,016 878,389 149,645 730,838 472,446 114,891 2,346,209	3,593,861 1,796 301,731 528,139 490,856 313,685 1,636,207
			6,379,225	5,230,068

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
40.	Finance cost		
	Interest on:  Long term loans from banks  Long term vendor liability Other liabilities License fee Bank and other charges Exchange loss Imputed interest related to Finance lease License fee payable Long-term loans	1,698,900 516,175 13,903 688,325 255,634 485,830 (15,616)	1,449,027 717,850 23,732 252,065 257,372 1,727,946 4,660 784,684 1,481 5,218,817
41.	Provision for income tax charge / (credit) for the year	3,628,626	J,210,017
41.	Current - for the year  Deferred	5,542,712	6,255,056
	- for the year - for the prior year - due to change in rate of taxation	(2,716,483) - (179,839)	(3,960,605) 9,474 (157,413)
		(2,896,322)	(4,108,544)
		2,646,390	2,146,512

### 41.1 Tax charge reconciliation

The numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate is as follows:

	2016 Percentage	2015 Percentage
Applicable tax rate	31.00	32.00
Turnover tax charged off - current and prior year Minimum tax on services Tax effect of amounts chargeable to tax at lower rates Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible for tax purposes Others	24.99 (0.05) 0.63 5.42 30.99	24.90 - (3.44) 6.43 (6.43) 21.46
Average effective tax rate charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss	61.99	53.46

41.2 Tax on items directly charged / (credited) to other comprehensive income amounting to Rs 79,519 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 748,176 thousand) represents deferred tax charge in respect of remeasurement gain on defined benefit plans and gain on remeasurement of available for sale investments.



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			2016	2015
42.	Earnings per share - basic and diluted			
	Profit for the year	Rupees in thousand	1,622,847	1,868,466
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number in thousand	5,100,000	5,100,000
	Earnings per share	Rupees	0.32	0.37

#### 43. Non funded finance facilities

The Holding Company has non funded financing facilities available with banks, which include facilities to avail letters of credit and letters of guarantee. The aggregate facility of Rs 14,600,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 14,700,000 thousand) and Rs 17,800,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 14,800,000 thousand) is available for letters of credit and letters of guarantee respectively, out of which the facility availed at the year end is Rs 2,459,901 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 2,586,074) and Rs 6,257,091 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 6,066,627 thousand) respectively. The letter of guarantee facility is secured by a hypothecation charge over certain assets of the Holding Company, amounting to Rs 26,718,000 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 23,785,000 thousand).

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
44.	Cash generated from operations		
	Profit before tax	4,269,237	4,014,978
	Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:  Depreciation and amortization Impairment Provision for obsolete stores, spares and loose tools Provision for doubtful trade debts and other receivables Provision for impairment in investment Provision for stock and warranty against mobile phones Provision for non performing advances Employees retirement benefits Voluntary separation scheme cost Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Return on bank deposits and Government securities Dividend income Gain on disposal of available for sale investments Gain on derecognition of intangible assets Amortization of government grants Finance cost Imputed interest on finance lease Imputed interest on long term loans	32,277,964 1,292,009 262,278 2,167,562 - 15,591 44,490 4,016,581 4,601,379 (149,645) (2,429,222) (12,500) (1,464) - (730,838) 3,628,626 (15,616) (14,525)	32,007,943 161,241 304,768 2,714,278 5,655 8,841 4,957 4,854,634 - (218,933) (1,929,308) (10,000) (558,673) (82,727) (528,139) 4,995,280 4,660 (22,258)
	Gain on fair value adjustment for forward exchange contracts Share of (income) / loss from associate	(8,781)	(97,576) 2,343
		49,213,126	45,631,964

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Note	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
	Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes			
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets: Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		[64,647] 58,644 [1,845,288] [3,683,319] [1,492,915] [7,027,525]	(347,656) 72,064 (2,752,077) (531,307) 4,351,758 792,782
	Increase in current liabilities: Trade and other payables Deposits from customers Advances from customers		7,841,340 4,220,557 881,781 12,943,678	6,396,334 362,737 593,239 7,352,310
			55,129,279	53,777,056
45.	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Short term investments Cash and bank balances Short term running finance	33 17	3,380,131 8,775,467 -	3,207,894 3,134,442 (427,428)
			12,155,598	5,914,908

### 46. Remuneration of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and executives

The aggregate amount charged in the consolidated financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits, to the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executives of the Group is as follows:

	Chai	rman	Chief Execu	ıtive Officer		Executives		
					Key management personnel		Other executives	
	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Managerial remuneration	_	_	334,336	165,712	566,458	452,940	1,868,152	1,795,618
Honorarium	300	300	-	-	-		5,427	11,009
Bonus	-	-	25,056	24,408	24,570	62,594	174,233	201,971
Retirement benefits	-	-	16,353	24,284	56,745	64,233	197,135	231,307
Housing	-	-	6,143	-	179,853	192,972	724,247	689,724
Utilities	-	-	-	-	46,651	49,479	127,542	127,423
	300	300	381,888	214,404	874,277	822,218	3,096,736	3,057,052
Number of persons	1	1	1	1	70	71	1,387	1,375

The Group also provides free medical and limited residential telephone facilities, to all its executives, including the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman is entitled to free transport and a limited residential telephone facility, whereas, the Directors of the Group are provided only with limited telephone facilities. Certain executives are also provided with the Group maintained cars.

The aggregate amount charged in the consolidated financial statements for the year as fee paid to 13 non executive directors (December 31, 2015: 12 non executive directors) is Rs 119,810 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 120,644 thousand) for attending the Board of Directors, and its sub-committee meetings.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The aggregate amount of the remuneration paid to the Chief Executive Officer is inclusive of the amount paid for settlement to the pervious Chief Executive Officer.

### 47. Rates of exchange

Assets in US dollars have been translated into Rupees at USD 1 = Rs 104.60 (December 31, 2015: USD 1 = Rs 104.60), while liabilities in US dollars have been translated into Rupees at USD 1 = Rs 104.80 (December 31, 2015: USD 1 = Rs 104.80).

### 48. Financial risk management

#### 48.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors (the Board). The Board has prepared a 'Risk Management Policy' covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity. All treasury related transactions are carried out within the parameters of this policy.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions, or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The Group is exposed to currency risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the United States Dollar (USD), Arab Emirates Dirham (AED) and EURO (EUR). Currently, the Group's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to the amounts receivable from / payable to foreign entities. The Group's exposure to currency risk is as follows:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
USD		
Trade and other payables Long term vendor liability License fee payable Trade debts Cash and bank balances	(4,289,945) (18,091,158) - 2,075,654 426,670	(5,802,397) (9,693,443) (30,633,040) 2,089,593 275,334
Net exposure	(19,878,779)	(43,763,953)
EUR Trade and other payables Trade debts Cash and bank balances	(77,027) 57,300 8,032	(47,077) 68,499 10,942
Net exposure	(11,695)	32,364
AED Trade and other payables	(53,258)	(54,929)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016	2015
The following significant exchange rates were applied during the year:		
Rupees per USD Average rate	104.66	102.88
Reporting date rate Assets Liabilities	104.60 104.80	104.60 104.80
Rupees per EURO Average rate Reporting date rate	115.75 110.32	114.20 114.54
Rupees per AED Average rate Reporting date rate	28.51 28.53	28.01 28.54

If the functional currency, at the reporting date, had fluctuated by 5% against the USD, AED and EUR with all other variables held constant, the impact on profit after taxation for the year would have been Rs 668,115 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 1,444,955 thousand) respectively higher / lower, mainly as a result of exchange gains / losses on translation of foreign exchange denominated financial instruments. Currency risk sensitivity to foreign exchange movements has been calculated on a symmetric basis.

#### (ii) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of the investments held by the Group in money market mutual funds and classified on the consolidated statement of financial position as available for sale. To manage its price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Group diversifies its portfolio.

Financial assets include investments of Rs 338,430 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 180,483 thousand) which were subject to price risk.

If redemption price on mutual funds / PIBs, at the year end date, fluctuate by 5% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, total comprehensive income for the year would have been Rs 11,337 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 9,024 thousand) higher / lower, mainly as a result of higher / lower redemption price on units of mutual funds.

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.



## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest bearing financial instruments at the year end:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Financial assets		
Fixed rate instruments:		
Staff loans Short term investments - term deposits Bank balances - savings accounts Market treasury bills Advances to customers Floating rate instruments: Bank balances - savings accounts	560,684 28,041,701 5,890,627 791,701 5,528,421	708,059 26,388,803 2,179,034 - 912,901 498,223
	41,463,176	30,687,020
Financial liabilities		
Fixed rate instruments:		
Customers deposits	7,579,990	1,065,316
Floating rate instruments:		
Long term loans from banks License fee payable Liability against assets subject to finance lease Long term vendor liability Short term running finance	26,975,000 - 36,289 9,874,145 -	21,000,000 6,183,200 57,270 7,769,994 427,428
	44,465,424	36,503,208

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the date of consolidated statement of financial position would not affect the total comprehensive income of the Group.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates on variable rate instruments of the Group, at the year end date, fluctuate by 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, profit after taxation for the year would have been Rs 237,473 thousand (December 31, 2015: Rs 230,602 thousand) lower / higher, mainly as a result of higher / lower markup income on floating rate loans / investments.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party, by failing to discharge an obligation. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Long term loans and advances	2,200,034	2,359,788
Trade debts	15,008,567	15,549,034
Accrued interest	727,644	221,179
Investment in finance lease	91,543	148,368
Loans and advances	6,282,398	2,643,569
Deposits and other receivables	4,245,265	1,066,008
Short term investments	28,041,701	26,388,803
Bank balances	8,571,113	3,068,310
	65,168,265	51,445,059

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited, because the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit ratings. In case of trade debts, the Group believes that it is not exposed to a major concentration of credit risk, as its exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties and subscribers.

The credit quality of bank balances and short term investments, that are neither past due nor impaired, can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

	Rating		Rating	2016	2015
	Short term	Long term	Agency	Rs '000	Rs '000
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	20,458,378	23,620,264
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	108,545	139,573
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	116,031	242,887
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	23,794	21,360
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	85,354	3,047,165
Industrial Commercial Bank of China	P-1	A1	Moody's	7,814	-
NIB Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	JCR-VIS	35,269	23,115
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	PACRA	2,214,963	636,584
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	JCR-VIS	240,372	1,218
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	-	867
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	JCR-VIS	67,683	207,483
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	PACRA	4,471,629	137,627
BankIslami Pakistan Limited	A1	Α+	PACRA	2,090	1,437
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	JCR-VIS	35,174	220,659
Summit Bank Limited	A-1	Α-	JCR-VIS	58,597	174,613
Dubai Islamic Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A-1	A+	Moody's	385,681	196,278
Citibank, N.A	P-1	A1	Moody's	200,041	250,971
HSBC Bank Middle East Limited	P-2	А3	PACŔA	-	1,045
SME Bank Limited	В	В	PACRA	47	786
Silkbank Limited	A-2	Α-	PACRA	12,137	1,560
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	60,781	46,695
JS Bank Limited	A1+	A+	PACRA	3,250,052	51
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	JCR-VIS	44,511	36,229
Sindh Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	JCR-VIS	158	1
Other banks	A-2	Α-	JCR-VIS	35,433	12,902
Khushhali Bank Limited	A-1	A+	JCR-VIS	1,324,389	351,174
Tameer Microfinance Bank Ltd	A-1	A+	JCR-VIS	812,165	-
Zari Taragiati Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	1,100	1,100
Mobilink Micro Finance Bank Limited	A1	А	PACRA	1,206,349	-
NRSP Bank Limited	A-2	Α-	JCR-VIS	200,877	-
Mutual funds					
- HBL Cash Management Fund		AA(f)	JCR-VIS	401	-
- ABL Cash Management Fund		AA(f)	JCR-VIS	22,373	-
- UBL Cash Management Fund		AA(f)	JCR-VIS	38,060	-
				35,520,248	29,373,644

Due to the Group's long standing business relationships with these counter parties, and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Group. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.



# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Group follows an effective cash management and planning policy to ensure availability of funds, and to take appropriate measures for new requirements.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at December 31, 2016:

	Carrying amount	Less than one year	One to five years	More than five years
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
Long term loans from banks Liability against assets subject to	26,975,000	838,333	22,803,333	3,333,334
finance lease	36,289	34,401	1,888	-
License fee payable	15,733,070	4,504,874	5,433,996	5,794,200
Long term security deposits	1,493,177	-	549,426	943,751
Employees retirement benefits	24,121,967	-	-	24,121,967
Long term vendor liability	38,667,221	9,679,951	28,987,270	-
Trade and other payables	71,463,996	71,463,996	-	-
Interest accrued	580,142	580,142	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	s 77,657	77,657	-	-
Customers deposits	7,579,990	5,179,565	2,400,425	-
	186,728,509	92,358,919	60,176,338	34,193,252

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at December 31, 2015:

	Carrying amount Rs '000	Less than one year Rs '000	One to five years Rs '000	More than five years Rs '000
Long term loans from banks	21,000,000	25,000	15,225,000	5,750,000
Short term running finance	427,428	427,428	-	-
Liability against assets subject to				
finance lease	57,270	31,977	25,293	-
License fee payable	27,403,776	7,584,902	12,986,954	6,831,920
Long term security deposits	1,576,434	-	548,499	1,027,935
Employees retirement benefits	32,372,480	-	-	32,173,440
Long term vendor liability	26,802,603	2,163,554	24,639,049	-
Trade and other payables	59,189,010	59,189,010	-	-
Interest accrued	554,585	554,585	-	-
Customers deposits	1,065,316	959,008	106,308	
	170,448,902	70,935,464	53,531,103	45,783,295

### 48.2 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 48.3 Financial instruments by categories

	Available	for sale	Loans and receivables		Total	
	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Financial assets as per statement of financial position						
Long term investments Long term loans and advances Trade debts Loans and advances Investment in finance lease Accrued interest Receivable from the	83,900 - - - - -	83,900 - - - - -	2,200,034 15,008,567 6,282,398 91,543 727,644	2,359,788 15,549,034 2,643,569 148,368 221,179	83,900 2,200,034 15,008,567 6,282,398 91,543 727,644	83,900 2,359,788 15,549,034 2,643,569 148,368 221,179
Government of Pakistan Deposits and other receivables Short-term investments Cash and bank balances	- - 338,430 -	- - 180,483 -	2,164,072 4,245,265 28,041,701 8,775,467	2,164,072 1,066,008 26,388,803 3,134,442	2,164,072 4,245,265 28,380,131 8,775,467	2,164,072 1,066,008 26,569,286 3,134,442
	422,330	264,383	67,536,691	53,675,263	67,959,021	53,939,646
		at fair value ofit and loss		nancial lities	To	otal
	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Financial liabilities as per stateme of financial position	nt					
Loans from Banks Liability against assets subject	-	-	26,975,000	21,000,000	26,975,000	21,000,000
to finance lease License fee payable Long term security deposits	-	- - -	36,289 15,733,070 1,493,177	57,270 27,403,776 1,576,434	36,289 15,733,070 1,493,177	57,270 27,403,776 1,576,434
Employees retirement benefits Vendor liability Customers deposits	- - -	- - -	24,121,967 38,667,221 7,579,990	32,372,480 26,802,603 1,065,315	24,121,967 38,667,221 7,579,990	32,372,480 26,802,603 1,065,315
Trade and other payables Interest accrued	-	-	70,254,378 580,142	58,005,480 554,585	70,254,378 580,142	58,005,480 554,585

77,657

77,657

10,591

427,428

10,591 185,441,234 169,265,371 185,518,891 169,275,962

427,428

10,591

77,657

Short term running finance

Forward foreign exchange contracts

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### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 48.4 Capital Risk Management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence, and to sustain the future development of the Group's business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Group defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Group manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may, for example, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce the debt.

For working capital and capital expenditure requirements, the Group relies on internal cash generation and does not have any significant borrowings.

		2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
49.	Employees' provident funds		
	Details of the Group's employees provident funds are given below:		
	Total assets Cost of investments made Percentage of investments made Fair value of investments	4,789,123 4,311,712 90.0% 4,534,478	4,477,403 4,013,550 89.6% 4,234,135

	- 4	2016	2015		
	Rs '000	Percentage	Rs '000	Percentage	
Break up of investments - at cost					
Pakistan Investment Bonds	-	-	2,047,865	51.02	
Mutual Funds	750,000	17.39	565,000	14.08	
Term deposits	2,747,336	63.72	994,948	24.79	
Treasury Bills	-	-	371,778	9.26	
Interest bearing accounts	814,376	18.89	33,959	0.85	
	4,311,712	100.00	4,013,550	100.00	

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Investments out of the provident funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 50 Transactions with related parties

The Government of Pakistan and Etisalat International Pakistan (EIP), UAE are the majority shareholders of the Group. Therefore, all related entities of the Government of Pakistan and EIP are related parties of the Group. Additionally, the Group's associate T.F. Pipes Limited, directors, chief executive, key management personnel and employee funds are also related parties of the Group. The remuneration of the directors, chief executive and executives is given in note 46 to the financial statements. The amounts due from and due to these related parties are shown under respective receivables and payables. The Group had transactions with the following related parties during the year:

### Shareholders

The Government of Pakistan Etisalat International Pakistan

#### Associated undertakings

**Emirates Telecommunication Corporation** 

Etisalat - Afghanistan

Etihad Etisalat Company

Etisalat - Srilanka

Etisalat - Egypt

Etisalat - Nigeria

Emirates Data Clearing House

Etisalat International Zantel Limited

Thuraya Satellite Telecommunication Company

T. F. Pipes Limited

Telecom Foundation

Atlantique Telecom

Pakistan MNP Database (Guarantee) Limited

### Employees retirement benefit plans

Pakistan Telecommunication Employees Trust

PTML - Employees Provident Fund

PTCL - Employees Gratuity Fund

PTML - Employees Gratuity Fund

U Bank - Employees Provident Fund

### Other related parties

Pakistan Telecommunication Authority

Universal Service Fund - The Government of Pakistan

National ICT R&D Fund

Pakistan Electronic Media Regularity Authority

Related entities of the Government of Pakistan



# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Shareholders Technical services assistance fee	4,102,083	4,149,636
Associates Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and services Expenses reimbursed to Pakistan MNP Database (Gurantee) Limited	1,825,743 1,207,424 16,350	1,656,979 1,382,778 12,667
Employees retirement benefit plan Contribution to the plans Rentals paid to PTET	12,038,943 465,667	7,262,206 440,000
Other related parties Sale of goods and services Charge under license obligations	1,473,171 2,763,458	3,833,730 2,860,584

### 51. Operating segment information

- 51.1 Management has determined the operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Board of Directors for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. The Group is organised into two operating segments i.e. fixed line communications (Wire line) and wireless communications (Wireless). The reportable operating segments derive their revenue primarily from voice, data and other services.
- **51.2** The Board of Directors monitor the results of the above mentioned segments for the purpose of making decisions about the resources to be allocated and for assessing performance based on total comprehensive income for the year.
- **51.3** The segment information for the reportable segments is as follows:

	Wire line Rs '000	Wireless Rs '000	Total Rs '000
Year ended December 31, 2016			
Segment revenue Inter - segment revenue	64,557,346 (5,055,966)	59,520,926 (1,819,930)	124,078,272 (6,875,896)
Revenue from external customers	59,501,380	57,700,996	117,202,376
Segment results	6,189,293	(4,566,446)	1,622,847
Year ended December 31, 2015			
Segment revenue Inter - segment revenue	67,036,975 (5,356,418)	58,668,741 (1,788,264)	125,705,716 (7,144,682)
Revenue from external customers	61,680,557	56,880,477	118,561,034
Segment results	7,757,931	(5,889,465)	1,868,466

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Information on assets and liabilities of the segments is as follows:

	Wire line Rs '000	Wireless Rs '000	Total Rs '000
As at December 31, 2016			
Segment assets	143,972,324	156,111,937	300,084,261
Segments liabilities	92,166,096	119,731,447	211,897,543
As at December 31, 2015			
Segment assets	143,088,769	148,856,057	291,944,826
Segments liabilities	87,892,741	107,466,019	195,358,760

### **51.4** Other segment information is as follows:

	Wire line Rs '000	Wireless Rs '000	Total Rs '000
Year ended December 31, 2016			
Depreciation Amortization Finance cost Interest income Income tax expense Share of profit from associate	9,990,324 264,207 174,337 1,957,143 3,029,636 8,781	18,718,012 3,305,421 3,454,289 472,079 (383,247)	28,708,336 3,569,628 3,628,626 2,429,222 2,646,389 8,781
Year ended December 31, 2015			
Depreciation Amortization Finance cost Interest income Income tax expense Share of loss from associate	10,904,231 167,862 279,291 1,551,757 3,971,016 2,343	17,415,398 3,520,453 4,939,526 377,551 (1,824,505)	28,319,629 3,688,315 5,218,817 1,929,308 2,146,511 2,343

- **51.5** The Group's customer base is diverse with no single customer accounting for more than 10% of net revenues.
- **51.6** The amount of revenue from external parties, total segment assets and segment liabilities is measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial information reported to the Board of Directors.
- **51.7** Breakdown of the revenue from all services by category is as follows:

	2016 Rs '000	2015 Rs '000
Voice	50,677,860	40,941,422
Data	53,524,555	46,383,908
Other services	12,999,961	31,235,704
	117,202,376	118,561,034



# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 52. Number of employees

	2016 (Number)	2015 (Number)
Total number of persons employed at year end	18,509	20,002
Average number of employees during the year	20,131	20,170

### 53. Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

	Gross amount subject to setoff	Offset	Net amount	Amount not in scope of offsetting	Net as per statement of financial position
	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000	Rs '000
As at December 31, 2016					
Trade debts Trade creditors	7,889,713 (7,202,976)	(5,869,609) 5,869,609	2,020,104 (1,333,367)	21,253,765 (9,873,766)	23,273,869 (11,207,133)
As at December 31, 2015					
Trade debts Trade creditors	8,978,365 (8,142,772)	(6,165,050) 6,165,050	2,813,315 (1,977,721)	20,360,158 (9,021,230)	23,173,473 (10,998,951)

### 54. Corresponding figures

Following corresponding figures have been reclassified for appropriate presentation of balances.

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

From	То	Rs '000
Current Assets	Non Current liabilities	
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	Recoverable from tax authorities	1,244,784
Current liabilities	Non Current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	Deferred government grants	571,437
Current liabilities	Current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	Customers deposits	959,008
Current liabilities	Non Current liabilities	
Trade and other payables	Customers deposits	106,308
Non Current liabilities	Current liabilities	
Employee retirement benefits	Trade and other payables	199,040
Equity	Equity	
Unappropriated profit	Statutory and other reserves	2,007

### 55. Date of authorization for issue

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company on February 08, 2017.

Chairman

President & CEO







# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

No. of shareholders	From	Shareholdings To	Total shares held
24,890	1	100	2,458,797
8,989	101	500	2,793,760
3,009	501	1,000	2,683,522
3,608	1,001	5,000	9,980,682
1,108	5,001	10,000	9,266,257
383	10,001	15,000	5,027,824
306	15,001	20,000	5,677,462
212	20,001	25,000	5,041,703
123	25,001	30,000	3,537,348
69	30,001	35,000	2,302,353
79	35,001	40,000	3,067,083
40	40,001	45,000	1,736,892
109	45,001	50,000	5,422,086
26	50,001	55,000	1,379,401
26	55,001	60,000	1,531,300
18	60,001	65,000	1,133,800
31	65,001 70,001	70,000	2,116,464
20	70,001	75,000	1,475,590
16	75,001	80,000	1,264,100
10	80,001	85,000	832,300
23 5	85,001 90,001	90,000 95,000	2,034,000 465,000
78	95,001	100,000	7,785,556
70	100,001	105,000	7,763,536
6	105,001	110,000	650,500
6	110,001	115,000	679,600
13	115,001	120,000	1,549,000
13	120,001	125,000	1,602,776
10	125,001	130,000	1,292,086
7	130,001	135,000	935,321
5	135,001	140,000	696,680
3	140,001	145,000	427,500
17	145,001	150,000	2,542,528
4	150,001	155,000	603,900
6	155,001	160,000	952,700
4	160,001	165,000	653,000
10	170,000	175,000	1,728,500
4	175,001	180,000	714,500
2 5	180,001	185,000	367,000
	185,001	190,000	943,500
30	195,001	200,000	5,992,500
4	200,001	205,000	816,800
6	205,001	210,000	1,254,500
2 2	210,001	215,000	426,000
2	215,001	220,000	438,000
6	220,001	225,000	1,347,000
3	230,000	235,000	695,000
1	235,001	240,000	236,000
2 7	240,001	245,000	485,500
	250,000	255,000	1,752,000
1	255,001	260,000	256,000
1	265,000	270,000	265,000
3	270,001	275,000	817,000
3	275,001	280,000	832,523
1	280,001	285,000	280,200
1	285,001	290,000	289,000
9	295,001	300,000	2,697,000
4	300,001	305,000	1,207,500
2 1	310,000 315,001	315,000 320,000	621,000 319,500
3	325,000		
S	323,000	330,000	975,232

# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

No. of shareholders	From	Shareholdings To	Total shares held
1	335,000	340,000	335,000
1	340,001	345,000	340,384
3	345,001	350,000	1,046,500
2	350,001	355,000	708,400
3	360,000	365,000	1,083,000
2	370,001	375,000	744,000
2	385,001	390,000 400,000	776,873
6 3	395,000 400,001	400,000	2,393,500 1,207,600
1	410,000	415,000	410,000
1	430,001	435,000	434,000
3	445,001	450,000	1,344,000
1	455,001	460,000	457,000
1	470,001	475,000	470,500
1	475,001	480,000	479,644
1	490,001	495,000	494,000
13	495,001	500,000	6,495,000
1	500,001	505,000	503,500
1	505,001	510,000	509,877
1	515,001	520,000	516,500
 	525,000 550,001	530,000 555,000	525,000 552,000
1	565,001	570,000	568,880
2	570,001	575,000	1,145,149
1	575,001	580,000	577,448
1	590,001	595,000	594,500
2	600,000	605,000	1,200,500
1	605,001	610,000	607,000
1	635,001	640,000	637,400
1	645,001	650,000	649,000
2	660,001	665,000	1,322,823
1	675,000	680,000	675,000
1	690,001	695,000 705,000	690,400
2 1	700,000 710,001	705,000 715,000	1,400,000 711,500
1	720,001	725,000	711,300
1	740,001	745,000	742,000
1	750,001	755,000	754,750
3	785,001	790,000	2,358,856
1	835,001	840,000	838,000
1	900,001	905,000	903,000
1	905,001	910,000	908,000
1	950,001	955,000	953,000
5 2	995,001	1,000,000	4,998,524 2,073,400
1	1,035,001 1,075,001	1,040,000 1,080,000	2,073,400 1,075,500
2	1,100,000	1,105,000	2,201,500
1	1,120,001	1,125,000	1,122,970
1	1,145,001	1,150,000	1,145,700
2	1,195,001	1,200,000	2,395,292
1	1,205,001	1,210,000	1,208,000
1	1,210,001	1,215,000	1,213,500
1	1,240,001	1,245,000	1,244,000
2	1,300,000	1,305,000	2,602,000
1	1,315,001	1,320,000	1,316,978
2	1,325,001	1,330,000	2,652,000
 	1,330,001	1,335,000 1,345,000	1,333,103 1,342,500
1 1	1,340,001 1,400,000	1,345,000 1,405,000	1,342,500 1,400,000
1	1,470,000	1,475,000	1,470,000
1	1,500,000	1,505,000	1,500,000
1	1,540,001	1,545,000	1,541,100
1	1,560,001	1,565,000	1,560,500
	, ,	, ,	, ,-



No. of shareholders	From	Shareholdings To	Total shares held
1	1,630,001	1,635,000	1,632,500
1	1,770,001	1,775,000	1,773,500
1	1,860,001	1,865,000	1,861,500
1	1,900,001	1,905,000	1,902,100
1	1,945,001	1,950,000	1,949,200
3	2,000,000	2,005,000	6,000,000
1	2,045,001	2,050,000	2,045,500
1	2,150,001	2,155,000	2,153,500
1	2,290,000	2,295,000	2,290,000
1	2,470,001	2,475,000	2,471,500
1	2,480,001	2,485,000	2,481,000
1	2,500,000	2,505,000	2,500,000
1	2,575,000 2,615,001	2,580,000 2,620,000	2,575,000 2,617,562
1	2,625,001	2,630,000	2,617,382 2,626,500
2	2,685,000	2,690,000	5,370,884
1	2,695,000	2,700,000	2,695,000
1	2,765,001	2,770,000	2,767,500
1	2,870,001	2,875,000	2,874,417
1	3,010,001	3,015,000	3,011,000
1	3,015,001	3,020,000	3,018,500
1	3,080,001	3,085,000	3,084,050
1	3,105,001	3,110,000	3,109,500
1	3,140,001	3,145,000	3,143,500
1	3,175,000	3,180,000	3,175,000
1	3,345,001	3,350,000	3,347,600
1	3,440,000	3,445,000	3,440,000
1	3,450,001	3,455,000	3,451,639
1	3,580,001	3,585,000	3,583,950
1	3,620,001	3,625,000	3,623,600
1	4,500,000	4,505,000	4,500,000
1	4,750,001	4,755,000	4,751,000
1	6,030,001	6,035,000	6,033,500
1	6,080,001	6,085,000	6,084,000 9,057,500
1	9,055,001 10,080,001	9,060,000 10,085,000	7,057,500 10,081,000
1	10,625,000	10,630,000	10,625,000
1	15,465,000	15,470,000	15,465,000
1	15,860,001	15,865,000	15,864,000
1	27,185,001	27,190,000	27,188,000
1	35,565,001	35,570,000	35,566,354
1	55,890,001	55,895,000	55,893,800
1	57,060,001	57,065,000	57,060,074
1	63,930,001	63,935,000	63,930,500
1	196,385,001	196,390,000	196,387,991
1	407,805,001	407,810,000	407,809,524
1	918,190,001	918,195,000	918,190,476
1	2,974,680,001	2,974,685,000	2,974,680,002
43,549		TOTAL:	5,100,000,000

# CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

S. N	o. Categories of Shareholders	No. of shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	10	245,009	0.00
2	President of Pakistan	2	3,171,067,993	62.18
3	Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	2	1,326,000,000	26.00
4	NIT and ICP	3	3,400	0.00
5	Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Bank Financial Institutions	26	161,176,887	3.16
6	Insurance Companies	17	66,614,436	1.31
7	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	50	34,584,383	0.68
8	Shareholders holding 10%	4	4,497,067,993	88.18
9	General Public : a. Local b. Foreign Others	42,815 336 288	154,847,399 538,401 184,922,092	3.04 0.01 3.63
	Total (excluding : shareholders holding 10%)	43,549	5,100,000,000	100.00

### Trades in PTCL Shares

The Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Finanncial Officer, Company Secretary, Head of Internal Audit and their spouses and minor children have not traded in PTCL shares during the year ended December 31, 2016.

# INFORMATION AS REQUIRED UNDER CCG

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

S. N	o. Shareholder's category	Number of shareholders	Number of shares held
i.	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties		
	ETISALAT INTERNATIONAL PAKISTAN (LLC)	1	918,190,476
	ETISALAT INTERNATIONAL PAKISTAN (LLC)	1	407,809,524
	Total :	2	1,326,000,000
ii.	Mutual Funds		
		1	107.017
	CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND	 	127,017
	CDC - TRUSTEE AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND	1	2,685,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE AL MEEZAN MUTUAL FUND	1	670
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP INCOME FUND - MT	1	6,500
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP INCOME MULTIPLIER FUND - MT	1	77,500
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP SOVEREIGN FUND - MT	1	15,700
	CDC - TRUSTEE APF-EQUITY SUB FUND CDC - TRUSTEE APIF - EQUITY SUB FUND	1	363,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE APIF - EQUITY SUB FUND CDC - TRUSTEE ASKARI HIGH YIELD SCHEME - MT	1	450,000
		1	7,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS INCOME FUND - MT CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	1	1,036,900
		1	2,500,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS STOCK MARKET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE DAWOOD ISLAMIC FUND	 	4,751,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE DAWOOD ISLAMIC FUND  CDC - TRUSTEE FAYSAL MTS FUND - MT	l 1	50,000
		1	26,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE FAYSAL SAVINGS GROWTH FUND - MT	1	637,400
	CDC - TRUSTEE FIRST DAWOOD MUTUAL FUND	1	50,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE KSE MEEZAN INDEX FUND	1	660,823
	CDC - TRUSTEE MCB DYNAMIC CASH FUND - MT	1	516,500
	CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	1	500,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN BALANCED FUND	1	10
	CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ISLAMIC FUND	1	39,037
	CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA INCOME OPPORTUNITY FUND	1	207,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA INCOME OPPORTUNITY FUND - MT	1	1,902,100
	CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND	1	3,175,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	1	2,685,884
	CDC - TRUSTEE NIT INCOME FUND - MT	1	37,500
	CDC - TRUSTEE NIT STATE ENTERPRISE FUND	1	1,333,103
	CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND	1	3,451,639
	CDC - TRUSTEE PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND - MT	1	122,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE PAKISTAN INCOME FUND - MT	1	27,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE PIML ISLAMIC EQUITY FUND	1	15,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE PIML VALUE EQUITY FUND	1	35,000
	CDC - TRUSTEE UNIT TRUST OF PAKISTAN	1	70,000
	CDC- TRUSTEE NAFA SAVINGS PLUS FUND - MT	1	289,000
	GOLDEN ARROW SELECTED STOCKS FUND LIMITED	1	2,695,000
	MCBFSL - TRUSTEE NAFA INCOME FUND - MT	1	594,500
	SAFEWAY FUND LIMITED TRUSTEE-BMA CHUNDRIGAR ROAD SAVINGS FUND	1 1	400,000 1,500
	Total :	38	31,541,283

## INFORMATION AS REQUIRED UNDER

# CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

S. No	o. Shareholder's category	Number of shareholders	Number of shares held
iii.	Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children		
	MR. ABDULRAHIM A. AL NOORYANI	1	1
	MR. SERKAN OKANDAN	1	1
	DR. WAQAR MASOOD KHAN	2	245,001
	MR. MUDASSAR HUSSAIN	1	1
	SARDAR AHMAD NAWAZ SUKHERA	1	1
	MR. HESHAM ABDULLA QASSIM AL QASSIM	1	1
	MR. RIZWAN BASHIR KHAN	1	1
	MR. HATEM DOWIDAR	1	1
	MR. KHALIFA AL FORAH AL SHAMSI	1	1
	Total :	10	245,009
iv.	Executives	-	-
	Total :	-	-
V.	Public Sector Companies and Corporations	4	113,627,274
	Total :	4	113,627,274
vi.	Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Bank Finance Institutions, Insurance Companies,		
	Takaful, Modaraba and Pension Funds	63	178,003,926
	Total :	63	178,003,926
vii.	Shareholders Holding five percent or more Voting Rights		
	PRESIDENT OF PAKISTAN	2	3,171,067,993
	ETISALAT INTERNATIONAL PAKISTAN ( LLC)	2	1,326,000,000
	Total :	4	4,497,067,993

## TWENTY SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty Second Annual General Meeting (the "meeting") of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (the "Company") will be held on Thursday, April 27, 2017 at 10:30 a.m. at S.A. Siddiqui Auditorium, PTCL Headquarters, Sector G-8/4, Islamabad, to transact the following business:

### A. Ordinary Business:

- 1. To confirm minutes of the 21st Annual General Meeting held on April 28, 2016.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts for the year ended December 31, 2016, together with the Auditors' and Directors' reports.
- 3. To approve the interim cash dividend of 10% (Re. 1 per Ordinary Share) earlier declared and has already been paid to the shareholders for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- 4. To appoint Auditors for the financial year ending December 31, 2017 and to fix their remuneration. The present auditors Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants will stand retired on the conclusion of this meeting.

### B. Special Business:

- 5. To obtain approval/consent of the shareholders pursuant to the provisions of SRO No. 470(1)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for transmission of the Company's annual audited accounts through CD/ DVD/USB instead of transmitting the said accounts in hard copies.
- 6. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

Islamabad

Dated: February 08, 2017

Saima Akbar Khattak Company Secretary

# TWENTY SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

#### Notes:

### 1. Participation in the Annual General Meeting

Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. A corporate entity, being a member, may appoint any person, regardless whether he is a member or not, as its proxy. In case of corporate entities, a resolution of the Board of Directors /Power of Attorney with specimen signatures of the person nominated to represent and vote on behalf of the corporate entity shall be submitted to the Company along with a completed proxy form. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company at the Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting.

#### 2. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from April 18, 2017 to April 27, 2017 (both days inclusive). Transfers received by our Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited at 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi at the close of business on April 17, 2017 will be treated in time for the purpose of attending the meeting.

### 3. Change of Address

Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify any change in address immediately to our Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited. Members holding shares in CDC/Participants accounts are requested to update their addresses with CDC or their Participants/Stock Brokers.

### 4. Notice to shareholders who have not provided their CNICs

As per directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") issued vide S.R.O No. 831(I)/2012 dated July 5, 2012, the dividend warrants should bear the Computerized National Identity Card Number ("CNIC") of the registered shareholder or the authorized person, except in case of minor(s) and corporate shareholder(s). Members who have not yet submitted photocopies of their valid CNICs are once again requested to provide the same with their respective folio numbers to Company's Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited to ensure disbursement of their dividend withheld with the Company. Members holding shares in CDC/Participants accounts are also requested to update their CNIC/NTN with CDC or their Participants/Stock Brokers.

### 5. Payment of dividend electronically (e-mandate)

The SECP through its Circular 8(4) SM/CDC 2008 of April 5, 2013 has announced an e-dividend mechanism. Shareholders can get their dividend credited directly into their respective bank accounts electronically by authorizing the Company to electronically credit their dividend to their accounts. Accordingly, all non CDC shareholders are requested to send their bank account details to the Company's Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited.

Shareholders who hold shares with CDC or Participants/ Stock Brokers, are advised to provide the mandate to CDC or their Participants/ Stock Brokers.

#### 6. Further Guidelines for CDC Account Holders

CDC account holders will have to follow the guidelines issued by the SECP through its Circular 1 of January 26, 2000, stated herein below:

#### A. For Attending the Meeting

(i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting.



## TWENTY SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(ii) In case of corporate entity, a resolution of the Board of Directors / Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless the same has been provided to the Company earlier) at the time of the Meeting.

### B. For appointing Proxies

- (i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- (ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons, whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be stated on the proxy form.
- (iii) Attested copies of CNICs or passports of the beneficiary owner and the proxy shall be attached with the proxy form.
- (iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- (v) In case of corporate entity, a resolution of the Board of Directors/ Power of Attorney with specimen signature should be submitted along with the proxy form to the Company.

### 7. Consent for Video Conference Facility

Members can also avail video conference facility in Karachi & Lahore. In this regard please fill the following and submit to registered address of the Company at least 10 days before holding of the meeting.

The video facility will be provided only if the Company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at Karachi or Lahore, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to date of meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

The Company will intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility at least 5 days before	the
date of meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.	

I/we Limited holder of	_ of	, being a member of Pakistan Telecommunication Com Ordinary Shares(s) as per Registered Folio No hereby op	
video conference fac	cility at _	oralinary smares(s) as per registered rollo res nereby op	. 101

Signature of member

### 8. Audited Financial Statements through Electronic Transmission

The SECP vide SRO No. 470(1)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 has provided an option for shareholders to receive audited financial statements along with notice of annual general meeting electronically through CD/DVD/USB/email instead of receiving the same in hard copies. Hence, members who are interested in receiving the annual reports and notice of annual general meeting electronically in future are required to submit their email addresses and consent for electronic transmission to the share registrar. The consent form in this regard is available on Company's official website www.ptcl.com.pk.

## TWENTY SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

### 9. Deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend

The following information is being disseminated for information of the members in accordance with the instructions of the SECP promulgated vide its Circular No. 19/2014 of October 24, 2014;

- (i) The Government of Pakistan through Finance Act has made certain amendments in section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 whereby different rates are prescribed for deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the companies. These tax rates are as under:
  - (a) For filers of income tax returns: 12.5%
  - (b) For non-filers of income tax returns: 20.0%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 12.5% instead of 20%, all the shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Tax-pavers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the date for payment of future cash dividend otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted as per the rates prescribed by the authority.

- (ii) For any further query / problem / information, the investors may contact Company's Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi (Ph. # +9221- 34380101 and +9221-34380102. Email: info.shares@famco.com.pk).
- (iii) The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number ("NTN") updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to Company or its Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers.



# STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 160 1(b) OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984

This Statement sets out the material fact concerning Special Business to be transacted at the twenty second Annual General Meeting of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited (the "Company") to be held on April 27, 2017.

Pursuant to the provisions of the SRO No. 470(1)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP"), the Company is required to obtain the approval of its shareholders for transmission of its annual audited accounts through CD/DVD/USB instead of transmitting the same in hard copies. Accordingly, the following draft resolution with or without amendments has been proposed for approval of the shareholders in the general meeting.

Resolved that the Company Secretary be and is hereby authorised to transmit the annual audited accounts of the Company along with the notice of the Annual General Meeting to the shareholders through CD/DVD/USB instead of transmitting the said accounts in hard copies as per the consent of the shareholder.

The Directors of the Company have no direct or indirect interest in the special business. The special business is only proposed to comply with the relevant provisions of the SRO issued by the SECP.

# **NOTES**



# FORM OF PROXY PAKISTAN TELECOMMUNICATION COMPANY LIMITED



being a member of Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited, and a holder of \_\_\_\_\_ Ordinary Shares as per Share Register Folio No. \_\_\_\_\_\_ and / or CDC Participant 1.D. No. hereby appoint Mr./Mrs./Miss\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ as my / our proxy to vote for me / us and on my / our behalf at the Twenty Second Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, April 27, 2017 at 10:30 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof. Signed this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2017. Five Rupees Revenue stamp For beneficial owners as per CDC List. 1. Witness 2. Witness Signature Signature Name\_\_\_\_ Name\_\_\_\_ Address Address CNIC No. \_ CNIC No. or Passport No. or Passport No.

### Notes:

- i) The proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- ii) The instrument appointing a proxy must be duly stamped, signed and deposited at the office of the Company Secretary PTCL, Headquarters, Sector G-8/4, Islamabad, not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting.
- iii) Signature of the appointing member should match with his / her specimen signature registered with the Company.
- iv) If a proxy is granted by a member who has deposited his / her shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, the proxy must be accompanied with participant's ID number and account / sub-account number along with attested copies of the Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or the Passport of the beneficial owner. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.

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	AFFIX CORRECT POSTAGE	
	To,	
	The Company Secretary, Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited PTCL Headquarters, Sector G-8/4, Islamabad-44000	
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# FORM OF PROXY

Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited



عمومی حصه تعدادهم (شیرز)	ماکن بحثیت ممبر پاکستان ٹیلی کمیونیکیش سمپنی لمبیٹ <b>ر ،</b> حامل
، اپنی حگه مسمی امسات	درچ شده فولیو نمبرای ڈی سی(CDC) اکاؤنٹ نمبر
—— کو بطور مختار (پراکسی ) مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہ وہ میری جگہاہ	ساكن
و . ورفحار رپر ہاں کہ کرد رہا ہوں ہوں یوں یا کہ دہ ہیری مبدہا۔ پریل <u>2017ء</u> پروز جمعرات بوقت 10:30 بجے صبح منعقد ہور ہاہے یااس کے ملتو	
	یرن رئے جن کے 22 ویں شالانہ ہوا جاتا ہے، بو بمارن کا ہے۔ ندہ اجلاس میں شرکت کرسکیں اور ووٹ ڈال سکیں۔
مورخد:	نده اجلاس میں سرنت کر میں اور ووٹ ڈال میں۔
جگہ برائے 5 روپے کے رسیدی ٹکٹ اوراُن پر جھے دار کے درج شدہ (رجسڑ ڈ) دستخذ	
	گوامان:
.2	.1
	وشخط:
_ نام گواه :	نام گواه :
	:*************************************
 شناختی کارڈ 1 پاسپورٹ نمبر:	شناختی کارڈ / پاسپورٹ نمبر:

المكاف المحالية المحا	
سمپنی سکریژری پاکستان ٹیلی کمیونیکیشن کمپنی لمیٹڈ پی ٹی سی ایل، ہیڈ کواٹرز، سکٹر 4/8-G اسلام آباد-44000 پاکستان	
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